The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 5126 —VOL. XXXIV. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1853. PRICE, THREEPENCE.

PARRAMATTA RACES.

THE EMU, steam packet, every morning, at 10 o'clock. Phœnix Wharf, October 22. 3379

STEAMER TO WOLLONGONG.

THE WILLIAM IV. leaves Sydney every TUESDAY NIGHT at 8 o'clock. and SATURDAY MORNING at 8 o'clock. Starting from Woollongong every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 3 p.m. Phœnix Wharf, Erskine-street. 13580

STEAM TO THE HUNTER.

THE THISTLE for Morpeth, This Evening, at 10 P.M. FREDERICK TERRY, Assistant Manager. A.S.N. Co.'s Wharf, October 25 3781

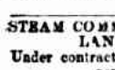
STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
For Passage only
Loading at the Flour Company's Wharf.
Sails This Day, at 5 P.M. precisely.
Passengers' luggage to be on board by 2 o'clock.

THE magnificent and very powerful new steamship, SIR JOHN HARVEY, 700 tons, 450 horse power, Robert Mailler (late of the Fettercairn), commander. Intending passengers are particularly requested to inspect the accommodations of this beautiful ship: the cabin saloons and state rooms are large and elegant, and every arrangement has been adopted to secure the health, comfort, and convenience of passengers. The second cabin and also the steerage will be found in every respect most comfortable. Passengers and cargo will be landed on the Melbourne Wharf free of all charge. For passage apply on board; or to BUYERS and LEARMONTH. Church Hill. 3570

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

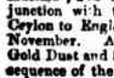
THE A. S. N. Company's iron steamer SHAMROCK, J. J. Warner, commander, will be despatched as above, on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, leaving the Company's Wharf at 3 P.M. precisely. FREDERICK TERRY, Assistant Manager. A. S. N. Company's Wharf, 25th October. Receipt of cargo will commence on Wednesday, 26th instant, at 9 A.M., and no bonded goods can be received. 3782

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ENGLAND VIA CEYLON.
Under contract with H.M. Government for conveyance of Mails.



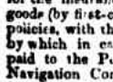
THE Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's screw steam-ship CRUSAN, 750 tons, Henry Down, commander, is expected to arrive here about the 13th November, with the English mails for September, and will again be despatched for Singapore via Ceylon, touching at Port Phillip, Adelaide, and King George's Sound, in conjunction with the Company's steamer from Ceylon to England via Egypt, about the 19th November. A reduction in the freight of Gold Dust and Specie has been made in consequence of the steamer proceeding direct to Galle, the passage home being reduced to about 57 days. Arrangements have been completed for the insurance of gold dust, treasure, and goods (by first-class steamers), covered by open policies, with the chief Companies in London, by which in case of loss the amount will be paid to the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, and by them handed over to the parties entitled to receive it. For rates of passage money, freight and insurance of goods, gold dust, and treasure to ports of Australia, Java, China, India, France, and England, and all other information connected with the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, apply to J. S. SPARKE, Superintendent.
Offices, 490, George-street, Sydney, Oct. 24. 3698

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS TO AND FROM WOLLONGONG.



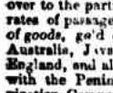
THE packet schooner ELIZABETH COHEN will leave for Wollongong this day, Tuesday, at 4 P.M. Shoobert's Mount Keira Coal Wharf, Erskine-street, south side. 3803

FOR KIAMA—A REGULAR TRADER.



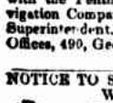
THE clipper schooner VISION will sail for the above port this day. Will leave the Wharf at four o'clock. For freight or passage apply to JOHN C. WILLIAMS, Erskine-street. 3697

FOR MORPETH, HUNTER RIVER.



THE regular trader PHŒNICIAN is now loading at the Bethel Wharf, and will be despatched at once. Goods taken at a low rate of freight. Apply to ANDREW WILSON, 474, George-street. 3784

FOR MORPETH (Hunter River).
Calling at Newcastle and Raymond Terrace.



THE CUMBERLAND, Smith, master, this evening. JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 1337

FOR MORUYA RIVER AND BROULEE.

THE fast-sailing schooner DOVE, 40 tons, Baster, master, will sail for the above port on Thursday next. For freight or passage apply on board; or to HENRY CLARKE, Union Wharf. 3228

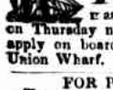
FOR PORT MACQUARIE.

THE regular trader LIBERTY, Spain, master, on Thursday next, at 6 P.M. For freight or passage apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 1335

FOR CLARENCE RIVER.

THE brigantine MARION, 100 tons, Ellis, master, to-morrow. JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 1336

FOR MORETON BAY.
To sail on Thursday, the 27th instant.



THE first-class brig BROTHERS, John Allen, commander, being unavoidably detained, will positively sail as above. For freight or passage apply to HARRIS AND BARLOW, Kellick's Wharf. 3610

FOR WIDE BAY,

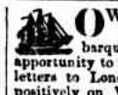
THE new brig BURNETT, Captain Pringle, purchased expressly for this trade, will proceed on her maiden trip in a few days. She is lying at the Commercial Wharf, and will commence taking in cargo on Monday next, 24th instant. For freight or passage apply to A. B. SPARK, King-street, Commercial Wharf. 3311

FOR WIDE BAY.

THE splendid clipper brigantine JENNY LIND, 200 tons, Prout, commander, now filling up, will sail about Thursday next. Her accommodations for passengers are unrivalled in the trade. Apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 1334

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,
For passengers only.

THE clipper brig MARIA, David Gourlay, commander, will sail to-morrow. For passage only apply to Captain Gourlay, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 3340



OWING to the mail of steamer Great Britain arriving, the barque ALERT offers a favourable opportunity to merchants in writing the return letters to London, as the said ship will sail positively on Wednesday morning, the 26th instant. 1327

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.
Going to the wharf without lightering.

THE splendid first-class clipper brig GIL BLAS, 175 tons register, C. Wolff, commander, now fast loading, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, beds and bedding found, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, SIMMONDS, AND CO., successors to Sheppard and Alger, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 3499

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.
Landing every package on the Wharf, without lighterage.

THE first-class brig CLARENDON, W. H. Pockley, commander, is now ready to receive cargo, and having a large portion engaged, will have immediate despatch. For steerage passage or freight, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to B. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 439, George street. 3533

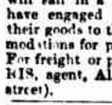
Southern Cross Liners.
THE BONNIE DOON.
FOR MELBOURNE, DIRECT TO THE WHARF.

THE favourite first-class packet barque BONNIE DOON, J. M'Lean, (late of the Melbourne Packet) commander. This fine barque is now alongside the Flour Company's Wharf loading. Her splendid accommodations, ladies' saloons, &c., are worthy inspection. For travellers desiring comfort this is an eligible opportunity. For freight, cabin, or steerage passage apply to the commander on board, or to HENRY FISHER, Southern Cross Liner Melbourne, Geelong, Launceston, and Adelaide Packet Office. October 18. 2700

FOR MELBOURNE.
Never lighters.

THE well-known favourite barque, EMMA, 191 tons, Kelly, master, now fast loading, will sail in a few days. Those parties who have engaged freight are requested to get their goods to the wharf at once. Her accommodations for passengers are very comfortable. For freight or passage apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 1333

FOR LAUNCESTON DIRECT.
For a few tons light freight only.

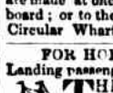


THE fine barque AMELIA, 191 tons, Captain Birkenshaw, now fast filling up, will sail positively Saturday next. Shippers are requested to complete their engagements at once, to prevent disappointment. She has excellent accommodations for passengers. Apply to the commander on board, or to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 1331

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS TO ADELAIDE and Swan River.

THE brig THAMES is fast filling up. Shippers are requested to complete their shipments to prevent disappointment. Room for four cabin and a few steerage passengers. Apply for freight or passage to the commander on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to the owner, HENRY FISHER, 480, George-street.
October 18. 2699

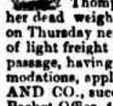
HEATHER BELL FOR AUCKLAND.



SHIPPERS are requested to complete their shipments, and pass entries on Monday, as the vessel will positively sail on Wednesday. For cabin or steerage passage apply on board; or to J. S. MACFARLANE, Miller's Wharf, October 22. 3577

At Botts' Wharf.
FOR AUCKLAND.

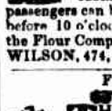
THE first-class packet barque GALATEA, 346 tons, J. B. Thompson, commander, is now ready to receive cargo, and having the greater part of her freight engaged, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAM WRIGHT, Lower Fort street. 3574



FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT.

THE fast-sailing first-class schooner WATERLILY, 155 tons register, Hayes, commander, having a great portion of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply on board, at Botts' Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, SIMMONDS, and Co., successors to Sheppard and Alger, Packet Office, 480, George-street. Bedding, wines, beers, &c., found free of extra charge, as usual with this favourite clipper trader. 3502

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT.



THE WALTER MORRICE, 700 tons, David Morrice, commander, will be despatched for the above port in a few days. For freight or passage apply to LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO., Agents. 1202

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT.
Under charter to return forthwith.

THE fine well known clipper ship JESSIE BYRNE, 600 tons, John Baker, master. This ship being under charter will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to Captain Baker, on board, at Circular Quay; or to THORNTON AND CHURCH, Macquarie-place. 893

FIRST VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT.
A regular trader.

THE splendid first class fast sailing brig, ALGERINE, 160 tons, Alfred Brooks, commander, now fast loading, and will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having unrivalled accommodations for cabin or steerage passengers, apply on board at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to LAIDLEY, SIMMONDS, and CO., successors to Sheppard and Alger, Packet Office, 480, George-street.

FOR THE MAURITIUS DIRECT.

THE fine fast-sailing brig CHESHIRE WITCH, 150 tons register, Edward Helden, commander, now arrived from Geelong, will sail with immediate despatch. For a few tons of freight, or cabin passage only, apply on board; or to LAIDLEY, SIMMONDS, AND CO., successors to Sheppard and Alger, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 3500

FOR THE MAURITIUS DIRECT.
with immediate despatch.

THE fine fast sailing schooner BALKAN, 191 tons register. W. Wainwright, commander. For freight or passage apply to Messrs. THACKER AND CO., 541, George-street. 13420

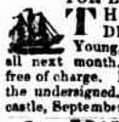
FOR LONDON,

THE frigate-built ship ELLENBOROUGH, 1031 tons register, Robert Thornhill, R.E.I.C.S., commander. This splendid ship has a full poop and lofty 'tween decks fitted with spacious and well ventilated accommodations for passengers, as when in the Calcutta trade, and carries an experienced surgeon. For freight or passage apply to YOUNG AND CO., or to J. B. METCALFE. 3328

FOR LONDON DIRECT,
For Light Freight, Gold, and Passengers only,

THE fine fast-sailing A1 clipper barque STRATFORD, James Forrest, commander, having the whole of her dead weight on board, and the chief portion of her wool engaged, will sail about the 20th proximo. For freight or passage apply to Captain Forrest, on board, at Campbell's Wharf; or to AGARS and STABLER, Kent-street North. October 22. 3378

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

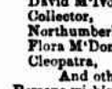


THE A1 ship LORD DELEVAL, 500 tons, Charles Young, commander, will be ready in all next month. Wool stored in Newcastle free of charge. For freight or passage apply to the undersigned. GEORGE TULLY. Newcastle, September 30. 285

PASSAGES from HOME.—The BLACK BALL LINE of Australian Packets sail twice a month from Liverpool and London for Adelaide, Geelong, Melbourne, and Sydney.

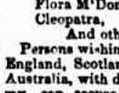
	Tons.	
Marco Polo,	2500,	J. N. Forbes
Indian Queen,	1800,	C. Mills
Golden Age,	2000,	— Newlands
El Dorado,	1800,	W. Jackson
Maria,	2000,	J. Gardyne
David M'Ivor,	1800,	R. Baillie
Collector,	1500,	A. Cranston
Northumberland,	1500,	J. Finlay
Flora M'Donald,	1500,	— Gardiner
Cleopatra,	1500,	J. Chapman

And other first-class vessels.
Persons wishing to bring their friends from England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales, to Australia, with despatch, comfort, and economy, can secure passages by the above well-known line of packet ships, by paying the amount of the passage-money to the undersigned. These splendid ships are all first-class at Lloyd's, strongly built, and have made the quickest passages to these colonies. The accommodation for passengers is unsurpassed; they are provisioned in the best manner, and carry qualified surgeons.
Sums of money can be remitted home through the undersigned, who grant drafts upon their agents in England, payable at sight. For further particulars apply to
WILLIS, MERRY, AND CO., Sydney.
WILLIS, MERRY, AND CO., Melbourne.
BINGLE AND SON, Newcastle.
JAMES BAINES AND CO., Liverpool.
JOHN JAFFRAY, AND CO., London.



WANTED, to purchase or charter, a brig or brigantine, of about 150 tons register, nearly new and in good repair, and that can be sent to sea immediately; she must also be adapted for carrying stock, and not of too heavy a draft of water. Apply to G. W. SCHRODER, Charlston's Hotel; or to Mr. FORD, Custom House Agent, Bridge-street. 3702

BARQUE INO.



FOR freight or charter, the fine fast-sailing barque INO, 228 tons register. Apply on board, to Captain Milne; or to JAMES MALCOLM, 567, George-street. 24th October. 3347

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, VIA TAHITI.
To sail on the 30th instant.
THE INDIANOLA, for San Francisco, can accommodate a few cabin and steerage passengers, by applying at the office of the undersigned, on or before Thursday next. F. W. CLARK AND CO., 6, Jamison-street. 3763

FRENCH SHIP. SOUNDARY.
BOTTOMRY.
THE Sum of Eighteen Hundred Pounds sterling being required to effect certain repairs to the French ship Soundary, sealed tenders from parties wishing to lend the above sum upon bottomry of the said ship, will be received at the office of the French Consul, King-street, until Thursday next the 27th instant, at twelve o'clock. A draft of the bond is deposited at the French Consulate, and can be examined daily, from 12 o'clock until 2 o'clock. Sydney, 20th October. 3471

SHIP ANNE MARY.
ALL Accounts against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate by noon, this day, to GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, and CO., Exchange Buildings. 3768

BARQUE BLACKFRIAR, from London.
CONSIGNEES of Goods by this vessel are informed that she will discharge at the Circular Wharf, and are requested to pass all entries at once. Entries will be passed for all goods impeding the discharge, as they come to hand, and the goods landed and stored at Consignees' expense and risk. The ship will not be liable for any loss of, or damage to, cargo after being landed. GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, and CO., Agents.

FRENCH SHIP SOUNDARY.
CERTAIN repairs being required to the French ship Soundary, sealed Tenders from parties willing to contract for the performance of the said repairs will be received on or before Wednesday next, the 26th instant, at noon, at the office of the French Consul, King-street.
For further particulars of the repairs required, and the conditions of the contract, apply at the French Consul's Office.
Sydney, October 20. 3494

OWNERS and Captains of Vessels are respectfully informed that the undersigned have opened a Branch Establishment in Sussex-street, between Erskine and King streets, under the superintendence of Mr. J. Silk. Its proximity to the Albion, Commercial, Union, Flour, and Steam Companies' Wharves, they trust, will ensure a continuance of the favours hitherto bestowed upon them. LANE and CO., Ship Chandlers. 1862

TALAVERA, for London.—A first-class Cabin on board the above-named vessel to be let. Apply to WAUGH AND COX, Booksellers and Stationers, 554, George-street. 3755

CONSIGNEES of vessels requiring repairs at underwriters' expense, and those of damaged merchandise, insured in any of the New York offices, will oblige by giving notice of intended surveys on the same at the office of the undersigned, who are the authorised agents, F. W. CLARKE AND CO., 6, Jamison-street. 11957

SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE OFFICE,
LYONS-BUILDINGS, 567, GEORGE-STREET,
Conducted according to the usage at Lloyd's Marine Surveyor—Captain Malcolm.
Hours of attendance from 10 till 4.
Rates of Premium per cent, by 1st class vessels, (free from average unless general.)

	Guineas.		Guineas.
Wide Bay	2	Nelson	2½
Moreton Bay	1½	Port Otago	2½
Twofold Bay	1	Port Cooper	3
Port Phillip	1½	Great Britain	2
Ditto Steamer	1	China	2½
Adelaide	1½	India	2½
Launceston	1½	Manila	2½
Hobart Town	1	Java	2
Auckland	1½	Mauritius	2
Port Nicholson	2	California	2

N.B.—On goods with particular average, from ¼ to ½ per cent extra.
Time Risks and Whaling Voyages subject to arrangement
Gold and Specie to Europe, 2 per cent,
The usual brokerage of 5 per cent, allowed.
SAMUEL H. SMYTH, Broker.
May 14, 1853. 361

PARKER'S Family Hotel, York-street.—Ladies and gentlemen will find excellent accommodations at this French establishment, on moderate terms. 1324

INFORMATION will be thankfully received by the undersigned respecting his brother EDWARD TILSTON. The said Edward Tilston arrived in the colony in 1832, was for sometime blacksmith in the employ of Hugh Gordon, Esq., of Manar, and left for the Turon on the discovery of gold in 1851, and has not since been heard of. Reports of his death having been circulated, any person knowing particulars is requested to communicate with the undersigned. Should he be yet alive, he will oblige by writing at once to his brother, care of H. Wallace, Esq., Nithsdale, near Braidwood. THOMAS TILSON. 3711

MR. RICHARD W. H. GWYNN.—Messrs. SMITH, CROFT, AND CO. will thank Mr. R. W. H. GWYNN to forward his address to them, having a communication to make to him. 3772

EDWARD TRUNDLE, left England and resided in Sydney as Carpenter about the year 1831 or 1832, at that time about 24 years of age, light complexion; his family were natives of King's Lynn, county of Norfolk, England, engaged in the shoe and leather trades. If alive address to Mr. FREDERICK CANT, 69 and 70, High Holborn, London; or if any information of him can be sent from any other party to the same address it will be thankfully received. 3767

JOHN CARR.—If this should meet the eye of JOHN CARR, whose brother, Joseph, left him at Goulburn Plains, about 14 years ago, with the intention of going to Port Phillip, he may hear of him by applying W. T. WALTER'S, at No. 72, Gold Digger's Rest, King-street West, Sydney. 484

TO STONEMASONS, Carpenters, Joiners, and others.—Tenders are wanted for the whole or any portion of artificers' works required in the erection and completion of Two Cottages at Darlinghurst. The plans and specifications may be seen on application to Mr. JOHN BIBB, Macquarie-street, to whom tenders are to be delivered.
October 24. 3689

NEWS PAPER.—Double Demy—*Herald* size—is required in large quantities for this journal. A high price will be given.

WANTED, as a partner, in the business of printing and publishing a weekly journal (sometime in existence) a qualified literary gentleman, or a practical printer. The capital required will be small, and will give the purchaser a half-interest in everything connected with the establishment since its commencement. Letters addressed to W. H. B., 126, Castlereagh-street, will receive immediate attention. 3801

WANTED, a quantity of one-inch round iron, blasting powder, and iron wheelbarrows. Address, stating particulars, to Mr. PUZEY, Secretary Ophir Copper Mining Company, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street. 3350

WANTED, a pair of iron davits, for a ships' quarter-boat. Apply to the Wharfinger, at Marsden's Wharf, Windmill-street. 3806

WANTED, Teams to Bathurst, by the Ophir Copper Mining Company. Apply to the Secretary, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street. 3391

WANTED, immediately, carriage for a few tons to Penrith. Apply at Cuthbert's Building Yard, near the Gas Wharf, Kent-street, Sydney. To good teams a liberal price will be given. 3796

WANTED to purchase, live Birds of every description, Animals, Insects, Shells, Minerals, and all kinds of natural curiosities, by J. WILCOX, 30, Hunter-street. N.B.—Also, Guns, by the best makers, for which the best cash price will be given. 2000

A RESPECTABLE middle-aged Female may meet with a comfortable home, on very reasonable terms, as the advertiser is in want of a companion. Address "Home," *Herald* Office. 3869

APARTMENTS. — Wanted, by a single Gentleman, Parlour and Bedroom, in a good situation, within a short distance of the Post Office, with or without board. Terms no object. Apply to M. W., *Herald* Office. 3766

WANTED, a Salesman for the Glasgow Boot and Shoe Warehouse, 388, George-street, near the Royal Hotel. To a competent person a liberal salary will be given. 3873

SALESMAN wanted. One accustomed to the Furnishing business preferred. None but thorough business men need apply. References required. Apply this morning, between the hours of 8 and 10, to P. and W. DEAN, at Dean's Furniture Warehouse, City Theatre, Market-street. 2749

TO DRUGGISTS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted immediately, for a Druggist in town, a competent Assistant, who will be willing to make himself generally useful, and who can produce satisfactory references as to honesty, civility, and general business habits. Address by letter to R. M., *Herald* Office.

TO GROCERS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted, by the undersigned, an Assistant in the grocery department. Apply by letter prepaid. CHARLES S. PITT, East Maitland. 3140

WANTED, a Draper's Assistant. None need apply unless an experienced hand. Salary no object, at Waterloo House, 101, King-street. 3850

WANTED, a person of colonial experience, unmarried, to assist in the management of a station in the interior, of active habits, a good rider, and understanding stock; also, a Groom and Stockman, to act as either, as may be required. Apply to A. B. SPARK, King-street, Commercial Wharf. 3524

OVERSEER WANTED.—Wanted, a respectable person, able to keep accounts, as a working overseer, for an agricultural and stock establishment. Apply by letter to A. B., *Herald* Office, stating name, residence, salary required, and references as to character and qualifications. 3110

DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted several thoroughly competent Assistants and active juniors, an intelligent youth as Cashier, and two or three young ladies accustomed to the business. Also a Strong Lad as Light Porter. Apply to T. COOK AND COMPANY, 241, George-street South. 1328

MANTLE HANDS.—Wanted some good workers at the above business. Fresh arrivals preferred. Also a Dress-maker. Apply to Madames LEWIS and LANGRIDGE, Mantle and Dress Makers, Riley-street, South Head Road, opposite Ebenezer Chapel. 3774

WANTED, a steady, sober, and active man, as Storekeeper. One accustomed to bottling and packing wine will be preferred. J. R. HARRISON, Charlotte-place. 1317

WANTED, a young man to work in the Stores of the undersigned. J. S. ARMITAGE AND CO., King-street. 3695

WANTED, a Storeman. An industrious and sober man, who has been accustomed to work in a store in Sydney, may hear of a situation, by applying at the office of Messrs. BENJAMIN AND MOSES, opposite the Post Office, George-street. 3815

WANTED, immediately, Three Carpenters and Two Labourers. Apply to JOHN S. BRADRIDGE, Builder, &c., 104, Elizabeth-street South. 3797

WANTED, for the Lane Cove Steam Saw Mills, an experienced American Sawyer. Apply at Mr. HODGSON'S, Miles' Buildings, Cumberland-street. 1322

WANTED, at PALMER and VIAL'S, Coachmakers, Castlereagh-street, two Painters, one Blacksmith, and one Trimmer. 3642

TO BOOKBINDERS. — A good workman (a vellum binder), and a young man who has some practical knowledge of the trade, and who may be desirous of improving himself, may hear of constant employment at the undersigned's. WILLIAM MOFFITT, 301, Pitt-street. 1344

TO JOURNEYMEN TAILORS.—Wanted, immediately, two general hands, to proceed to Moreton Bay. To steady men and good tradesmen liberal wages will be given, and the expenses to their destination paid. Apply to Mr. THOMPSON, at D. Jones and Co.'s 3159

WANTED, two first-rate Farriers, to whom the highest wages will be given and constant employment. Apply to A. GRIBBEN AND SONS, Elizabeth-street, Veterinary and Farriery Establishment. 3790

WANTED, a good Blacksmith. The best wages will be given to a good workman. Apply to JAMES SMITH, Kent-street. 3826

WANTED, a Blacksmith. A good tradesman, who is steady and sober, will get constant employment. Apply to A. C. DAVISON AND CO., Phillip-street. 3870

TO BRICKMAKERS. — Wanted, steady workmen, good hands, 45s. per 1000; if market price is above six pounds, delivered, 50s. per 1000; above seven pounds, 60s. Rent of cottage, 3s. per week. JOHN GARSED, Newtown. 969

WANTED, a respectable young person as Needlewoman in a private family; one of quiet habits and newly-arrived will be preferred. Apply to W. B. HAIGH, Registry Office for the Unemployed, 481, George-street. 3787

WANTED, an able Porter.—Apply to FRANCK, BROTHERS, AND GANS, 21, Macquarie-place. 3692

WANTED, an active, steady Man; also, a Boy, about twelve years of age. Apply to the Toll Gate Keeper, Rushcutter's Bay. 3684

OFFICE BOY.—Wanted, an intelligent boy, about 12 or 15 years of age. Apply to the undersigned, between 9 and 10 o'clock A.M. W. J. LENNON, 356, Pitt-street. 3759

AN active Lad wanted, at Mr. A. DREUTLER'S, Wynyard-street. 3849

WANTED, an active Lad, to make himself generally useful. Apply immediately to SAMUEL DAVIS AND CO., Watchmakers, &c., 491, George-street. 3683

WANTED, a strong active Lad or young Man, well acquainted with the grocery business, for a country store. Good character indispensable. No one need apply who is afraid of work. J. FRAZER, Patent Slip Stores, Sussex-street. 3631

WANTED, a Man to act as Groom and make himself generally useful in a slaughter-house. Apply at Messrs. SULLIVAN and HASSALL'S, before 10 o'clock. 3823

WANTED, a Man to attend to two horses, and make himself generally useful. Apply to H. MITCHELL, Baker, Kent-street North. 3816

WANTED, a Man and his Wife, in a small family, the man as Gardener, and to make himself otherwise useful; the wife as Cook and Laundress. To a steady couple this would be a comfortable situation, and liberal wages given. Apply to THOMAS TAYLOR, George-street. 3705

WANTED, a Man to drive a cab. Apply at Woollet's Horse Repository, George-street. 1352

WANTED, a Waiter. Apply at the Café Parisien, Pitt-street. 3682

WANTED, a female Servant, to make herself generally useful; also a young girl who can work at her needle. Apply at Wallis-buildings, Fort-street, opposite Mr. Robert Campbell's. 1350

WANTED, for a family in the country, a female to act as general servant. Apply to MISS CAMPBELL, Lower George-street. 1326

WANTED, a general House Servant. Apply to Stockton House, No. 151, Prince-street. 3805

WANTED, a few good hands to assist in driving stock to Adelaide. Character will be required. Apply to Mr. WM. REID, Masonic Lodge, York-street. 3309

TO DAIRYMEN.—Wanted, a quiet Cow, in full milk; one which has recently calved, and accustomed to the town, will be preferred. Apply to Mrs. ELLIOTT, at the Australian Library, Bent-street. 3825

WANTED, a good Man Cook; to a competent person liberal wages will be given. Also, a Man Cook and Barmaid, for an inn, 40 miles from Sydney. Apply at the Registry Office, WOOD and WHITE, 319, Castlereagh-street North. 3822

WANTED, a Man and his Wife to live in the country, and to divide the work of the house between them, and also a Man or Lad, who has been accustomed to a boat, and who, when not so employed, would make himself generally useful. Testimonials of good character indispensable. Enquire, between the hours of 10 and 11, of Mr. SPAIN, 383, George-street. 2089

WANTED, a Man to drive a team; also, a Ploughman, and two farm Labourers. Early application is requested to Mr. WILLIAM NATION, No. 3, Gloucester-street, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, to-day, October 25. 1351

WANTED, a Man who can milk a cow, drive a horse, and make himself generally useful; also a married couple for the country, at an inn—he man to cook and wait, and the woman as housemaid and laundress. Apply to R. FAWCETT, Lower George-street. 3261

WANTED, a Man who understands the putting together of English Chairs. Wages liberal to a sober hand. Apply at Dean's Furniture Warehouse, City Theatre, Market-street. 2748

WANTED, two or three able-bodied men, at the Wool-washing Establishment of Messrs. PRINCE, BRAY, AND OGG, Botany. Apply this morning, between 9 and 10 o'clock, at the Office in George-street. October 25. 3765

WANTED, for the Moreton Bay District, Six Men as Shepherds, and to make themselves generally useful on the station. One or two married couples would not be objected to. Apply to Messrs. THACKER AND CO., 541, George-street. 2925

WANTED, by the undersigned, a stout active lad, as Messenger. Application to be made between the hours of six and seven this evening (Thursday). H. HAYES and CO., 416, George-street. 3048

LAW.—A Gentleman (admitted) would be happy to render his services for a twelvemonth, with a view of ultimately joining a respectable practitioner in Sydney or the adjacent neighbourhood. Address H., Messrs. Jones and James, Hunter-street. 3685

TO CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
THE Advertiser, who has been upwards of seven years in the above line in Sydney, and has a thorough knowledge of his business, and could likewise bring a good connection, is now open for an engagement in a first-class establishment. For reference, &c., address DELTA, *Herald* Office. 3871

TO FARMERS, STOCKOWNERS, AND OTHERS.
WANTED, by two single young men, situations up the country—thoroughly understand the management of stock in all its branches—are good riders, and competent to break in young horses, for which satisfactory evidence can be adduced, and good references given. Apply by letter to BUSHMAN, *Herald* Office. 3877

A YOUNG Man of business habits and small capital can join the advertiser in a money making concern, if application is made at once to A B., *Herald* Office. 3867

WANTED, by a young Man, who has had eighteen months' experience in an Auction Mart, a situation as Clerk, either to take down sales, or to assist in a general agent's office. Salary not so much an object as a situation where the advertiser may perfect himself as an accountant. Apply by letter, address, T. B., Bridge street, will be attended to. Reference unexceptionable. 3699

WANTED, by a respectable Married Woman, a situation as Wet Nurse. Apply to Mrs. EGAN, Clarence-street, opposite the Blue Lion Inn. 1346

£50 REWARD. — Stolen or strayed, from Glenroy, near Hartley, in October last, a roan Entire, rising four years old, broken to saddle and harness, about 16 hands high, three white feet, white face, branded J shoulder. If stolen, the above reward will be paid on conviction of the thief or thieves; and if strayed, £5 will be paid on delivery of the said entire to the undersigned. WILLIAM MACDERMOTT. Glen Roy, Hartley, October 13. P.S.—The entire was bred by John Cosgrove, near the head of the Abercrombry River. 3680

£3 REWARD.—Stolen or Strayed from Burrandong, on or about the 1st September, one cream-coloured horse Pony, branded GV on the near shoulder, black mane and tail; also one bay mare, with white star on the forehead, white across nostrils, and white hind fetlock, branded LW on shoulder. A reward of three pounds will be paid by the undersigned on delivery of the animals, or thirty shillings on delivery of either of them to him, at Burrandong. JOSEPH RAMSAY. 3282

REGENTVILLE.—£3 reward will be paid for such information as will lead to the punishment of the persons who wilfully destroyed the coping of the stone bridge leading to Regentville House. W. J. GIBBES, Newtown. October 20. 3175

£2 REWARD.—To Constables and others.—John Stephens, alias Marshall or Wilson, having absconded from my service on the night of October 22, I hereby offer the above reward to any person who may cause him to be apprehended. A warrant is issued for his apprehension. General remarks.—Age 17 years; eyes grey; complexion brown; hair cropped very short; walks very awkward. JOHN BRYAN, Brick merchant, Parramatta-street. 3691

£1 REWARD.—Strayed, from Mr. David Hannan's, Cook's River, a dark bay Filly, black points, two years old. Any person bringing the same to my place will receive the above reward. 3731

STOLEN or strayed from Yalcoogreen, Castlereagh River, about the latter end of July last, a Chesnut Mare, with flaxen mane and tail, about 15 hands high, white blaze down the face, branded JN off shoulder and 4 near side ribs, with a chesnut horse foal by her side, with white on face and two hind feet white, branded J on near shoulder. Also, a black mare, star on forehead, one hind foot white, branded JN on off shoulder, J on near shoulder, with a chesnut filly foal by her side, white blaze on face, one hind foot white, branded J on near shoulder. If strayed, a reward of £2 each will be given on delivery to JOSEPH TURNER, Dubbo, and if stolen £3 each will be paid on conviction of the thief or thieves. 3709

FOUND, a piece of a Gold Chain, with two keys and small seal with initials. Any party claiming the same will please apply to Mr. J. C. WHITE, Mort's Rooms. 3792

SOME time ago a person on his way to the diggings left a Horse of the undermentioned description in my charge:—A Bay Horse, small star in the forehead, both hind fetlocks white, branded O on the near shoulder. If he is not released within fourteen days from the date of this, he will be sold to pay expenses. JOSEPH D. MORLEY, Gundagai. October 7. 3283

BOARD and Residence.—One or two gentlemen can be received into a quiet family on moderate terms, within a few minutes' walk of the Post Office. Apply to Mrs. PIDDING, Viles-buildings, Kent-street North. 3821

BOARD and Residence.—A few persons of respectability can be received on moderate terms at 68, York-street. 3559

BOARD and Residence.—Superior accommodation for a Lady and Gentleman, or two Gentlemen, in a respectable family residing in Woollomooloo, within fifteen minutes' walk of the Post Office. Address, X., *Herald* Office. 3707

BOARD and Residence.—A vacancy for two respectable young men, in separate rooms, in a pleasantly situated cottage, close to Botany-street, Old South Head Road. No children or other lodgers. The terms are moderate, and the omnibus passes every quarter of an hour. Apply to M. M., Messrs. WAUGH AND COX, (late W. and F. Ford), Stationers, George-street. 1343

BOARD and Residence.—Gentlemen can be accommodated at Mrs. SMITH'S Private Boarding Establishment, No. 99, top of Hunter-street, near Macquarie-street 3848

NEW Arrivals and others.—Accommodation for a few respectable young men may be obtained by applying at the Horse and Jockey Hotel, corner of Hunter and O'Connell streets. 3832

A RESPECTABLE young Man can be accommodated with Board and Residence within ten minutes' walk of the Post Office. For terms, &c., apply at Mr. WICKER'S, next door to

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
CAPITAL ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.
REDUCED SCALE OF PREMIUMS:—

	Per annum. Per cent. s. d.
Slated brick or stone buildings detached	5 0
Ditto ditto ditto contiguous	7 6
Ditto ditto ditto ditto to inferior Buildings	10 0
Shingled ditto ditto detached	10 0
Ditto ditto ditto contiguous	12 6
Inferior buildings	15s. and 17 6

Vessels in harbour with or without warrantry to repair and ships building:
Hazardous risks subject to special arrangement.
Losses by lightning made good.
The AGENTS have authority to ADJUST and PAY all claims in SYDNEY, and on this purpose have a credit on the UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA to any extent required.
It is also provided by condition No. 7, in each Policy, that "*If any dispute shall arise between the Assured and the Company, respecting the amount of any loss or damage, the same shall be submitted to Arbitrators indifferently chosen, whose award in writing shall be conclusive and binding on both parties;*" and which course of proceeding will be followed by referring the matter in dispute to Arbitrators resident in Sydney.
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO., Spring-street, Sydney. Agents.

☞ N.B.—In case of Fire, parties are requested to give notice to Mr. T. J. Bown, Engineer, No. 386, George-street, Superintendent of the Fire Brigade, in whose premises the Engine is kept. 410

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1836; empowered by Acts of Parliament.
DIRECTORS IN SYDNEY.
The Hon. Sir Charles Nicholson, M.L.C., Chairman.
John Gilchrist, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
G. K. Holden, Esq. | Wm. Walker, Jun., Esq.
Edward Knox, Esq. | Jos. Soaldo Willis, Esq.
Swinton Boult, Esq., Secretary to the Company.
MEDICAL REFEREES.
John Macfarlane, M.D. | Arthur M. A'Beckett, Esq.
BANKERS.
The Bank of Australasia.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs. Norton, Son, and Barker.
Manager of the Fire Department—George King, Esq.
Surveyor—Francis H. Grundy, Esq., C.E.
Resident Secretary—Robert Styles, Esq.

CAPITAL AND RESOURCES.—The amount of Capital subscribed exceeds £1,500,000.

	£ s. d.
Capital paid up, and in course of payment	198,072 10 0
Accumulated Funds of the Company	398,153 4 9
	£596,225 14 9

The Liability of the Proprietors is declared by the Company's Acts of Parliament to be unlimited.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.
RATES OF PREMIUM.
1st Class. Buildings occupied as dwelling-houses and counting-houses only, from 3s. to 7s. 6d. per cent.
2nd Class. Buildings occupied for purposes of trade as well as of residence, from 5s. to 10s. 6d. per cent.
3rd Class. Buildings occupied exclusively for the storeage of merchandise, from 7s. 6d. to 13s. 6d. per cent.
Floating policies, 15s. per cent.
Goods insured at the same rates as the buildings in which they are contained.
Special risks taken by agreement.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.
PREMIUMS TO INSURE £100, PAYABLE AT DEATH.

Age.	Without Bonus.	With guaranteed Bonus	Within 1 year.	Within 7 years.	Within 5 years.	Premiums to cease in 10 years.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
20	1 13 7	1 19 0	1 0 3	1 2 6	7 12 11	4 5 1
30	2 2 6	2 9 3	1 6 1	1 6 9	8 3 4	4 19 11
40	2 16 3	3 5 6	1 11 5	1 14 2	10 10 2	6 18 11
50	3 19 8	4 12 7	2 3 8	2 10 1	12 8 11	7 1 8
60	6 1 6	7 1 3	3 13 9	4 9 5	15 5 3	9 2 10

The rates for other ages and other scales, and every information, may be obtained on application at the Office of the Company.
GEORGE KING,
Manager of the Fire Department.
ROBERT STYLES,
3332 Resident Secretary.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE.
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed agents for the above Company, and have received instructions to issue Policies on specie or produce, not exceeding in any one vessel, £20,000 on specie, or £15,000 on produce, from Sydney to Great Britain, India, and China, payable in case of loss, at the option of the Assured, as under, viz.:
In China, by Messrs. Jardine, Matheson, and Co.
" London, by Messrs. Matheson and Co.
" Calcutta, Messrs. Jardine, Skinner, and Co.
" Bombay, by Messrs. Remington, and Co.
" Manila, by Messrs. B. A. Barretto and Co.
" Singapore, by Messrs. John Purvis and Co.
And in Sydney by the undersigned.
Rates of Premium per cent, by first-class vessels (free from average, unless general).

	Guineas.		Guineas.
Great Britain	2	India	2½
China	2½	Java	2
Manila	2½	Ceylon	2
Singapore	2	Mauritius	2

N.B. Goods insured with particular average, from ¼ to ½ per cent. extra.
THACKER AND CO.,
2437 541, George-street.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY,
353, Pitt-street, Sydney.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Holt, Junior, Esq., Chairman,
M. E. Murnin, Esq., Deputy Chairman,
F. Ebsworth, Esq. Dr. James Mitchell
M. Metcalfe, Esq. W. H. Christie, Esq.
MEDICAL REFEREE.
A. M. A'Beckett, Esq.

THIS Institution issues Policies on lives, from £50 to £2000; immediate and deferred annuities, and endowments (sums payable to children on their attaining a certain age). The premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, or quarterly, at the option of the assured.
No entrance fee is required. The only expense beyond the premiums being a charge of five shillings policy fee.
Loans made on security of the policies, to the extent of one-half of the premiums.
Parties wishing to surrender their policies will receive the full value of them from the Society.
All the profits are divided amongst the assured.
Every information and facility will be afforded to assurers on application at the Society's Offices, where the necessary forms will be filled up if required, between the hours of 9 and 4 daily.
WILLIAM PERRY,
880 Secreary.

ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, AND AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK.
THE Sydney Branch is now open for the transaction of general business. Bills of Exchange on England purchased and sold, and Local Bills discounted. Discount Days—Mondays and Thursdays, at 2 P.M.
THOMAS A. CARGILL, Manager.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
NOTICE is hereby given that JOHN ALEXANDER, Esq., is a candidate for the office of Director in this Bank, and has given due notice thereof, in terms of the Deed of Settlement.
J. BAILLIE, Secretary.
Sydney, October 12. 2020

BANK AND OTHER SHARES may be obtained upon application to Mr. BARTON, 486, George-street, 4191

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Sydney, October 4, 1853.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Half-Yearly General Meeting of the Proprietors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, George street, on Wednesday, the 26th day of October instant, at noon, to consider the Report of the Board of Directors, to be then made; to elect a Director in the room of William Kirchner, Esq., who retires by rotation; to elect Auditors for the ensuing year; to consider and decide on such other matters and things as may then be brought forward by the Board of Directors relating to the affairs of the Company; and specially to consider the following motion which a Proprietor has given due notice of his intention then to move, viz.:—
That the amount of stock transferable to the London Share Register be extended to one-fourth of the whole Capital Stock of the Bank. That applications for transfer be received by the Board of Directors for the period of one month from the date of the said meeting; and that, in the event of the applications for transfer being in excess of the said limit, the amount transferable be distributed amongst the applicants rateably in proportion to the amount of stock held by them respectively.
By order of the Board of Directors,
J. BAILLIE, Secretary.
By the 45th article of the Deed of Settlement it is provided "That every proprietor who shall become a candidate for the office of Director shall give notice thereof to the Board of Directors, in writing, to be left at the Banking House of the Company, in Sydney, fourteen days at least before the day of Election.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
MAITLAND AND NEWCASTLE BRANCHES.
MR. J. M. SAUNDERS has this day been appointed Manager of the above Branches of this Bank.
By order of the Board of Directors,
J. BAILLIE,
Secretary and Inspector of Colonial Branches. 5513

CHURCH BELLS.
SUBSCRIPTIONS are invited for the completion of Christ Church Tower, in which to hang the peel of bells (now in the colony) given to the parish by the Churchmen of England. The completion of the tower by the parishioners themselves has been hitherto delayed by pressing claims for more important objects, and must still be impracticable, at the present cost of building, unless assisted by contributions from others.
W. H. WALSH, Incumbent,
M. METCALFE, Custom House,
T. WOOLLEY, George street, } Churchwardens.
E. T. BLACKET, Colonial Architect's Office.
Sydney, August 2. 5127

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
A LECTURE will be delivered to the above Association, by the Rev. Dr. Ross, at the School of Arts, Pitt-street, on the Evening of Wednesday, the 26th instant. Subject—An answer to the question, Is the Religion of Jesus Christ true?
Heads of families and ladies are respectfully invited. Admittance free. Doors will be opened at 7 o'clock, and the chair taken at half-past.
3542 JOHN J. DAVIES, Secretary.

GOVERNMENT WORKS AT GOAT ISLAND.
TENDERS, in duplicate, will be received at the Commissariat Office, Sydney, until Saturday, the 29th instant, at noon, for renewing the FLOOR of and Ventilating the ORDNANCE POWDER MAGAZINE at GOAT ISLAND, agreeably to plans and specifications to be seen at the Royal Engineer Office, George-street, Sydney.
N.B.—The greater part of the Materials required in the work are already prepared on the spot, of which the Contractor will be allowed to avail himself in the performance of the work.
Commissariat Office,
Sydney, 21st October, 1853. 3280

ROYAL HOTEL.
GRAND EVENING CONCERT.
Under distinguished Patronage.
MR. COLEMAN JACOBS (Pianist to H.R.H. the Duchess of Gloucester) begs respectfully to inform the Gentry, his pupils, and the public of Sydney, that his FAREWELL CONCERT, will take place on TUESDAY (This Day), 25th October, being positively his LAST APPEARANCE in Sydney, previous to his departure for India and England. Mr. C. J. has the pleasure of announcing that he has already engaged the following eminent artistes:—Vocalists—Madame Ferari, the celebrated vocalist from the Italian Opera, Paris—her first appearance in this country, who is expected from Melbourne daily; Miss Flora Harris; Miss Armfield; Signor Spagnoletti, the celebrated vocalist from the Royal Italian Opera—his first appearance in this country; Mr. John Howson, and Mr. W. J. Palmer. Instrumentalists—Pianoforte, Mr. Coleman Jacobs—his last appearance in Sydney; Herr Strebinger, the great violinist, whose performances have created so much sensation throughout Europe, will have the honor of making his appearance, and performing TWO GRAND SOLOS. Flute, Mr. Bayly.
PROGRAMME.
Conductor and Pianist, Mr. Stanley.
PART I.—Glee, "The Fairies." Song, My own dear Native Land, Mr. W. J. Palmer. Solo, Flute, "Norma," Mr. Bayly. Descriptive Song, The Postboy's Return, Mr. John Howson. Ballad, Thou art gone from my gaze, Miss Armfield. Solo, Pianoforte, Mazourka Brillante, Tellaxey (first time), Mr. Coleman Jacobs. Scena, Adelaide (Beethoven), Miss Flora Harris. Grand Fantasia, Violin (Ernst), Herr Strebinger. Grand Scena, "La Gazza Ladra" (Rossini), Madame Ferrari (her first appearance). Song, Sweet Home, Signor Spagnoletti (his first appearance). Chorus, "Tramp" (Bishop); Solo, Miss Flora Harris.
Part II.—Glee, Ye Spotted Snakes. Song, I love the merry Sunshine (by desire), Miss Flora Harris. Solo, Pianoforte, Nocturne, in A flat (by desire), Gloria, Mr. Coleman Jacobs. Song, buffo, Cinderella (John Parry), Mr. John Howson. Duet, Gently sighs the Summer Breeze, Miss Flora Harris and Mr. John Howson. Fantasia, Violin, "Il Pirate" (Vieuxtemps), Herr Strebinger. Song, Sweet Wayside Flower, Mr. John Howson. Trio, "La Gazza Ladra," Signor Spagnoletti, Mr. John Howson, and Miss Flora Harris. Ballad, Miss Armfield. Lungi dal Carobene (by desire), Mr. J. W. Palmer. Finale, God save the Queen.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; to commence at 8 o'clock precisely. Tickets, 5s. each, to be had of H. Marsh and Co., Woolcott and Clark, Johnson and Co., Buist and Sons, Bridge-street; and at the Royal Hotel. Parties desirous of obtaining reserved seats are requested to make immediate application, as the number will be limited. 3593

WOOLCOTT AND CLARKE have a limited number of seats for Coleman Jacobs' farewell Concert on Tuesday next. Immediate application is necessary. George-street. 3138

MR. JACOBS' Concert.—Ladies and Gentlemen who have taken tickets for this Concert (on Tuesday next) will oblige by sending the numbers of the same to H. MARSH AND CO., to be corrected, as many have been issued indiscriminately. 3373

COLEMAN JACOBS' FAREWELL CONCERT.
HENRY MARSH AND CO. have a few reserved seats on sale for this celebrated Pianist's last appearance on Tuesday next, October 25th, at the Royal Hotel. 3137

TAKE NOTICE.—If this should meet the eye of JAMES BOLES, or his employer, he can hear of his relations by forwarding a letter to JAMES WANMER, Longbottom, near Sydney. 3510

NOTICE is hereby given that JAMES DUDDEN BRODRIBB, the younger, formerly of 2, Regent's Place West, Regent's Square, in the county of Middlesex, at present residing at Tambaroora, in the colony of New South Wales, an attorney of her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench at Westminster, intends to apply on the last day of the next ensuing term, for admission as an Attorney Solicitor and Proctor of the Supreme Court of New South Wales. Dated this eighth day of October, A.D. 1853. 1495

BALL and Supper, Lighthouse Hotel, Bathurst-street. — JAMES HARRIS, Proprietor of the above Hotel, begs to inform his friends and patrons that one of the best Balls and Suppers that has ever taken place in Sydney will be held at his house on Monday, the 31st instant, on which occasion he is determined to spare no expense in the arrangements for the same. Single tickets 10s., double ditto, to admit lady and gentleman, 15s. Wines, ale, porter, &c., not to be surpassed at any hotel in the colony. Dancing will commence at eight o'clock. 3225

ALBION INN, HARTLEY.
JACOB MYERS, late of the White Horse Cellar, Sydney, and the Blue Mountain Inn, Bathurst Road, begs to inform his friends and the public in general that he has opened the well known house in Hartley, of the sign of the Albion Inn, formerly kept by James Nairn. J. M. begs also to inform the public that he intends to conduct his establishment in his usual style. 487

MELBOURNE HOTEL, 133, King-street East.
THE undersigned having taken the above centrally situated Hotel, begs to remind his friends, settlers, and strangers arriving in the colony, they will find select accommodations at this establishment on the most reasonable terms. The stock in the cellars will be found of the best quality. A. DICKSON 759

JOHN MILLAR, late proprietor of the "Gold Diggers Arms," Bathurst, begs to acquaint his numerous friends and the public that he has just opened a Grocery and General Provision Store, in Sydney. His aim will be to keep a regular supply of articles of the best qualities, at the lowest market prices, and he trusts to obtain a share of that liberal patronage which he formerly received when in business before. Private families and country orders most punctually attended to. N.B.—J. M. is always prepared to transact agency business for those parties who may not find it convenient to visit Sydney.
257, Brickfield-hill, Sydney. 1175

GEORGE TULLY, Custom House, Ship, and Commission Agent, Newcastle.

MESSRS. ADAMS AND CO. draw Bills of Exchange to any amount on the undermentioned places, payable at sight.

New York	Philadelphia
Baltimore	Boston
Washington	Pittsburg
Cincinnati	St. Louis
New Orleans	Louisville.
San Francisco	

Also payable at the following Banks:—
Mechanics and Farmers' Bank, Albany.
Utica City Bank, Utica.
Bank of Syracuse, Syracuse.
Bank of Auburn, Auburn.
Bank of Attica, Buffalo.
Rochester City Bank, Rochester.
George Smith and Co., Chicago.
Alexander Mitchell (Fire and Marine Insurance Company), Melwankie
Michigan State Bank, Detroit.
Commercial Branch Bank of State of Ohio, Cleveland.
Clinton Bank, Columbus Ohio.
Messrs. ADAMS and Co. receive and make advances on Gold Dust, on deposit, and forward the same fully insured if desired, to any part of the United States or England.
F. W. CLARKE AND CO., Agents,
1919 6, Jamison-street.

MESSRS. ADAMS AND CO. will forward an Express, accompanied by a Special Messenger, to San Francisco and the United States, by the Indianola, to sail on or about the 25th instant. Coin, gold dust, letters, and parcels, intending to be forwarded by this opportunity, must be left at the office, No. 6, Jamison-street, on or before the 23rd instant. 499

AGENCY.
THE undersigned having taken those large and convenient Stores lately occupied by Messrs. Louis Barber and Co., are prepared to store any goods placed in their hands for disposal. Gentlemen in the interior, or those having no store in Sydney, on forwarding Bills of Lading, can have their goods cleared, stored, and disposed of according to their instructions; and having had many years' experience in the market, they have no doubt of giving full satisfaction to those who may entrust them with their business.
PEEK, BOWDEN, and CO.,
Shipping and Commission Agents, Circular Quay, Sydney. 138

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.
THE General Printing Business hitherto conducted at the office of the *Sydney Morning Herald* is removed to eligible and convenient premises in Bridge-street. The materials have been sold to Messrs. Reading and Wellbank. Mr. Reading has had the sole charge of that department for the last seven years. Mr. Fairfax has great confidence in transferring that part of the business to Messrs Reading and Wellbank. 3341

METROPOLITAN GENERAL PRINTING OFFICE,
12, BRIDGE-STREET.
READING AND WELLBANK beg to inform their friends and the public that, having purchased the stock of printing types, presses, and material lately used in the job department of the *Sydney Morning Herald* Office, they are now prepared to receive orders for any description of Letter Press Printing.
October 22, 1853. 3343

A CARD.—Messrs. GEORGE CHISHOLM and Co. beg to inform their friends and the public generally that they still continue the Tailoring department of their business; and having just engaged the services of a first rate cutter, they can offer the greatest advantages to those who may favour them with orders. 11169

TO Mercantile Men.—Partner wanted.—A person who has most eligible premises, who is of good credit and colonial experience, and of substantial means, would be glad to meet with a gentleman as Partner in an auction business to be forthwith established. Thorough business habits and local experience and connexion are desirable, and the investing of a moderate capital—say two thousand pounds—would be wished for, as an additional guarantee for the partner's zeal. Address, during the current month, "Principal," *Herald* Office. 2583

NOTICE.—White Horse Cellar (near Wright's Brewery.)—CHARLES W. BRYANT having succeeded Mr. Jacob Myers in the above commodious and highly comfortable Hotel, trusts that civility and attention will ensure him a share of that patronage and support which it will always be his study to merit.
Well-aired beds. Good stabling.
N.B.—A first-rate hay, corn, and provision store to let. A party having had twenty years' experience in the above line would be happy to treat with a partner of respectability and moderate means.
George-street, October 18. 2952

TO SHIPPERS AND COUNTRY STORE KEEPERS.
THE Australasian Sugar Company will in future supply every description of Raw Sugars, in addition to their usual qualities of Refined. Samples can be seen at their Offices, 557, George-street, opposite Bridge-street. A. ASHDOWN, Manager.

FOR SALE a quantity of Waste Paper. Apply to Mr. FORD, at the *Herald* Office. 13266

IF you want your Watch repaired and put in thorough-going order, take it to SAMUEL DAVIS AND CO., 494, George-street, two doors south of Hunter-street, in whose employ are workmen possessed of superior skill and knowledge in the art of Watchmaking. Watches of every description repaired by English, French, and Swedish mechanics, on the premises; all repairs will be ready for delivery at the appointed time, and the charges will be considerably below any other house, and may be known on enquiry when the watch is left. No second charge made for twelve months. ☞ Mark the name and address, SAMUEL DAVIS, AND CO., Watchmakers and Jewellers, 494, George-street, two doors south of Hunter-street. 2037

BE IN TIME!!!
Clearing out sale! Must be sold! Great reduction in the price of FURNITURE, &c.
PETER AND WILLIAM DEAN would advise those parties who intend to furnish to hasten at once to their extensive Furniture Mart, City Theatre, Market-street.
P. and W. D. know the public have lately held back from buying in consequence of the high prices which have been ruling; but they beg to state that their prices are now so far reduced as to enable all parties to receive really good value for their money.
The sale will continue until the whole stock is cleared out, offering inducements decidedly advantageous to all parties, especially UP-COUNTRY BUYERS.
BEAR IN MIND that the reduction is not a partial one, but general, upon every article, as Peter and William Dean are determined to give the public an opportunity of furnishing at something like a reasonable price.
AN EARLY CALL will ensure you abundance of choice from one of the first stocks in the colony.
☞ Mark the address—
DEAN'S Furniture Warehouse, City Theatre, Market-street.
Second-hand furniture neither bought nor sold. 1648

410, GEORGE-STREET.
MRS. KEANE has the pleasure of announcing to the ladies of Sydney and its vicinity that she has received a most beautiful assortment of feathers and French flowers; also a splendid variety of babies' cloaks, hoods, and robes, children's richly braided dresses and pelisses, some superior fine rice bonnets, babies' fine Tuscan and Leghorn hats.
TO THE GENTLEMEN.
Four cases of stylish curled and flat rimmed Leghorn hats. 3481

HANKS AND LLOYD'S ADVERTISEMENT.
"AUSTRALIAN TEA MART."
THE many difficulties and annoyances attending the opening of an extensive establishment of this nature having been at length overcome, the proprietors feel it a duty they owe to the public and to themselves, to take advantage of the earliest opportunity afforded them of announcing the completion of their arrangements, and of being now in a position to do justice to orders of any extent or variety in the general provision trade, which, from the insufficiency of their storage arrangements at starting, and the difficulty of getting a sufficient number of first-class assistants for the counter trade, seriously impeded progress in the first few weeks of throwing open their establishment to the public.
The insight they have received during the last few months into the colonial style of conducting this branch of trade, has convinced the proprietors of the "Australian Tea Mart" that their wiser course will be to continue business in no other but the first-class London mode, in which an experience of twenty years in the metropolis of England has made them tolerably proficient. The colonial method is without doubt the most profitable course to the proprietors at present; Hanks and Lloyd think, however, in the rapid advance the colony is making, the public here can appreciate a good thing quite as well as in the mother country. They have determined therefore to conduct their business on the same principles as
FORTNAM and MASON, Piccadilly
HEDGES and BUTLER, Regent-street
PETTY and WOOD, King William-street
and other first-class Italian Goods and Tea Warehouses in the City of London, with the sincere desire and anticipation that they will soon be able to rank equally high in public estimation.
In the carrying out of their design of striving to equal the London houses, Hanks and Lloyd have at great expense laid in a supply of
The choicest French delicacies for the breakfast or supper tables in bachelor and family tins. These articles would do credit to the establishment of Monsieur Soyer himself, and comprise a great variety of Game, meats, fish, &c.,
Delicious Parisian made Syrups, Liqueurs, summer drinks, &c.
Soda Water, direct from the manufactory of Schweppe and Co., London, the makers for the Royal Household
Confectionary of Continental and European manufacture
Champagne of Moet's brand
Ratafia, raspberry and black currant
Dantzic Liqueurs
Choice European fruits, in syrup
Preserved green peas
These, with many other equally recherché articles, are kept in addition to the usual variety of grocery, provision, and Italian goods, which for quality and diversity cannot be excelled by any other house in the trade.
Hanks and Lloyd do not profess to sell below cost price, or cheaper than any other house; but they think that no one who has ever tried their establishment will ever find fault with either price or quality.
Pass-books kept for quarterly family accounts
The trade and country storekeepers treated with on liberal terms
Shipping supplied at immediate notice, free on board
HANKS AND LLOYD,
Proprietors, Australian Tea Mart, George-street, opposite the Market Buildings.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!! SELLING OFF!!!
The whole of the Stock at 92, King-street, between Pitt and George streets.
ELLIS AND HART beg to inform the public that in consequence of the lease of the premises having nearly expired, they are under the necessity of selling off the remaining stock on hand, consisting of superior Ready-made Clothing, Hosiery, Blankets, Tents, Tarpaulins, Hats, Caps, &c., &c., too numerous to mention.
E. and H. wish to make known to their friends and the public that on the closing of the above premises the business will be carried on at their new establishment, 275, Pitt-street. 2485

275, Pitt-street, PANTECHNETHECA, 275, Pitt-street,
Three doors south of the Theatre.
ELLIS AND HART, in returning thanks to their friends and the public generally, for the patronage bestowed upon them since the opening of their new premises, beg to inform them that they have just opened the following new goods, ex late arrivals:—
Three cases mantles, various
Two ditto of parasols
One ditto of bonnets
One small ditto fancy silks
Two ditto barege scarfs
One ditto cachmere
Two ditto shawls, various
Four bales Horrock's longcloths and calicoes
Forty-five cases in all, of general drapery
Also
Two cases of summer coats
Two ditto alpaca ditto
Three ditto various ditto
One ditto alpaca vests
One ditto black ditto
Two ditto vests, various
Four ditto trousers and pants, suitable for the coming season
Two ditto Christy's best hats
One ditto ditto, second quality
The usual good assortment of tents, tarpaulins, &c., &c., and every article necessary for the diggings.
October 14. 2559

HOLLOWAY'S DEPOT,
78, King-street,
Sydney, July 7, 1853.
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.
BY the Anna Mary, now in the harbour, and by other vessels shortly to arrive, the undersigned will be in possession of a most ample stock of the above most popular remedies; and he trusts confidently, from the fresh arrangements made with Professor Holloway, that henceforth the Depôt will be so well supplied as to be ALWAYS able to execute the largest orders.
Under these circumstances the advertiser proposes to renew or to create SUB-AGENCIES in every town and district of New South Wales; and hereby invites communications from parties wishing to participate in the profits derived from the enormous sale of these valuable medicines. "Good wine needs no bush," and Holloway's world-renowned remedies require no puffing. In New South Wales it is now well understood that no "station" or gold diggers' camp is complete in its supplies without an ample stock of Holloway's Pills and Ointment. And no wonder! for the benefits conferred by these medicines are so great as almost to go beyond belief. The following statement, inserted in the *Goulburn Herald* of the 16th of April, is only a sample of the good effected among the community, not one in a thousand—perhaps even in ten thousand—thinking it worth while to take the trouble to return public thanks.
J. K. HEYDON,
Sole Wholesale Agent for New South Wales and Victoria.
To the Editor of the Goulburn Herald.
Dear Sir,—I wish to apprise you of a most miraculous cure that has just been effected by Holloway's Pills and Ointment on my son, a boy turned 16 years of age, who was attacked on the 5th of January last with a most dreadful pain in the chest, and a high fever. I bled and blistered him myself, but to no effect. I had then to send to Mr. Blake, of Yass, to attend him, who prescribed and administered medicine to him, which gave him some temporary relief: but instead of curing the malady, it turned it to a far worse and more dangerous complaint the dropsy. Dr. Blake pronounced him to be dropsical on the 6th of February last, and that my only resource was to send him to the Yass hospital, as he needed daily attendance both from himself and Dr. Campbell, as he was doubtful whether he would survive or not. Under these circumstances I kept my boy at home, and, being advised, I went to Yass and purchased a supply of Holloway's medicines, and began on Ash Wednesday to administer them.
I acted according to the directions given in the pamphlets that are wrapped around the medicine boxes, with the exception that I gave the pills in larger doses than is there prescribed. In the middle of Lent the boy had swelled to such an extent in his belly and feet that I thought he would actually burst, and that I should be obliged to get him tapped; but I had confidence, and persevered in my humble prayers and medicine, and, wonderful to relate, thanks to God and to Holloway's medicine, he was as well as ever on the 27th March—Easter-day. He was cured in the space of seven weeks.
Now, Sir, I think it would be uncharitable in me, towards Professor Holloway, and also towards my neighbours, not to give these facts publicity. Mr. Hurley, of the Burrows Steam Mills, Mr. O'Brien, of the Burrows Inn, and scores of my neighbours, can vouch for the truth of those statements, and if necessary I will go forward before any magistrate and confirm this statement on my solemn oath.
I am, Sir your obedient humble servant,
JEREMIAH HOUGH,
Teacher of the R. C. School, Burrows
April 7th, 1853.

DEAN'S Furniture and Bedding Warehouse.—The largest furnishing house in the City, and embracing a more generally assorted stock than any House in New South Wales, at the most moderate prices, consisting of drawing-room furniture, in suites, in rosewood and walnut, &c. For splendour of design, elegance of style, and beauty of finish unequalled in the colony. In fact it is acknowledged that Messrs. P. and W. DEAN bear the palm of being the producers of some of the best colonial manufactured furniture. And why should they not do so? Years of practical experience in some of the best houses at home, a thorough knowledge of designing, carving, &c.,—these must tell in the production of the various classes of goods which are manufactured by them; and they assure the public, and their friends in particular, that their great aim will be the cultivation of good taste by the production of really choice and elegant Furniture.
THE DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.
Their stock is second to none in the colony, consisting of—
Telescope dining tables, Colonial manufacture
Magnificent sideboards
Handsome albert chairs
Hair-seated sofas
Butlers' trays and stands, &c., &c.
THE BEDROOM DEPARTMENT
is the most complete ever seen; so much so, that the universal remark is "Why, you keep everything!"
Bedsteads of every description, from the magnificent state bedstead to the iron and wood stretcher
Besides these may be found
Washstands and toilet sets, in all shapes and sizes
Dressing tables, napkin rails
Tray glasses, blankets, sheets, counterpanes
Slips, mattresses, palliasses, bolsters and pillows, &c., &c.
The rest of the stock is a MULTUM IN PARVO—all that is useful and elegant.
The whole stock has been re-marked in plain figures, and is now being cleared out at
REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.
☞ Mark the address—
☞ DEAN'S Furniture Warehouse, City Theatre, Market-street.
N.B.—Second-hand furniture neither bought nor sold. 3453

FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY WAREROOMS.
Established 1835.
A LARGE and well selected supply of drawing, dining, and bedroom furniture, of the newest designs.
Also
A choice selection of velvet pile, tapestry, Brussels and Kidderminster carpets, hearthrugs, &c. On sale at
A. LENEHAN'S,
2782 87, Castlereagh-street.

RECEIVED, ex Olbers and late arrivals, and on sale at the undermentioned stores—
2800 lbs. English curled hair
370 cotton wool mattresses, from one of the first London houses
A superior assortment of iron bedsteads
Iron rocking and easy arm chairs,—the latter convertible into a bed 6 feet 6 inches long by 2 feet 6 inches wide
Garden folding chairs, cane seats, &c., &c.
Hair and flax mattresses, of all sizes
Feather pillows and bolsters
Blankets, quilts, and counterpanes
Toilet covers, hearthrugs, and mats
Dutch carpeting, very superior quality
China matting, &c., &c., &c., all of which are offered at greatly reduced prices to insure a rapid sale.
E. JOHNSON,
Bedding Warehouse, 169, Pitt-street South, nearly opposite the Congregational Church.

ON SALE, at the Australian Tea Mart, 367, George-street—
40 cwt. muscatel raisins, first-class fruit
35 cwt. Turkey figs, in splendid condition
25 cases new China preserved ginger
20 cwt. sugar candy
200 dozen Schweppe's soda water, so much in repute at the Great Exhibition
3000 (three thousand) tins sardines, ½lbs.
2000 (two thousand) tins sardines, ¼lbs.
100 dozen pints salad oil
300 dozen pints pickles, Whybrow's, and Crosse and Blackwell's
100,000 Manila cigars, Nos. 2 and 3
6 cwt Prussian blue
20 cases jams, 1 dozen each, in 2lb. jars
A large parcel of hysonskins and congous, in chests, half-chests, and boxes, the finest in the market
Butter biscuits, soda biscuits, and milk biscuits, in barrels
Pic-nic and tous-le-mois biscuits, in tins of 14lbs. each.
HANKS and LLOYD.

NICOLL PALETOTS AND SUMMER CLOTHING.
TWENTY varieties of the Nicollian paletots, of the most fashionable design and material, made in their usual style of excellence, may be had from their sole Australian agent,
JOINER, trouser maker and tailor,
George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel.

HANKS AND LLOYD.
Original purveyors of the Concentrated TURKEY COFFEE.
THIS Coffee has met with a remarkable, and rapidly increasing sale. It is roasted upon a peculiar and improved principle, known only to the proprietors, ground immediately after it is roasted, and packed in canisters to suit purchasers, of 3, 7, 11, and 15 lbs. each, impervious to air, by which means it remains uninjured by the atmosphere, and for a lengthened period retains in the highest degree its full fragrant freshness.
To country storekeepers and parties leaving for the diggings it will be found a great acquisition.
Australian Tea Mart, 367, George-street. 12026

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned,
Tarpaulins
16 x 14
16 x 12
18 x 18
20 x 16
22 x 18
Also first rate tents
ELLIS AND HART,
2484 The Pantechnetheca, 275, Pitt-street.

HATS.—Just opened, three cases of Christy's best hats, at JOHN BICKERTON'S, Golden Hat, Park-street, two doors from Castlereagh-street. 836

JUST landed, and on sale at the Stores of the undersigned, where plans and specifications may be seen,
Ten Iron Houses, as under, complete, with every necessary convenience, floors and inner framing of wood, room paper, window glass, stoves, gutters, down spouts, paint, nails, tools, &c., and ready for immediate erection:—

	ft. in.	ft. in.
(2) Two houses, each containing 1 room	13 2	by 9 0
(4) Four ditto ditto, 2 rooms	20 8	by 10 8
(2) Two ditto ditto, 2 rooms, with verandahs complete	20 8	by 10 8
(1) One ditto ditto, 3 rooms	26 8	by 10 8
(1) One ditto ditto, 3 rooms, with verandah complete	25 8	by 10 8

WILLIAM CLARKE AND CO.,
2203 Australian Brewery.

OIL CLOTH! OIL CLOTH! OIL CLOTH
JUST landed, and to be seen at John Mill, Jun., and Son's, a large supply of Oil Cloth of different patterns, equal to any that has ever been imported to this colony.
J. H. and Son wish to call the attention of their customers and the public in general that they can be supplied with the above by
JOHN HILL, JUN., AND SON,
107, King-street.
The old established Oil Cloth Warehouse.

ON Sale, at the stores of the undersigned,—
10 tons carbonate soda
10 casks tartaric acid
36 tins ditto
12 carboys sulphuric acid
66 barrels Irish pork
50 barrels American flour
200 quarter casks vinegar
50 hogsheads ditto
50 ditto lemon syrup
25 quarter casks ditto
100 cases mixed confectionary
50 cases candied peel
200 gross paste blacking
100 ditto liquid ditto
1000 dozen bottled ale and porter
1 ton jordan almonds
1 ton shell almonds
Seidlitz, lemonade, and ginger beer powders
R. B. COOKE AND CO.,
Wholesale Provision Stores,
1309 Hunter-street, east of the Union Bank.

THE undersigned have on Sale, viz.,—
Wine—Superior Sherry
Tobacco—Negrohead—"Dunlop," "Thomas," and "Taylor's" brands
Cavendish—Pounds, half pounds, 8s., 16s., and 32s., choice brands of superior quality
Cigars—Manila
Regalia
Tea—Gunpowder
Hysonskin
Souchong and
Oulong
Silks—Checked and striped
Crape shawls
Camlets
Pongee handkerchiefs
Slops
American cottons—Denims
Drills
Sheetings
American chairs, viz.,—
Cane seat rocking
Wood seat ditto
Maple
Walnut
Oak
Office
Baltimore
Crown top
Round post
Common cane seat
Ditto wood seat
Children's, &c.
Washstands
Tables, &c.
Revolvers
Pistols
Flour—"Grey Eagle," equal to Hazall
City Mills
Petersburgh
Claggett
Pilot bread
Boots and shoes—Brogan
Patent leather
Enamelled
Hungarian
Wellington
Pork—Mess and prime
Bacon
Beef hams
American beef
Sardines
Truffles
French peas
Candles—pure sperm
Chocolate
Staves—White oak, pipe and hogshead
Fire proof safes
Seleratus
Spars
Oil cake, &c.
WILKINSON, BROTHERS, and CO.,
Macquarie-place.
October 21. 3117

FOR SALE.—
Byass' Ale and Porter, in 4 dozen cases
Bridge's Ditto, ditto
Taylor's Porter, in hogsheads
Griffiths and Co.'s Ale and Porter
Martell's Brandy, pale, in quarter-casks
Ditto ditto, brown, in hogsheads
Sherry, in 1, 2, 3, and 4 dozen cases
Port, in 1, 3, and 4 ditto
Champagne, in 1 and 3 dozen ditto
Ditto, in pints
Sherry, Port, &c., in quarters, hogsheads, and pipes
&c., &c., &c.
2294 J. A. HARRISON, Charlotte-place.

FOR SALE

CONSTITUTION BILL—PUBLIC MEETING.

(Abridged from Saturday's Maitland Mercury.)

[This report was to have appeared in yesterday's *Herald*, but the important news by the Great Britain prevented its insertion.]

On Wednesday a public meeting of the inhabitants of Maitland and the neighbouring districts was held at the Rose Inn, West Maitland, for the purpose of taking into consideration the Constitution Bill now before the Legislative Council. The meeting was rather thin when the proceedings commenced, but the room got quite filled shortly afterwards, about seventy persons being present, including many of the most influential residents of the town and neighbourhood.

On the motion of Mr. W. Lipscomb, seconded by Mr. R. W. Goodall, A. Lang, Esq., was moved into the chair.

The Chairman, having read the advertisement calling the meeting, said he felt greatly honoured by being called on to take the chair on that occasion. Maitland had generally taken a leading position in the discussion of political questions, but on this most important question had been somewhat late in moving. He trusted, however, that they would yet see numerous public meetings held throughout the Hunter district to express the opinion of the public on the Bill before the Council met again.

Mr. Lipscomb moved the first resolution, as follows:—

1. That this meeting is of opinion that the Constitution Bill now before the Legislative Council, while providing for some desirable amendments in the constitution of the colony, is yet in some important respects highly objectionable.

He was sorry to find that the present thin but respectable attendance was another proof of the difficulty he and others found in arousing the public here to the importance of the subject. But he did hope that on this, as on many previous occasions, the signatures to the petition would show that very many persons in the district did feel strongly on the matter. With respect to the Constitution Bill, he, as an Englishman, and a lover of freedom, did feel a decided objection to it. It was an abominable bill. It was no better than slavery to be under the domination of such men as their pretended representatives. They had seen what they were capable of doing in one of their late measures, he meant the first Gold Fields' Bill, a bill founded on the most arbitrary principles, and whose provisions constituted an attack on the freedom of free men, that was most vile and infamous. It was excused on the plea that California had set a precedent by her law, but that law was never carried into effect, and if it had been, the argument was worthless, for two wrongs could not make a right. It was a vile, scurvy, and illiberal act, a lasting reproach on the men who passed it. Then, again, look at the protective leanings of some of their representatives. At a time when the doctrine of free trade was spreading through the world, when Great Britain was enjoying unprecedented prosperity from adopting it, and when they saw nearly all the countries of the world, including even those which still obstinately refused to adopt that principle, partaking in the prosperity caused by the opening to them of the market of Great Britain,—that was the time when some of their precious members of Council were crying out for the imposition of protection, protection on corn, on wheat, and on manufactures. He could only call such men political Thugs, for they wished, for the object of benefitting particular classes, to rob the poor, the widow, and the orphan. Why should they be subject to such laws as that? He was opposed to allowing men of such a stamp to have any influence in the community. And yet if they had a nominee house he was certain these would be the very men chosen to sit in it. No man could feel any confidence in the legislation of a nominee house. Look at the question in regard to another matter, the waste lands. Those lands, and the grass that grew on them, might be looked on as the capital of the colony. Yet they found the very men proposed to them as fit members of the nominee house setting up exclusive claims to this capital of the people; and the next step, if they were made nominees, would be to legally rob the colony of the lands. He should like to know what there was to render a man more intelligent or more dignified in breeding sheep or bullocks than in selling pills or sugar. (Laughter.) They called themselves the landed aristocracy. What was such an aristocracy? A limited body of men controlling a large body of slaves. He hoped never to see such landed slavery introduced into this colony. He maintained that the attempt to establish an aristocratic class in a new colony was the greatest absurdity, pure humbug, a perfect farce. Where could they get their aristocracy from? Was it to be an aristocracy of wealth? Why they all knew that mere wealth in this colony was not the slightest criterion of a man's character. And if it were, who that had seen, as he had, some of the violent vicissitudes of men's affairs in this colony, but must feel that the wealthy man of to-day might be a poor man a year hence. Why seek vainly then to introduce the aristocratic feeling into the colony. How could they found an hereditary aristocracy in a new country. Where could they derive it from here? What was the origin even of the House of Lords? The ancestors of some of them were probably the bandits that accompanied William the Conqueror over from Normandy; the ancestors of others probably were the church robbers of a later day.

Mr. J. E. Pearce seconded the resolution. He said—The provision that two-thirds of the future Legislature must agree before any alteration could be made in the Constitution embodied an execrable principle. It took from them practically all power to amend hereafter anything proved to be wrong in the Constitution, although, in the nature of things, everything of this kind must be experimental to some extent. How could that principle be defended? Constitutions must necessarily vary in different countries, to suit the circumstances of each—(Hear)—and in a country passing through changes so rapidly as this colony was, it was particularly necessary that the people should have power to modify and alter their Constitution from time to time as it was required. That was the principle acted on in England itself. They wanted neither a British nor an American Constitution, but a New South Wales Constitution. (Hear, hear.) They could no more transfer to New South Wales the Constitution of England or the Constitution of the United States than they could transfer the soil and climate of either. They wanted a Constitution suited to a young country, founded on principles just to all, and adapted to grow with their growth. Mr. Wentworth said that if they had a privileged class, a superior class of men would be found to fill the Upper House. But what certainty had they that men would in this changeable colony long continue to hold property. Perhaps he would give it, as he intimated, to his favourite class, the squatters—the shepherd-kings as he termed them. Why, if they examined the matter few men could be pointed out who had so little permanent interest in or beneficial influence on the colony as they. They did little or nothing to bring it into cultivation, to civilise it; all they did was to live on the bountiful exuberance of nature. He objected also to a nominee upper house. Such a house would be little more than the reflex of the opinions of the Governor for the time being. As he was a good, an indifferent, or a bad man, so would that house be good, indifferent, or bad. It would neither be independent of him, nor would it in any way possess the confidence of the country. If the house was an elective one, and bad men happened to be chosen, as would of course be the case sometimes, the country would be satisfied because in the ordinary way it would have the opportunity of making them answerable for their actions at the time of election. But if they had men forced on them as nominees, neither their wishes nor consent being asked, they would always suspect them. The various puerile objections made to an upper house, including the dead lock argument, could easily be met. The exclusion of ministers of religion was another objection. No class of men ought to be excluded specially, and if any one was to be excluded, it would be fairest to begin with the lawyers. But none ought to be excluded. He was no advocate for electing ministers into the legislature, but they ought not to be expressly excluded. It was well known however that the exclusion was in fact directed against an individual, Dr. Lang [cries of hear, hear, no, no, and some interruption]. Another objection was the endeavour to restrict the future legislature from dealing with the squatting question. A good deal had been said about the non-granting of the leases to the squatters by the Government, and he regretted that they had not, as they had been promised to them, the squatters being entitled to a very fair consideration from the Government. The squatters were prosperous men, but no doubt at the end of their fourteen years they would have come to look for compensation—for being well rewarded for their labours—on the principle that the more a man has the more he will look for. In these exciting times people were too busy to look into these matters much, but the people of Maitland would find before long if they allowed this bill to pass, that the country was in a position from which it would be difficult to free it.

Mr. Goodall said he did not rise to oppose the resolution, as he agreed with it, but should like to see some more definite statement of what was considered objectionable in the bill, that they might know what they were discussing. After hearing the elaborate speeches of the mover and seconder he was still in the dark as to this [Cries of "order," "there are more specific resolutions to follow."]

The Chairman put the motion, and it was carried without dissent.

Mr. W. Currey: They had met that day to decide on a petition to the Legislative Council. In that respect they differed from Sydney, or at least from the last movement in Sydney. There they had decided on presenting a petition at once to the Home Government, thinking further petition to the Legislative Council useless. But they had thought that as the Bill was not yet passed, or its features finally determined on, the Council might even yet at the eleventh hour alter the Bill in such a manner as to make it what they wished. But, at all events, by petitioning the Council now, they did not shut themselves out from taking further measures if this failed. They would still be able to go direct to the throne, and to Parliament, if the Council refused to heed the wishes of the country. It had been decided therefore at the preliminary meeting to prepare a petition to the Legislative Council, and he had now to move the following resolution and present the petition which had been drawn up to the meeting for adoption or rejection. He moved the second resolution.

2. That the following petition to the Legislative Council, pointing out the objectionable provisions in the Constitution Bill, and praying for their amendment, be adopted by the meeting:—

To the Honorable the Legislative Council of New South Wales, in Council assembled.

The humble petition of the undersigned inhabitants of Maitland and the neighbourhood

Respectfully sheweth—That the Constitution Bill now before your honorable House, while providing in some important respects for desirable amendments in the present constitution of the colony, contains some provisions which appear to your petitioners to be objectionable.

That the clause providing for the nomination by the Crown of the Upper House of Legislature is one of these objectionable provisions. That your petitioners believe that a House so constituted will not possess the confidence of the community; and that, wanting that confidence, a House of nominees will not exercise the power and independence necessary to secure for them a distinct and conservative influence on the legislation of the country. That your petitioners are of opinion that an Upper House, composed of members of mature age, elected for longer periods than five years, from larger electorates than those returning members to the Lower House, and by a constituency representing more especially the property, the older-settled residents, and the intelligence of the colony, will more effectually and beneficially answer all the useful ends for which a second chamber is designed, than a House of Crown nominees. Your petitioners are confirmed in the correctness of their views on this point by a comparison of the working of the elective and nominee principles under the present constitution of the colony.

That the clauses providing for the creation of an hereditary titled class in the colony, with a view ultimately to the election by them of members of their own order to form the Upper House of Legislature, appear to your petitioners to be based on a mistaken estimate of the actual condition of things in the country, and to be calculated to result in producing a very sorry imitation of the aristocracy of the mother country. Having no titled class with special and exclusive privileges now existing among them, your petitioners believe it would be a step in the wrong direction to provide for the creation of such a class.

That your petitioners strongly object to the provisions of the Constitution Bill requiring a majority of two-thirds of the Legislature to be created by that Bill to legalise any changes in the constitution which may now be established. Your petitioners beg to point out that such a provision is utterly at variance with the practice of the British Parliament; and this fact they conceive ought of itself to be sufficient to ensure its rejection in a Legislature, the majority of whose members are solicitous to adhere as closely as practicable to the principles and usage of the British Constitution. Your petitioners further beg to point out that the Legislature to be created under the Constitutional Bill will have larger powers than that now in existence, and will consist of two houses, while the present only consists of one; and therefore that it is not legitimately open to your honorable bodies to seek to unduly restrict the new Legislature from making constitutional alterations which may hereafter be found desirable. No injury has yet arisen in the mother country from constitutional as well as other questions being decided in Parliament by a simple majority, and your petitioners believe that a similar practice will be best which can be adopted under the constitution which it is proposed to confer on this colony.

That your petitioners are of opinion that in apportioning the additional representatives to be created under the Constitution Bill, the fair claims of the City of Sydney and county of Cumberland to more members have not been adequately met. They also venture to suggest that some of the more extensive electorates might be advantageously divided. At present some of these are so large, and the facilities for postal communication so unfrequent, that the electors residing in the parts more remote from the head polling places are virtually disfranchised.

That as regards the Civil List secured to Her Majesty by the Constitution Bill, your petitioners submit that some of the services therein provided for might be better dealt with by special appropriation acts, subject to revision from time to time; and they venture also to point out that the pensions assigned to the higher functionaries of the Government who may be displaced by the introduction of responsible government are larger than the circumstances of the case require, or than the colonists can fairly be called upon to pay.

That while your petitioners are not desirous of seeing ministers of religion members at all events of the lower house of legislature, they think that any legal enactment to disqualify them from being members of the Legislature is unnecessary, and is not sound in principle.

That your petitioners object to the provisions relating to the leases and licensed occupants of Crown lands in this last clause of the Constitution Bill; and they take this objection, not from any unfriendly feeling to the squatting interests, but because they conceive that your honourable House is not justified in seeking to impose restrictions on the power of the new Legislature to deal with any matter affecting the management of the waste lands of the colony.

That your petitioners venture respectfully and earnestly to pray that in passing the Constitution Bill through committee, your honorable House will graciously take into consideration the objections of your petitioners to that measure as stated in this their humble petition.

And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

Mr. Currey, having read the petition, as above, resumed:—He thought the meeting would bear him out in saying that the petition was drawn up with great moderation of tone and language (too much). In great public questions like this there were usually some leading features on which all or nearly all could agree, while there were of course many minor details on which much diversity of opinion would prevail. In drawing up the petition the preliminary committee had therefore only adverted to those leading features in the bill which they considered objectionable. And although some might wish the petition drawn in stronger language, yet at least they could go with them to the extent the petition did. Every sensible man, who had no personal interest in the matter to blind him, would repudiate the idea of hereditary legislation. He thought they had all heard sufficient of the freaks and dishonourable acts of some of these hereditary legislators to make them shrink from introducing a scheme of that sort here. The annals of the London police offices amply proved the disgraceful character of these acts. The provision that two-thirds of their future legislators must unite before the constitution could be amended, was another bad feature in the bill. It reminded him of what they were told of the laws of the Medes and Persians, which changed not. It was an act of the grossest folly to imagine that they could pass laws which would never require change. By such a law all the wisdom and experience of future generations would be rendered of no avail. And he believed that had the man who drew this bill dared to go as far as this, he would have adopted that law in its full force. He had no objection that the legitimate claims of the squatters should be fairly met, but he thought if justice to all was kept in view they might be easily met. He did not wish to speak against the squatters. He believed they had been a most important and valuable class to the community, and that much of the prosperity of the colony was due to them. (Hear, hear.) And so long as the waste lands of the colony were useful to them, and were not required for public use, it would be to the advantage of the individuals and of the community, that the squatters should continue to use them. But as to their claims for compensation, that was another matter. When he, previously a resident in Sydney, first visited a squatting district, the M'Leay, he was astonished to find the squatters, who were depicted as suffering so much hardship and privation for the good of the country, living in splendid houses, having thousands of acres of the richest land around them for their sole use. And so he had since found it to be the case with the squatters in New England. Having seen their mode of living, as he had done, he confessed he did not wonder at their desire to retain their possessions, looking at the selfishness of human nature. He thought therefore that these provisions as to the squatting question went too far. One topic he was sorry had been omitted in the committee's deliberation—it was that provision in the present law that any elector changing his residence lost his vote for some months. This was most absurd. If a man was entitled to his privileges as a voter, it would surely make no difference in his power to judge fairly and vote honestly whether he continued to live in the same house, or removed to another, a few yards or half a mile off.

Mr. H. Carmichael seconded the motion. He had read through the petition since he arrived that day, and felt that he could conscientiously support it. There was a tone of moderation running through it, which he thought commendable, and likely to gain for it more general acceptance than if it were expressed in more forcible or less guarded language. He had regretted to observe in the speeches in Council as reported, and in some of the speaking that day, that personalities were indulged in quite unworthy of the subject. They had met to consider a great question, a question of the deepest interest to every inhabitant of the colony, man, woman, and child. Not on their own account only, but on that of their families and children, they were bound to take their part in the settlement of this great question. It should never be submitted to that men entrusted with the Government should take on themselves to make a constitution for the colony irrespective of the wishes and the assent of the general people. It was to the people they owed their places in the government of the country, and if nominees took any part in the discussion they did not do so as representatives of any class or part of the community. That a people should be governed by any man or set of men whom they repudiated was contrary to all reason, and to all just political arrangements of society. No opprobrious words, no term of democrat or radical, should deter them from speaking freely on a question of this kind. (Hear, hear.) That word "democrat" it was well should be mentioned here and clearly understood, for they were indebted to Mr. Wentworth principally for putting it before the colonists that it was their duty to come forward and give expression to their wishes. He was not one of those who threw odium on Mr. Wentworth. (Hear, hear.) He thought Mr. Wentworth had deserved highly of the country. (Hear, hear) Far be it from him to detract from the fair fame justly acquired by Mr. Wentworth. (Cry of "The Usury Bill, worthy of only an irongang man," met by cries of "chair, chair.") He claimed only for Mr. Wentworth the gratitude of the country for the good deeds he had done, but did not attempt to justify every act of his. But he regretted to think that in framing this present Bill Mr. Wentworth was to be pitied. He regretted that the high fame so worthily won, which had attracted the esteem and regard of Jeremy Bentham, in whose pages Mr. Wentworth was embalmed as the patriot of this country, should be sacrificed and spoiled by this Bill, that he should have thrown the weight of his great name into the balance against the people. (Interruption.) Recurring now to the petition, he saw at a hasty glance some points on which difference of opinion might exist. The election of an upper house was one. As far as his own opinion went, he saw no advantage that could be derived from having a second house at all, and thought one house quite sufficient; but he was not disposed to cavil at the petition because of this. It seemed pretty clearly to be the general wish of the country, as it was undoubtedly the wish expressed from England, and the rule in most British colonies, that there should be two houses. Granting this, therefore, he could not hesitate for a moment that if there were to be two houses they ought to be both elective. The principle of nomineeship ought to have no place in either. (Hear, hear.) That was what the petition advocated. The principle of nomineeship involved necessarily the idea of antagonism between the ruling power and the governed. Now the true idea of a government was not always properly appreciated by either party. A government was originally appointed by the people. But in the course of time the governing powers lost all feeling of direct reliance on the people, and next gradually acquired the idea that government implied inherent right to govern in itself. Then arose nomineeship as the direct consequence of this false idea. But the true theory was not that the governing power stood in that position in its own right, but that it was the servant of the people (hear), placed in that position for the benefit of the people. When a governor or a king lost the feeling that this was his true position he became unfit for holding it, and next acquired and acted on the idea that he had the right to appoint legislators for the people. They ought surely to be as well qualified as any bygone age to form a Constitution. Why should they consent to live under a Constitution they did not approve of? What power on earth was powerful enough to steal liberty from determined free men? Why should they not be governed as they wished? It was beyond doubt in the power of the colonists to demand and to obtain a perfectly free Constitution. (Hear, hear.) That brought him to the next objection, that two-thirds of the Legislature must agree before the Constitution now to be framed could be altered. Why, what an absurd provision was this! It presumed that the legislators created under the provisions of the Bill would legislate against their own feelings, their own interests, so that they required two-thirds of the men of their own creation to agree before they could undo what they were now doing. Why, that was the law of the Medes and Persians over again. They had a right as colonists to repudiate that, and to say that should not be the law. The next question touched on, that of the electoral districts, was mere matter of detail. He agreed that they should be made to suit the requirements of the country, but they would require re-arrangement from time to time, however now fixed. All he wished to illustrate was the principle that men should not be paid by the people unless they did something for the benefit of the people in return—that they should not be paid to live in splendid idleness. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Lipscomb would move an amendment on the motion. He believed, with the people of Sydney, that it was perfectly useless to petition the Legislative Council, that the members had made up their minds and would not listen to the public voice, and that the only resource of the colonists was to go to the Queen at once. He therefore moved as amendment that a petition should be drawn up to the Queen, praying her to disallow the Constitution Act, if it were passed by the Council. It had been said that radical principles endangered property. Now he would say that he was a radical, and yet he had never advocated such measures as the Usury law of Mr. Wentworth, or the Copyright Bill of Mr. Murray, and other similar vile measures introduced by the so-called conservatives in the Council. He was sorry to see on this occasion, what he had observed on previous ones, that there was so much adherence to mere men, in this colony, and so blind a following of them without reference to the nature of the measures they advocated.

The amendment was not seconded.

Mr. Thomas Evans said he, as an Australian, was proud that Mr. Wentworth was an Australian. He was an honour to his country. If he had been here to-day, he would soon have shown the folly of most of the observations that had been made about him. But it was easy to abuse a man in his absence. He did not approve of personalities on such a subject as this. Why should they single out Mr. Wentworth as the object of abuse? Why not attack also the Colonial Secretary or the Attorney-General? Mr. Wentworth had ninety nine good qualities, but because he had one bad, a few persons in the community thought themselves entitled to be always abusing him. (Cries of order, question, and some confusion.) He contended that he had a right to reply to the abuse levelled at Mr. Wentworth. (Cries of "there is no motion before the meeting—the amendment has not been seconded." After some confusion, during which Mr. Evans insisted on his right to speak, the original motion being before the meeting, the Chairman requested Mr. Evans to proceed.) He was also opposed to hereditary titles. But he was an admirer of the British constitution. It had lasted through ages. It had secured liberty of person, liberty of the press, liberty of thought and speech and action, beyond the constitution of any other country. He wanted the constitution of this country made as nearly like that constitution as it could be. If Englishmen chose to abuse and repudiate the constitution of their own country (No, no), he as an Australian was proud of it, and advocated it. In accordance with that constitution the upper house ought to be a nominee house. The House of Lords was a part of the British constitution, and the history of the Reform Bill and the repeal of the Corn Laws showed how well adapted that house was to the constitution of the country, both measures being passed by it after a long resistance, in obedience to the voice of the country. It was part of the British constitution that although monarchs changed, and Parliaments were dissolved, still the House of Lords remained. Why did they ask for another house of representatives when they said they were dissatisfied with the representatives they had?

Mr. Samuel Cohen said in reference to the remarks [illegible] at Mr. Wentworth, they came there to discuss the bill, not to hear abuses of Mr. Wentworth. Now he as a mercantile man could testify that the good effected for the country by Mr. Wentworth outweighed by far all the bad deeds he ever did. He was the author of one bill which was the salvation of the colony, the Preferable Liens Bill (cry of "Why that was robbery to some extent, it was for the benefit of the larger dealers as against the smaller ones"). He repeated, the Preferable Liens Bill was not a robbery of any one, but the salvation of the colony. Plenty of persons were there that day who, if they would speak the truth, would own that when that bill was passed they were in difficulties, prosperous as they were now. As regards the squatting interest, New South Wales was more indebted to it for her present prosperity than to anything else (hear, hear.) But he did not go so far as to advocate the waste lands being given up to the squatters. Those lands belonged to the people (hear, hear.) But they must remember that vast tracts of the pastoral lands were utterly unsuited to agricultural purposes, and that it was desirable for the benefit of the colony, they should still be used for pastoral purposes. They had placed representatives in Council who claimed too much for the squatters, but they were now in a position to show that they would not consent that too much should be allowed them. He did not come there to oppose the petition. He was not an admirer of nomineeship, nor did he think the colony was ripe for it. They had no ingredients out of which to create an aristocratic house. But he thought Mr. Wentworth's name had been used most ungraciously and unkindly (confusion). He agreed with the resolution and petition. He thought the moderate tone of the petition far more useful than stronger language. All he contended for was that they should in discussing the bill deal with the measure, and not abuse absent men. Whatever intentions Mr. Wentworth might have had in introducing the bill, he repeated that he deserved well of the country, for the good deeds he had done. It was altogether out of place to introduce anything about the places where men were born.

Mr. Goodall contended that a petition on so important a subject ought to be made public in the papers before people were called upon to agree to it. He moved an amendment that the petition be printed in the *Maitland Mercury*, in order that the community might have time to consider it before being called on to pass it. The hurried reading of the petition to that meeting was not sufficient to afford them a fair opportunity of knowing what they were agreeing to. [Mr. Goodall was about to write the amendment, when, on representations that it would be printed before people were called on to sign it, he withdrew the amendment.] He hoped ample time would be allowed people to read the petition before signing. He objected to the system of coming before a meeting with cut and dried resolutions and petition, about which nobody knew anything previously but the few who formed the committee.

Mr. P. Green said it would be quite sufficient if the petition was printed before being signed.

Mr. W. Currey, who had remarked to Mr. Goodall that the committee sent him and many others a request to attend their meetings, appealed to the meeting to cease personalities. The petition would be printed before people were asked to attach their signatures to it.

The motion was put and passed without dissent.

Mr. W. P. Peek moved the third resolution as follows—

3. That the petition, when signed, be transmitted to Charles Cowper, Esq., for presentation to the Council.

Mr. Peek said the petition had been so well discussed that he need not go into its provisions. In the course of the discussion they had heard some fustian about the glorious constitution and lion of old England. (Laughter.) Now, he thought their object was to get a good constitution for the colony, and if they could find any good features in the constitution even of the Cannibal Islands, of China, of the United States, of any country, why should they not be willing to receive ideas from them? Why should they limit themselves to the constitution of England? This was an age of progress, and this colony was eminently a progressing country; and they should so form their institutions that they would be capable of adaptation to the changing wants and circumstances of the colony. They were accustomed to see things done and to do them, every day, which their forefathers would have been burnt for attempting. The check of having two houses would be useful in preventing hasty and ill-considered legislation. But that check would be better and more thoroughly obtained by an elective upper house than a nominee. He thought the spirit of the constitution proposed for their adoption was bad; it was a spirit of exclusiveness. He thought that though it was said the Council would pass the measure and force them to go to the Queen, that the worse the measure was that they passed, the sooner it would be destroyed by the indignant representations of the colony.

Mr. Robert Wisdom seconded the resolution. At that late hour he would not detain them. He thought the greater part of the discussion was wasted on the consideration of whether they should have the British Constitution or not. That was the real question for consideration; it was what was the best constitution for the colony. Much had been said of democracy, and of the necessity of stopping this vile principle in its march. Now he was not only a democrat himself, but he believed that the tendency of all political movements in every country tended to the same grand end, the establishment of pure democracy, which he believed would yet become the universal system of government.

Mr. P. Green said he would not detain the meeting by any comment, as it was so late, but would simply move the fourth resolution, as follows:—

4. That the following gentlemen be appointed a Committee to obtain signatures to the petition, and otherwise to carry out the objects of the meeting, viz: Messrs. A. Lang, J.P.; W. Lipscomb, J. E. Pearce, W. Currey, R. Jones, W. P. Peek, P. Green, J.P.; J. Anderson, F. Currey, and R. Wisdom, with power to add to their number; three to form a quorum.

Mr. Joshua Anderson seconded the motion.

The resolution was put, and carried without dissent.

On the motion of Mr. Jones, seconded by Mr. Goodall, Mr. Lang was moved out of the chair, which was taken by Mr. Green, and a vote of thanks was given to the Chairman.

Mr. Lang briefly returned thanks.

THE UPPER CHAMBER.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Sir,—As the project for the formation of an Upper Chamber which I had the honour of submitting in a former letter has been favourably received by many, and by others been pronounced Utopian, un-English, unconstitutional, and innovating; and as this subject is one of no ordinary importance, I beg you will permit me to offer a few arguments in defence.

To say that such a project is an innovation is after all not a very serious objection; for in a question like this all parties are and must be innovators. Innovate we must if we attempt to act at all, because the question itself is a novelty. We cannot follow the footsteps of the British Constitution, where that Constitution itself has never gone. We can only consider carefully its spirit and principles and thence seek direction.

Nor can we, surrounded as we are by social arrangements differing in many important respects from those of England, safely conclude that when we are servilely copying some of the time-honoured forms, we are then necessarily preserving the principles of the Constitution—No. This question, if argued rightly, must be argued upon broader grounds. If we desire not to innovate, we must look to things and principles and not to names and forms. We should enquire what measure will least disturb the existing state of society—what measure will least disarrange the existing balance of power. And if tried by these tests, I conceive it can be easily shown that the proposal I have submitted is neither innovating nor unconstitutional; while the extreme views adopted by the party who are favourable to vice-regal nomination on the one side, and by the advocates of pure representation on the other, are both so, and to a very dangerous extent.

But if the question is argued even upon the simplest, the most obvious, and most universally recognised principles of the Constitution, it can be shown that both those projects are un-English and unconstitutional.

Where, for example, in the British Constitution, either in its past history or in its existing laws, do you find the principle assumed by the nominee party, viz., that the House of Lords is a mere emanation from the Crown?

The Queen can make a lord! what then? to make a lord is a very different thing from making a House of Lords. To establish distinctive classes in a community where they have never existed and where there is nothing to prepare for them to do this by an exercise of arbitrary power—and to invest a newly created upper class with titles of nobility and legislative functions, and both hereditary, is a work of a very different nature from merely elevating an individual into that upper class after it has been formed, ennobled, and endowed.

Our gracious Queen can do the latter, but the former has not been done by any monarch of England, nor, as far as my reading has taught me, by any monarch since the world began.

The throne is now the sole fountain of honour in England; but it was not always, nor did it become so until long after these distinctions were established. And by what slow degrees the idea of nobility must have crept in among the Gothic nations, and how vain it is to expect that such distinctions can be introduced all at once and by a single act of the Legislature, will be manifest to any who only considers what was the original meaning of the words which have now become titles of the highest honour. The word 'baron' signifies a man; all the other words that mark nobility were names of office long before they became hereditary titles. This is at once evidential and illustrative of the fact that these distinctions came in (as historians teach us they did) slowly and by usurpation.

Some kind of distinctions existed in England before the battle of Hastings, and William recompensed his followers with grants of lands of the Saxon nobles, annexing to these territorial grants, feudal power and duties. And thus our present peerage arose out of the Norman conquest.

There are many tough questions, as I am well aware, connected with the origin of the British Parliament: but with them this argument is not concerned. It is enough that William and his successors did not establish and could not have established an absolute monarchy. When vanquished England was prostrate and unable to offer any resistance to the Norman tyranny, the king was checked by the companions of his conquest. The mailed hands that aided him to bind the Saxons held even the monarch himself in restraint. He was compelled by the feudal ideas of the time, by the spirit of his army, by the difficulty of keeping in subjection the high-spirited and warlike people whom he had conquered but not tamed, and by all the other necessities of his position, to recognise the claims of the military chiefs who stood round the throne in arms, or followed him to the battle, and to share with them the spoils of victory,—that is to say, the lands and the power they had won. In other parts of Europe, the crown vassals under the feudal system usurped, each in his own territory, all the functions of Government, and left the monarch little more than an empty title. It was not so in England. A common danger, a common necessity, hindered the dispersion of power, restrained the Norman nobles from pursuing selfish and separate schemes of ambition, and forced upon them unity of action and counsel. Our early kings also were men of superior energy and equal to their position, so that the throne always possessed substantial authority in England; but it was not the less compelled to share that authority with the great chiefs of the nation. Much confusion there was in those days, but amidst it all we can always recognise two powers, the king and the barons; and these become, as soon as the constitution begins to emerge from the chaos, the monarchy, and the House of Lords.

For my argument nothing more is required than just this—that the House of Lords gained its position by conquest, whether from the Saxon or from the Norman kings: that the present lords stand upon their own rights and upon the power won for them by the good swords of their ancestors, and that they are not and never were, as a body, mere nominees of the Crown, such as it is proposed to make the Upper House in this colony. And surely all this is indisputable. In fact, every one of the three estates gained its position by conquest, and could never have obtained it in any other way. The monarchy conquered at the battle of Hastings; the House of Lords, either then or a few years after, (the 'quando' matters not a whit—the fact alone is of importance); and the House of Commons, by a long succession of struggles, fought its way up to the influence it now exercises.

The result is that, in the legislature of Great Britain, we have now three co-equal powers, Queen, Lords, and Commons, each possessing hereditary rights and privileges that cannot be disturbed without altering the constitution. Of these three powers one is territorial, holds its privileges and its dignities with its estates, and can in no wise be separated from Great Britain. The peers are vassals of the Crown, they are in reference to Great Britain *ascripti glebæ*. The institution cannot be, or at least never has been transplanted from the mother soil into the colonies.

England, in planting colonies might have proceeded upon very different principles from those which have hitherto directed such undertakings. In this colony for example, she might have partitioned out the land in vast blocks, among a few settlers of a superior class; by laws of entail and primogeniture she might have hindered the estates so conferred from being either alienated or divided; she might have elevated her favorites to the peerage, and placed the government of the country in their hands; she might have subjected all who landed upon these shores to them as tenants and serfs. A colony so formed might have received large accessions of inhabitants by voluntary immigration (though that is not probable,) or by other means. Eventually, towns might have arisen to become a check by the number, intelligence, and spirit of their inhabitants, upon the territorial oligarchy. Thus, from the very origin of society, we would have derived the second estate, and the third would have been forced to achieve its own freedom. All this might have happened, but it has not. Events have taken an entirely different course. We have the Monarchy and Representative Assembly, but we have no Nobility. We desire to form a second estate and find ourselves without any of the materials that compose a House of Lords (save the dignitaries of the law and of the church, and the latter, it seems, are to be excluded.) This may be a very disastrous state of society, but whether or not, we must take facts as we find them. We cannot put back the clock of time; we cannot break up into its original elements and reform, as it were *de novo*, the social and political fabric of a colony that has now been growing for full sixty years.

Mr. Wentworth refers to the opinions of Burke, Pitt, and Wilberforce, and the instructions given to Lord Baltimore, as a proof that eminent British Statesmen have thought that the Upper House in a colony should be formed after the model of the House of Lords. But the argument arising out of the facts he refers to is against him. Other men, who were certainly not his inferiors in either position, influence, or ability, were desirous of trying the experiment he proposes; but they could make no progress, the thing was found impossible and was scarcely even attempted.

It is surprising that Mr. Wentworth does not perceive this, but it is still more surprising that he does not seem to observe that if he allows his Bill to be deprived of the hereditary clauses every semblance and shadow of a constitutional principle is shorn away. Taken in its entireness, the scheme presented to the Council has a grandeur and plausibility that is well suited at first view to fascinate the mind and cheat us into expecting that this colony may one day form an Upper House like in many respects to the House of Lords, like it at least in resting upon its own separate basis, and being independent alike of the people and of the Crown; but if you remove the hereditary principle, and leave for all coming time but one door of admission into that House, viz. the will and pleasure of the viceroy, you remove from the project every thing that is either attractive or delusive.

Stripped of its trappings and seen in all its intrinsic littleness, we can easily perceive that the pure nominee chamber proposed for our acceptance could never be anything better than the creature and the minion of a vice-regal court—and thus alike contemptible and unconstitutional.

The principal of bestowing legislative power as an hereditary right upon the eldest son of certain great families is the fundamental principle upon which the House of Lords is now based: take that away from your project, and you admit most fully that you despair of ever forming among us anything like a British Upper House.

You admit, in fact, that the second estate is irreparably lost to the colony, and that whatever we substitute for it is not and cannot be the second estate as it is in Britain. And this brings you down to the principle which I endeavoured to explain in my former letter; and which, so far as being unconstitutional, is, I contend, *the only constitutional principle that remains to you for the formation of an Upper House.*

If a part of the legislature be lost, it cannot be competent for one of the surviving estates to assume the power of replacing it. Any person accustomed to consider the simplest combinations of numbers can see the fallacy of such a proposal. It seems to me a truism as plain as are the rules of arithmetic, as irrefragable as are the demonstrations of Euclid, that if we desire to maintain the existing constitutional balance, we must either be satisfied to continue without an Upper House, or else give to the surviving and co-equal powers of government an equal share in its formation.

"But," it may be asked, "if the Legislative Council is pleased to confer the right of nomination upon the viceroy, may he not exercise that right, and would not the Upper Chamber so formed emanate from the two powers?"

My reply is, the nomination of the members of the second estate either belongs to the Crown by right or it does not. If it does belong to the Crown, then what has the Legislative Council to do with the matter? Manifestly nothing: the Crown need not await their permission before exercising its own prerogative. If, on the contrary, the formation of an Upper Chamber does not pertain exclusively to the monarch, if the people's representatives must take a part in the creation of this new estate, if the people and the Crown have in fact equal rights in the Legislature (whether it is composed of two estates or three), then must the representatives of the people refuse to engage in this great constitutional act, on any terms but as a co-equal power: they cannot without doing wrong to the constitution itself as well as to the people (whom they represent) abandon any portion of their rights and privileges.

It was well argued by Mr. Saurin (a great name at the Irish bar) that "the House of Lords was not competent to dissolve the House of Commons, *nor even to dissolve itself, nor to abdicate if it would its proportion in the legislation of the kingdom; that though a king may abdicate in his own person he cannot abdicate for the monarchy.* The constituent parts of a state are obliged to hold their public faith with each other"—and (I may add) to maintain their own proportions as an essential part of the constitution. The principle so enunciated is applicable to the present question. No power of a state can surrender any portion of its rightful authority without committing a crime against the common interests. In this colony the viceroy has a right to his full third in the legislature; the people also have a right to a full third: if we permit these proportions to be altered and two-thirds bestowed on either of the co-equal powers, we upset the constitution.

Who then are the innovators? "But," it may be observed, "this question is not a novelty, many eminent statesmen in England have been occupied about it, but have never proposed the solution that appears to have occurred to so many people in this colony." Suppose they have not, what then? They never examined the question from the same point of view in which it is presented to us.

In England, the question has usually assumed this form—"How shall we, *we* the Government of Great Britain, *give* an Upper Chamber to a colony?" Now, if the Home Government are to give the Upper House, the natural medium through which the boon should be enforced, is the viceroy. Thus these men were led by the suggestions of their position to think of vice-regal nomination. To this they were further disposed by too hastily assuming that, because the monarchy can make a lord, it can therefore create a House of Lords—at least good enough for a colony.

Burke somewhere says that "a bramble at the nose seems larger than an oak at a hundred yards distance." What wonder, then, that those distinguished statesmen, standing under the shadow of the British oak, should make but small account of the sapling that was endeavouring to raise its feeble head in a distant part of the landscape, and shou'd imagine that by their force it could easily be bent into whatsoever shape they pleased.

We contemplate the subject from another point of view, much more favourable to a correct understanding, much better suited to guide us to the true solution. With us the question is, "how shall we, with the assistance of the Crown, *form for ourselves* an Upper House?" Our means, our wants, our difficulties, all the peculiarities of our position are before us. With us it is a prime question, awakening all our interest and taxing all our energies. We have therefore every advantage in considering it.

And since the question began to be seriously considered in the colony, it is manifest that the feeling has become very widely diffused, that in the formation of an Upper Chamber both of the two surviving estates should have a share. This principle appears, if I mistake not, in almost every letter that has been published, sir, in your journal; it seems to have been almost unanimously adopted by a large and intelligent public meeting at Windsor; and, if I may take as a test the opinions which I myself hear expressed around me, I would venture to say that two out of every three in the colony, who have reflected at all upon the matter, would desire to see the question so settled.

The proposals of Mr. Norton, Captain Weston, and Mr. Morris, based as they are on this principle, have also (if I remember aright) another feature in common. They all require, as the test of fitness for the Upper House, that each name should be approved by the viceroy on the one side, and the people or the people's representatives on the other.

It is remarkable (this fact was referred to by Mr. Morris in his speech) that a precedent for this proposal can be found in the history of the British Constitution. From the reign of Edward III, to that of Henry VII, (when the nobility having been much weakened by the civil wars, the King seized the opportunity of enervating the powers of the crown) peers were created by statute, and in full parli

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

October 24.—Confucius, brig, 175 tons, Captain Censon, from Melbourne 15th instant, in ballast. Captain, agent.

October 24.—Jenny Lind, barque, 368 tons, Captain Lloyd, from Java 22nd September. Passenger—Master Lloyd. M'Nab, Brothers, agents.

October 24.—Royal Exchange, 224 tons, Captain Turner, from Sourabaya 31st August. Passenger—Mrs. Turner. Brown and Co., agents.

October 24.—Ida, Mamburgh barque, 417 tons, Captain Reimer, from Melbourne 17th instant. Hauge and Prell, agents.

October 24.—Mousam, barque, 250 tons, Captain Robinson, from Geelong 14th instant, in ballast. Passenger—Captain Smith. E. M. Sayers, agent.

October 24.—Shamrock, steamer, 200 tons, Captain Warner, from Melbourne 21st instant. Passengers—Messrs. M'Donald, Marks, Meanhall, and eight in the steerage. A. S. N. Company, agents.

October 24.—Blackfriar, barque, 450 tons, Captain Tinsman, from London 10th June. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Gordon and son, Mr. and Mrs. Pike, Mrs. Beinfield and child, Mrs. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Brendey, Mr. and Mrs Sprout, Mr. Rolph and family, Mr. and Mrs. Hart and child, Miss Hart, Messrs. Cook, Sheppard, Marsock, Birch, Smith, and son. Gilchrist, Alexander, and Co., agents.

October 24.—Amelia the First, Portuguese brig, 289 tons, Captain Mallon, from Oporto 23rd April, and Rio Janeiro 4 July 2. Passenger—Mr. F. Cruzio. Smith, Brothers, agents.

October 24.—Amicitia, Dutch barque, 328 tons, Captain Billinger, from Liverpool 22nd June. Passengers—Messrs. Osborne, J. Leclere, G. and J. Clark. Smith, Brothers, agents.

October 24.—Shamrock, schooner, 140 tons, Captain Nurcomb, from Melbourne 21st instant, in ballast. Passenger—Mrs. Nurcomb. Morris and Co., agents.

October 24.—Cheetah, schooner, 150 tons, Captain Joyce, from Wellington 7th instant. Buyers and Learmouth, agents.

October 24.—Isabella Hercus, ship, 619 tons, Captain Robertson, from London 11th June. Captain, agent.

October 24.—Fettercairn, steamer, 200 tons, Captain Rutherfurd, from Melbourne 21st instant. Passengers—Miss Fallam, Messrs. Bastam, Paterson, and 78 in the steerage. Buyers and Learmouth agents.

October 24.—Holland, Dutch barque, 363 tons, Captain Mendess, from Liverpool June 24th. Captain, agent.

October 24.—Spray, brig, 148 tons, Captain Scott, from Nelson 17th instant, in ballast. Passenger—Mr. Edwards. Buyers and Learmouth, agent.

DEPARTURE.

October 24.—Palermo, for Moreton Bay.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—Maitland, for London; Singapore, for Arracan; Spitfire, Flying Cloud, Proteus, Ulrica, Exchange, for Melbourne; Alice, for Geelong; Julia Percy, for South Sea Islands; Walmer Castle, for Guam; and Vulture, for Hobart Town.

CLEARANCES.

October 24.—St. Anne, French ship, 217 tons, Captain Girardeau, for Pondicherry, in ballast. Passenger—Mr. E. Remy.

October 24.—Daniel Ross, barque, 486 tons, Captain Kettels, for Hongkong, in ballast.

COASTERS INWARDS.

October 24.—Frederick Griffiths, and Beppo, from Newcastle, with 100 tons coals, 48 bales of hay: Elizabeth, from the Hawkesbury, with 1130 bushels maize: Mishipinam, from Brisbane Water, with 35,000 shingles, 12,500 feet sawn timber; Dove, from Broulee, with sundries; Vision, from Kiama, with 100 kegs butter, 5000 feet timber, 40 bags wheat, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

October 24.—Christopher George, for M'Leay River; Cumberland, for Morpeth; Defiance, for the Hawkesbury; Thomas, and Canmore, for Newcastle, with sundries.

IMPORTS.

October 24.—Fettercairn, from Melbourne: 15 bags oats, 5 bales bags, 200 boxes candles, order.

October 24.—Ida, from Java: 22 cases merchandise, 100 boards, 40 casks liquors, 40 casks wine, 50 casks flour, 2 cases cigars, 100 cases geneva, 5 cases geneva, 19,000 bricks, Hauge and Prell; 14 cases merchandise, 2 casks, Kirchner and Co.; 4 casks 10 cases, Augustus Brewjier; 9 cases, A. Merk; 1 case, E. Salmon; 500 casks flour, 22 cases, Order.

October 24.—Blackfriar, from London: 50 barrels pork, 20 hogsheads beer, 20 casks 25 cases brandy, 300 cases geneva, 30 casks oatmeal, 5 cases sardines, 25 firkins butter, 58 kegs tartaric acid, 252 cases pickles, 137 boxes candles, 9 casks ginger, 20 pieces hams, 25 cases soda, 40 casks whitening, 1 case almonds, 10 cases liquorice, 50 bundles 1 case raisins, 4 cases figs, 25 casks marsala, 24 casks rum, 10 barrels pimento, R. Covery; 50 casks cement, 80 drums linseed oil, 30 packages 20 barrels 20 casks 212 cases, George Thorne and Co.; 40 hogsheads beer, 50 hogsheads brandy, D. Macmillar; 250 cases beer, 40 hogsheads brandy, Campbell and Co.; 30 cases geneva 25 hogsheads brandy, 2 puncheons rum, 12 cases beer, 4 cases gin, 40 cases wine, 12 cases French wine, A. Polack; 1 case cigars, A. F. Croome and Co.; 27 cases 16 bundles 2 casks, E. C. Weekes and Co.; 14 cases bingines, 90 casks beer, 133 casks geneva, 225 kegs hardware, 6 kegs nails, 18 bars 33 bundles iron, 118 bundles iron hoops, 50 tons coals, 2 cases tinfoil, 5 tierces 1 bale corks, R. and E. Tooth; 50 kegs tobacco, Smith, Croft, and Co.; 36 cases preserved meats, John Taylor, 10 hogsheads brandy, 70 cases starch, 100 cases pickles, 25 cases mustard, 17 cases herrings, 14 cases cheese, 3 tierces 1 barrel 3 cases sardines, 20 bags pimento, 20 bags pepper, 12 carrotoels currants, 14 barrels raisins, 42 barrels, bastards, Macintosh, and Hirst; 1 case brandy, 91 cases port wine, Hughes and Jones; 2 cases tobacco, S. Hart; 1 hogshead sherry, 24 cases 12 bales, Ray Glaister, and Co.; 1 case guns, 5 cases soap, 6 cases 12 casks, J. G. Raphael; T. Thompson; 20 cases drapery, G. C. Tuting; 10 cases, Constable and Co.; 7 packages, D. Bloxsome; 1 case, E. Youngman and Co.; 1 bale, L. Murphy; 4 barrels, L. and S. Samuel; 2 cases, Sarpy and Birrell; 15 cases sardines, Gilchrist, Alexander, and Co.; 1 case, J. Lazarus; 7 cases, Ede and Ridge; 6 cases, J. Marks; 2-2 cases, C. Abrahams; 2 cases, C. E. Robinson; 1 case silver plate, 13 packages, Flavelle Brothers; 8 cases 6 bales, J. W. and S. Thompson; 6 cases 3 barrels 1 box, H. W. Oliver; 3 cases, Barnard and Vickers; 4 cases ribbons, Middleton, Graham, and Co.; 1 case musical instruments, Hamburgher, and Sons: 100 cases geneva, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 1 case watches, D. Parker; 2 cases 5 barrels, North and Co.; 27 boxes 80 barrels refined sugar, Australian Sugar Company; 10 casks rum, 30 hogsheads brandy, Brown and Co.; 130 cases claret, 10 cases brandy, 10 cases French wine, 10 quarter-casks Spanish wine, 4 cases cotton, 20 cases cigars, 2 cases toys, 2 cases pianos, 1 case picture frames, 134 cases beer, 80 hogsheads, 100 cases brandy, 19 cases 1 crate 6 casks, Order.

October 24.—Jenny Lind, from Batavia: 460 bundles rattans, 6953 bags 80 baskets sugar, 25 casks 42 bags nutmegs, 30 cases 22 bags cloves, 29 casks 10 cases brandy, 50 cases punch, 89 casks rum, 502 bags black pepper, 138 bags white pepper, 1392 bags coffee, 2 bales 2 chests cigars, 825 cases gin, 4 chests clothes, 244 packages tea, 187 packages earthenware, M'Nab, Brothers, and Co.; 1940 bags sugar, 118 bags coffee, 150 bags black pepper, 90 bags white pepper, Smith, Croft, and Co.; 325 bags coffee, 6 package cigars, Buyers and Learmouth; 1200 planks, 16 boxes soap, 13,000 cigars, 1 chest cutlery, 6 casks brandy, 2 cases nutmegs, 4 bags pepper, Captain Lloyd; 450 bags coffee, Order.

October 24.—Royal Exchange, from Sourabaya: 9500 bags sugar, 357 bags coffee, Brown and Co.; 50,000 cigars, Turner.

October 24.—Amelia, from Oporto: 450 pipes and cases wine, 50 cases corks, Order.

October 24.—Cheetah, from Wellington: 77,200 feet timber, 10 tons black oil, 150 hides, 400 sheepskins, Buyers and Learmouth.

October 24.—Amicitia, from Liverpool, 4 bales hats, 17 casks hams, 1 case ribbons, 25 bags corks, 49 hogsheads rum, 2 cases straw hats, 30 hogsheads 6 barrels rum, 38 hogsheads brandy, 33 boxes books, 1 box cutlery, 2 casks hardware, 2 bales blankets, 3 cases haberdashery, 5 bales cottons, 4 hogsheads holloware, 10 iron houses, 2 cases apparel, 2 cases cotton, 2 casks cutlery, 60 cases castor oil, 80 half-barrels pork, 1 case engravings, 30 boxes twine, 7 cases cottons, 4 trusses canvas, 1 bale blankets, 4 cases hosiery, 12 bales cottons, 3 bales haberdashery, 6 casks holloware, 2 crates chairs, 10 casks 3 cases saddles, 1 case skins, 1 carriage, 11 weighing machines, 2 cases thread, 5 bales cottons, 22 bales canvas, 10 tons hoop iron, 4 cases twine, 72 kegs shot, 5 cases lead pipes, 50 half-barrels pork, 60 bales canvas, 8 casks hardware, 30 hogsheads spades, 17 cases woollens, 30 packages wooden houses, 9 packages earthenware, 20 cases cottons, 10 casks holloware, 25 casks saddlery, 3 cases whips, 43 packages glass, 5 bales linens, 11 cases haberdashery, 4 cases boots and shoes, 1600 fire bricks.

EXPORTS.

October 24.—St. Anne, for Pondicherry: 264 tons coals, Order.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the Post Office as follows:—

For London.—By the Maitland, this day, at noon; and by the Alert, this evening, at 6.

For Hobart Town.—By the Vulture, this day at noon.

For Ceylon.—By the John Patchett, this evening, at 6.

For Calcutta.—By the Ann Mary, this evening, at 6.

For Melbourne.—By the Sir John Harvey, steamer, this day, at 3 P.M.

MELBOURNE.

Arrivals.—October 15. Hopewell, from Newcastle, N.S.W.; Wild Irish Girl, from Hobart Town, 6 passengers; Baron of Bramber, from Tahiti; James Gibson, from Sydney; Amy, from the Mersey; Richard and Ann, from Plymouth 7th June; Gazelle, from Launceston; Rolla, from New Zealand, 18 passengers; Andromeda, from Dundee 4th May; Wanderer, from Newcastle, N.S.W.; Clarence, steamer, from Launceston; Eugene, from Auckland, 11 passengers. 16. Comet, from Nelson, 5 passengers; Great Britain, S.S.S. from Liverpool 11th August, 376 passengers; Wild Wave, from Liverpool 19th May. 18. Admiral Jan Evertsen, from Liverpool 20th June; Barretto Junior, from London 7th June, 44 passengers; Audubon, from New York 3rd July, 46 passengers; Mary, from London 1st May; Havilah, steamer, from London 2nd July, 11 passengers; John Hussey, from Launceston. Shamrock, steamer from Sydney; Manchester, steamer, from Launceston; 20. Helen and Elizabeth, from Western Port; Waratah, steamer, steamer, from Sydney; Imaun, from Geelong.

Departures.—October 14. Lochiel, for Callao; Derwent, for Batavia; Huntley, for Mauritius; Dolores, for Auckland; Mercia, for London. 15. Yarra Yarra, steamer, for Launceston; Celia, for King George's Sound; Macoppa, for Adelaide; Australia, for New Zealand; Nimrod, for Callao: Minalto, for Mauritius 18. Splendid, for Callao.

GEELONG.

Arrivals.—October 14. Raven, Emma, and Earl of Dalhousie, from Sydney.

BELFAST.

Arrivals.—October 8. Sarah, from Sydney. 9. Saracen, from London.

LAUNCESTON.

Arrival.—October 14. Rory O'More, from Sydney.

AUCKLAND.

The Recent Wrecks at Kaipara Heads.—The *Southern Cross* of the 8th instant publishes a letter from Captain Cobham, of the Seabird, in reference to the recent wrecks. He says—The native schooner Hori Tepaia, Hamona (samoa), belonging to Tauranga, has brought up the crew and passengers of the missing cutter Auckland. From one of the passengers (Mr. Young) we have learned the following particulars:—The cutter Auckland sailed from this port on the 7th September for Matakana, having on board six passengers, viz., Mrs. Scott and two children, Mr. Young, Master Griffiths, a man (whose name we are not able to give) lately discharged from the 58th Regiment, and two seamen who belonged to the vessel. The same night it came on to blow, and they were compelled to take in all sail and let the vessel drift before the wind. In the course of the night, broken water being seen, the anchor was let go; at daylight they found themselves nearly on the rocks, and on endeavouring to weigh the anchor the cable parted, and the vessel drove on shore near Cape Colville. The crew and passengers got out of her with no other damage than a wetting and the loss of nearly all they had on board. After landing they endeavoured to attract the attention of passing vessels, by making a fire, and hoisting a flag on a pole on one of the hills; but although 10 vessels passed during the time (24 days) they were on the land, none of them rendered any assistance. They ultimately made a small punt out of some pieces of the vessel, and thus attracted the attention of the natives. The natives, however, refused any assistance, or to bring them to Auckland, demanding two pounds for each person taken on board, and they refused to allow Mr. Young to enter the vessel until they received the money which he gave them; the others not having the money, they took them on board on their promising to pay when the vessel arrived in Auckland. While on shore their only food consisted of a small tin of biscuit (which lasted only three days at three biscuits per day each), wild cabbage, and shellfish; the latter, however, was scarce at that part of the coast. It is but fair to add that, though the vessel belonged to Tauranga she was navigated this voyage by natives from Rotorua, who had hired her for the voyage to Auckland and back. The barque Camilla, Captain Boyle, having called at Hokianga, for a cargo of sawn timber, without being able to obtain one, was chartered at Kaipara, where she arrived in safety. There are now five large vessels—the Signet, Seabird, Sir Edward Paget, Psyche, and Camilla,—loading at Kiapara, and yet the masters of ships trading to a port of such commercial importance, are compelled, at considerable risk and great personal inconvenience, to cross arms of the sea, and travel about a hundred miles of bush tracks in order to enter their ships at Auckland. This is certainly a striking example of the mercantile facilities of Auckland.—*Southern Cross, October 7.*

As the recent wrecks at and in the neighbourhood of Kiapara seem to have created some interest with regard to that place, I beg leave to make the following remarks: "On leaving Melbourne, in command of the ship Seabird I received an outline, from Captain Wing, of the Heads a Kiapara, together with instructions where and when to anchor. I followed them, and rode out in safety an N.N.E. gale, outside the banks for two days. Not experienced no difficulty in entering, through following Captain Wing's advice, and never found less than five fathoms water, having a hand with the lead in both gangways all the time. While at an anchor outside the banks I had a good opportunity of seeing the channels. There are no marks, save those of nature at each side; but while there is a break right across, save the deep channel; I mean the one referred to by Captain Wing. I entered through his advice with perfect confidence, and sincerely hope I shall depart in the same way."

BATAVIA.

Arrivals: August 2. Hendrick; 3. Pictura, Bulgersteyn; 4. Blundell, Duke of Wellington; 8. Louisa Frederika; 12. General Mechiels; 13. Everdina Elisabeth, and Diana, all for Sydney.

Exotic Shipping.—Sailed, August 4: Orion, for Sydney: Dorpersteeker, for Hobart Town. Arrival 7th: Nelson, from Port Phillip; Colonist, from Hobart Town. Sailed: Sydney, steamer, William and Jane, Claudine, Queen, and Perseverore, for Port Phillip: Julia, for Adelaide. Arrivals, 8th: General Hewett and Mary Bannatyne, from Sydney. Sailed: Able Tasman, for Sydney. Sailed 9th: Clesapide, for Sydney. The following vessels were also entered outwards for Sydney on August 6: Prince of Wales, Havering, Thomas Arbuthnot, Euphrates, Dominion, Mary Hall, Hendrik Jan, Joseph Somes, Castle Eden, Woodsomoilne Justyn, Cheapside, Akbar, Queen of the East, Anna Margaretha, Alceto, Ano, Earl of Hardwicke, Nile Entendale, Samarang, John Phillips, Syria, Ewerella, Dalhousie, Sophia M'Kenzie.

Cuxhaven Horses.—Entered outwards, October 24:—Walter Morrice, barque, 666 tons Morrice, for Hongkong: Bonnie Doon, barque, 228 tons, M'Lean, for Melbourne; Cleshire Witch, brig, 150 tons, Holden, for Mauritius.

We are unable to give the names of the passengers by the Isabella Hercus, Captain Robertson having declined furnishing the necessary information to the reporter.

We are unable to publish the manifest of the Isabella Hercus, as Mr. Bremer, the boarding officer, refused to allow the reporter to copy it.

The Amicitia has not spoken any vessels connected with the colony: but Captain Hellingman has furnished the following account of a wreck seen in the passage out from Liverpool:—"July 15th, at daylreak, perceived a wreck to windward, tacked and passed it twice, close alongside. She had lost her main and mizen masts, fore topmast, and jibboom, also the bulwarks on both sides, the deck being open from the fore to the after hatch, was full of water, and we saw some casks driving in the hold; she had a long house aft, painted yellow, all broken, and a full length female figure head, painted white, with a small gilt string round the head. The vessel had two ensigns, which I could only make out one, 'Ervine.' She was painted black, and seemed to me to be either an English or American vessel.

The Exchange, Vulture, and Ulrica, were at anchor at the Heads last evening at sundown.

The Havilah.—This magnificent steamer anchored in Hobson's Bay at 6 p.m. last evening. She is fitted with engines of 60 horse power, and is intended for the inter-colonial trade; her fitting are of first class, presenting a saloon scarcely to be equalled by any of our other steamers, and we feel confident for accommodation she will prove a favourite.—*Argus.*

Southampton, August 3.—The iron steam collier Rajah, belonging to the Peninsular and Oriental Company, sailed this morning for Cardiff, to take a full cargo of coals, and proceed thence, via the Cape of Good Hope, to Singapore, where, after her arrival, she is to be employed in running to Labuan, in Borneo, to convey coals from the mines of the Eastern Archipelago Company there for the use of the numerous steamers employed by the Peninsular and Oriental Company in the Indian seas. Besides fuel necessary for her own consumption during a space of twenty days, the Rajah will carry 600 tons of coals on freight, and will thus be a most useful vessel for the purpose for which she is designed. She is pretty well armed, being provided with six iron swivel guns, besides others of larger calibre in the waist of the ship, and has plenty of muskets, pistols, boarding pikes, cutlasses, &c., and will thus, in case of necessity, be enabled to protect herself against any attack from the pirates which infest the coasts of Borneo and the Eastern seas.—*Argus.*

The Jenny Lind, from Java, reports the Martin Luther and Fanny Fisher, to sail for Sydney early in September.

The Royal Exchange, from Sourabaya, reports the following vessels as loading for the colonies: Forris, for Port Phillip and Sydney; Capia, for Geelong; Duke of Wellington, for Hobart Town and Sydney.

The Shamrock, steamer, sailed from Hobson's Bay at 7 P.M. on the 21st, and Twofold Bay on the 23rd. The Hotspur arrived on the 21st, and the Waratah was advertised to sail on the 22nd instant.

The Blackfriar has had a very protracted passage of 136 days. Heavy gales have prevailed throughout. When off Desolation Island a violent gale carried away the bulwarks and rendered the vessel nearly a wreck.

The Cheetah left Wellington two days after the William Alfred, and Queen Charlotte's Sound on the 14th instant, but brings no intelligence of importance.

The Emma, from Pernambuco, arrived at Liverpool August 8th, bringing four passengers of the ship Condor, from Australia to London, burnt at sea.

First Wool Ship for the Season.—The Wellington, a fine ship of 472 tons, Captain Stewart, has been engaged by Mr. S. G. Healy to come round here from Melbourne to take in wool. She may be shortly expected.—*Portland Guardian.*

At the Winchester Assizes, Aaron Crawcour was convicted of stealing 48 pounds of gold on the high seas. The theft was committed at Rio, on board the Lady Flora, bound from Australia to London. Crawcour was a passenger, in a destitute condition. The chief witness was a prisoner, John Gore, formerly second mate of the Lady Flora. According to his statement, Crawcour, three other passengers, and himself were engaged in the robbery. The gold was sold at Rio. Crawcour sold it, and he seems to have got the largest share. His sentence was two years' imprisonment.—*Melbourne Herald.*

The new paddle steamship Valetta, built for the Peninsular and Oriental Company, has made her first passage from Malta to Marseilles in 47 hours, the shortest time in which any vessel ever yet ran 660 miles under steam. The celebrated Admiralty steamer the Banshee, Lieutenant Hosken, commander, never made the passage in less than 51½ hours. The average speed of the Valetta, it will be seen was better than 14 knots an hour. This continuous steaming of 14 knots, or 16,300 statute miles an hour, for 660 miles, is unprecedented.—*Home News, August 1.*

American Clipper Ships for the the Australian Trade. We announced a few days since that Messrs. Baines and Co. of Liverpool, had chartered the celebrated clipper ship Sovereign of the Seas for a voyage to Australia and back. Since then we have learnt that the same firm have contracted with Mr. D. M'Kay, of Boston, the builder of the Sovereign of the Seas, to build them a first-class clipper for their Black Ball line of Australian packets, to be ready to succeed the clipper ship Marco Polo. This will afford a very good opportunity for testing the sailing capabilities of the different builds of clipper ships, as their first clipper to be despatched is the Sovereign of the Seas, built at Boston, United States; the second, the Arrowlie, built at Workington; the third, the Marco Polo, built at St. John's, New Brunswick; and the fourth, the new clipper to be built by Mr. M'Kay. The new ship will register about 2000 tons.—*Times, 6th August.*

Fire Disturbances.—On the morning of Monday last, the day succeeding the arrival of the Othenia, five of her crew, without orders or authority, jumped into one of the ship's boats, in charge of one of the officers and two other men, took forcible command, and steered direct for the slaughter yards, where they landed without opposition, and made their escape into the bush, no one preventing them. An immigrant informs us that they are most regardless characters, and will cling to each other like leeches; each of them is armed with his stiletto and a brace of pistols, and will resist capture to the last: if caught at all, there is sure to be some music at the affray. Four other of the light infantry have since taken French leave of the ship also.—*Portland Herald, October 7.*

Water Police Office.—Yesterday, Robert Collins, a seaman belonging to the Ellenborough, was charged with being absent without leave. He pleaded intemperance as his excuse; Captain Thornhill stated that prisoner had been drunk daily since the arrival of the ship in Port Jackson. He (Captain Thornhill) desired to add that upon anchoring here, he had promised to every man who stood by the ship and conducted himself well, that the port wages now ruling in Sydney should be paid to him for the voyage home. The Bench sentenced the prisoner to be imprisoned for four weeks, and to be kept to hard labour.—Etta Le Mon, a seaman belonging to the Mathilde, was sentenced to be imprisoned for four weeks for desertion.—John M'Enerce, a seaman belonging to the Ann Mary, pleaded guilty to having shipped with a false discharge, and was sentenced, under the provisions of the Water Police Act, to be imprisoned for four weeks. The Bench reminded him that under the said Act, they had the power to pass a sentence of three months' imprisonment. The Water Police Magistrate and Mr. C. H. Chambers presided.

A seaman on board the Midlothian was drowned during the voyage from Singapore, having lost his balance whilst fixing the quarter-boat, and fallen over. The ship was at once hove to, and the life buoys were thrown over, but as the poor fellow could not swim, he sank before the boat could be got near him.

The Ida is originally from Hamburgh, but called at Melbourne to discharge part of her cargo.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

October		Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water. Morn.	High Water. Even.
25	Tuesday	5 8	6 20	12 48	1 12

Moon's Last Quarter, 3h. 24m., p. m., October 25.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

This Evening, October 25.

Will be produced the Drama, entitled, WOMAN'S LOVE; or, Kate Winsley, the Cottage Girl. Hugh Winsley, Mr. Rogers; Baldwin of the Burn, Mr. Montague; Wilford Clitheroe, Mr. Ward; Humphrey Hollyhock, Mr. Howell; Kate Winsley, Mrs. Guerin; Chloe Castaboat, Mrs. Rogers; Polly Pry, Miss M'Lean; Teddy O'Wells, Mr. Belfield; Lady Adeline, Madame Sara Flower; Lady Jessy, Miss Warde; Mrs. Graham, Mrs. Guerin. A new GRAND PAS SEUL, by Madame Strebinger. Favourite Ballad, Madame Sara Flower. To conclude with UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

THE
Sydney Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1853.

'Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I.'

THE EUROPEAN NEWS.

The *Shamrock* has brought the Great Britain's mail, which however extends only over a few days of the month of August. The Vimeira and Sydney will probably bring heavy mails. We have received letters from our Correspondents, but can only find room to day for the subjoined extracts.

It was rumoured that Lord Palmerston was to take the seals of the Foreign Office, Lord Clarendon becoming Home Secretary.

On the 23rd July the Lord Mayor gave a grand banquet, at which the Earl of Aberdeen and Count Walewski (the French Ambassador) gave the strongest assurances of a cordial understanding between England and France.

The French and English Governments had agreed upon the basis of a common action, and had intimated to the Russian Government that all further delay or hesitation in the evacuation of the principalities would be considered as a direct refusal.

At a Cabinet Council held on the 31st July, the English Ministry resolved to demand explanations from Russia in reference to the stoppage of the tribute from Moldavia to Turkey, and to instruct the British Consuls at Jassy and Bucharest to abstain from all official relations with the usurping power. This decision was communicated to both Houses of Parliament, and Lord John Russell stated that the co-operation of the German powers had at length been secured.

The Grand Duke Constantine, Grand Admiral of the Russian fleets, arrived at Odessa on the 17th July.

London, August 10, 1853.

The Russo-Turkish affair is generally looked upon as settled, the Czar having accepted a proposition put forward by England, France, Prussia, and Austria. The consent of the Porte has to be officially obtained, but of this there can be no doubt, the proposal of the four powers having been made in the interest of Turkey. For my part, I am not so sanguine as to the adjustment of this difference. We know nothing as to whether Russia consents at once to evacuate the Danubian principalities, and should she refuse, a war becomes inevitable. My impression is that she only consents to negotiate in order to gain time. I am not an optimist in this instance, though I trust I may be mistaken. We are to have a splendid naval review at Spithead to-morrow, at which the Queen and the members of both Houses are to be present. There was a great meeting held yesterday, at the London Tavern, with the view of presenting a testimonial to Mrs Caroline Calsholm, as a mark of appreciation of her valuable services in the cause of Australian Emigration. The leading speakers were Mr. Vernon Smith, Mr. Sidney Herbert, and Mr. R. Lowe. Nearly £900 was subscribed in the room. The news from St. Petersburgh has caused a slight rise in funded securities. Reduced 3 per Cents. have closed at 98¾—¾ per Cents. 10¼. Australian Agricultural Shares have advanced to 33½. Peel River are 2 premium. Van Diemen's Land have been in demand at 18 ½—17. Scottish Australian Investment at 2 premium. Colonial gold ¾ premium. North British Australian Land par to ¼ premium. South Australian Land 37—39. Bank of Australasia 81—83 Union Bank of Australia, 71½ to 72½ ex-div. Bank of South Australia 44—46. London Chartered Bank of Australia 2—2½ premium. The wool trade here is rather inactive—prices remain the same; at Leeds and Bradford a fair business is doing. Wheat has fallen 3s. per quarter this week. The weather is favourable for the harvest.

(From another Correspondent.)

This welcome news that the Emperor of Russia has accepted the propositions of the four Allied Powers for the settlement of the disputes between Russia and Turkey, was announced by the *Times* on Monday morning, with a degree of authority which left no doubt of its truth, and was received with lively satisfaction. It was said that a telegraphic dispatch had been received from Vienna stating that official intelligence had arrived in that city, conveying this important information. The report that all was settled in reference to this long-vexed question, was so comforting to the moneyed world that the funds thereupon experienced a decided improvement; but in the evening, upon explanations being demanded in the Houses of Lords and Commons, it was discovered that the news, although probable, must be inexact. The note containing the propositions of the Four Powers was not despatched from Vienna to St. Peterburgh until the 1st or 2nd of August; and, therefore, could by no possibility have been answered at the date of the reported telegraphic despatch. The extracts furnished below, from the speeches of Lord John Russell in the House of Commons, on Monday evening, and Lord Clarendon in the House of Lords, furnish all the information possessed by the English Government as to the present state of the negotiations. With this recent and official statement before us, it would be waste of time to indulge in speculation founded upon the uncertain foreign news in our journals. Directing attention to these "explanations" from authority, it is only necessary further to observe, that a confident expectation is entertained in all the capitals of Europe, that the negociations which have been so long going on, will terminate in a pacific settlement of the matters in dispute.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY—HOUSE OF COMMONS.

August 9, 1853.

Sir J. Walmsley: The question which, according to notice, I am about to put to the noble lord the member for the city of London, is one deeply interesting to the public generally, but especially to the mercantile interest. I believe it to be also one that intimately concerns the dignity and responsibility of every member of this house. I wish to ask the noble lord whether her Majesty's Government will, previous to the prorogation of Parliament, submit to the House of Commons a statement of the existing relations between this country, Turkey, and Russia, and whether a day will be named for the purpose of giving to members of this house an opportunity of expressing their opinions on this question.—(Hear, hear.)

Lord John Russell: In answer to the honora'de member, in respect to his first question, I have to state that before the prorogation of Parliament, I will give such information with regard to the relations between this country, Russia, and Turkey, as may be consistent with my public duty. With respect to the second question, I cannot say that I think it would be consistent with the public interest, in the present state of the negotiations, that any day should be fixed for a public discussion of this question. (Hear, hear.)

Lord D. Stuart: The noble lord has stated that before the prorogation of Parliament, he will give the House of Commons all the information in his power on this most important subject. Is the noble lord able now to inform the house whether there is any truth in the rumour which has been circulated in the newspapers to-day, of a most important character, namely, that the Czar has agreed to certain proposals which have been submitted to him by the different Powers of Europe, for the adjustment of the differences between Russia and Turkey, and whether we are any nearer a solution of this question?

Lord John Russell: In answer to the question of my noble friend, I have to state that there is foundation for the rumour to which he has alluded; and that her Majesty's Minister at Vienna has received a despatch which is of a satisfactory character. (Hear, hear.) The answer received is in reply to the first proposal, which was agreed to at Vienna; and the messenger who was to go to Constantinople, and who was to leave Vienna on the 31st ult., did not leave it until the 2nd of August, so that a reply cannot be received from Constantinople so soon as was at first expected.

Sir de Lacy Evans inquired at what time the noble lord would make his communication to the house, and whether it would be made in such a way that no opportunity would be afforded to members of expressing their opinions on the subject?

Lord John Russell begged to explain that what he had said was, that he would give such information as should be consistent with his public duty, and he thought it would be most satisfactory to give such information at the latest period before the prorogation of Parliament. (Hear.)

Mr. Layard: Do I understand the noble lord to say that there is to be no discussion?

Lord J. Russell: So far as the Government are concerned, it is not our opinion that there should be a discussion. (Hear, hear.)

On the same evening, in reply to questions of the Marquis of Clanricarde, the Earl of Clarendon spoke as follows:—

The Earl of Clarendon: My lords, I am afraid it will not be in my power to give my noble friend any answer which materially differs from that which I gave him five days ago to the same question. I agree entirely now, as I did last week, in everything which has fallen from my noble friend with respect to the consequences which will arise, both to Turkey and to Europe, from any permanent occupation or anything resembling a permanent occupation of the principalities by Russia. But I cannot again inform my noble friend that we have no official information of the character which he has now brought before this house. I am not certainly prepared to deny that many of the acts to which he has alluded may have been committed by the Russian Government. I have derived my information merely from the same sources as my noble friend, and in that way it is stated that there has been a sort of committee of government formed for carrying on the business of the principalities together with the Hospodars. But we have no information whatever of that kind, and I am sure my noble friend will agree with me, and I am sure your lordships will also be of opinion, that for her Majesty's Government to act upon reports as they arise would be the height of rashness; yet in no other way could we have proceeded in carrying out the measures to which my noble friend has adverted. My noble friend has said he believes the Danube has been crossed and Bulgaria invaded. I have no reason to believe such is the fact, but the contrary, because I have this afternoon received letters from Galatz, dated the 29th of July, in which no allusion whatever is made to such an occurrence. But certainly some allusions are made, which I shall not advert to, respecting a few gunboats brought down there, and the bellicose character of the general arrangements at that point. We have likewise received letters from Jassy of the 27th July, and from Bucharest of the 26th July, and no mention is made in them of this near form of invasion having been established. It is perfectly true that the presence of the Russian troops there is alluded to as a hardship, and that the peasants are withdrawn from their agricultural operations, and made to do a certain amount of work; but there is no mention of recruits being drawn from amongst them. Mention is made of a large amount of provisions being sent from Bessarabia, which is Russian territory, for the use of the Russian troops in the principalities. I therefore say, and I am sure your lordships will agree with me, that to have acted upon any such information as we have seen in the newspaper would have been premature, especially as some of the reports referred to last week have already proved to be incorrect. I can only say further, that my noble friend cannot exceed me in his abhorrence of war and in his anxiety and desire for peace, provided that peace is an honourable peace (hear, hear, hear). I am sure no other peace would ever be for the interests of this country, or receive the support of this great nation (hear, hear). But, my lords, I must say that, at the point at which we are arrived in these negotiations, when I do see reason to hope they are tending to a satisfactory and peaceful solution, exciting debates in either house of Parliament are not likely to produce that peace, and that description of peace which would alone be beneficial to this country (hear, hear). I must inform my noble friend that the negotiations appear to have assumed exactly that character which we all have most desired (hear, hear). This question has not been left as one simply between Russia and the Porte. It has not been left as one between England and France, united closely for supporting Turkey against Russia. It has assumed an European character (hear, hear). It is not only the Porte, it is Austria, it is Prussia, it is France, it is England, acting together in order to check designs which they consider inconsistent with the balance of power, or those territorial limits established by previous agreements. This, I say, is a state of things which must be satisfactory to your lordships and to the country, because it is likely to lead to a more satisfactory and more permanent conclusion. (Hear, hear.) I think my noble friend will not press me to enter more into details as to the state of the negotiations now pending between Vienna and St. Petersburg, when I assure him that nothing has been done at Vienna without the consent of the French and English Governments, and that the French and English Governments will consent to nothing which does not protect and secure the independence of Turkey. (Hear, hear.)

In a subsequent stage of the debate, the noble Earl further expressed himself as follows:—

The Earl of Clarendon: I should be very sorry if there existed the slightest misapprehension, even for a single day, with respect to my meaning with regard to the Russian occupation of the Danubian provinces. I have no hesitation now in informing my noble friend, without waiting for any further discussion, that we look to the immediate and complete evacuation of the Danubian provinces as a *sine qua non* of any agreement whatever. (Hear.) With respect to any discussion, or any statement which it is desirable to make, I hope your lordships will bear in mind that the Government have not wished to shrink from this discussion, or to lay the fullest information before Parliament of what has been done. I did not even ask my noble friend to postpone the motion of which he had given notice for a previous evening. I felt that if your lordships and the country were pleased to ask for it, you were perfectly right and justified in so doing, and the noble marquis, yielding to the request of the noble lord, did so independent of the Government, and without even giving the Government notice of his intention. I hope, therefore, it will be remembered that the Government do not shrink from any discussion; and any disposition I ever had in favour of that discussion is greatly increased by the prospect—I fear not quite an immediate a prospect—of the close of the session. I do think it desirable the country should have every information we can give it, and I can assure my noble friend, nothing will prevent her Majesty's Government from doing so, except those reasons which have hitherto influenced them—regard for the public service—and which have been recognised and approved by this house. (Hear, hear.)

We devote the whole of our available space to further extracts of English intelligence:—

The following report of the stock market on Tuesday evening, August 9th, from the *Morning Advertiser* of the 10th, describes the feeling in London in reference to the latest intelligence. English securities receded a little upon the highest values of yesterday, when many bear accounts were closed very suddenly, owing to the apprehension excited by the favourable intelligence from abroad. The possibility of a renewed hitch, however, when the Emperor is called upon to evacuate the Provinces, still leads many parties to defer closing until the last minute. Consols brought 97¾ to 98, but were last offi ially quoted 97¾; and for the September account they were about 97¾ to 98. The tone adopted by the members of the Government in Parliament last night is not considered so positive as some could have wished, and until all doubt is removed the public will not be very likely to come in as

by the Dutch Government in the form of the oath to be taken by the prelates.

AUSTRIA.

The financial statement for 1852 has been published at Vienna. The receipts amounted to 224,896,268 florins; the expenditure to 274 587,121 florins, showing a diminution compared with the previous year of 8,776,299 florins of the yearly deficiency.

Letters from Tabriz state that Mr. Thompson, Charge d'Affaires of the British Government, has obtained a signal victory over the Russian Diplomatist. Prince Dolgouriki, the Russian Minister, was on the point of quitting the Court of Persia.

AMERICA.

The news from New York extends to 27th July.

The opening of the Great Exhibition by the President, and the public proceedings by which it was followed, were engrossing public attention.

No event had created so general and so profound an interest in the public mind as this ceremonial. The whole city was alive with the interest and excitement which the event occasioned.

At an early hour the Palace was besieged by applicants for admission, and when the hour of opening arrived it filled rapidly. At the intersection of the naves, and all beneath the dome, the floor was soon particoloured as a garden with brilliant bonnets and silks. The platform in the north nave, which was to be the great scene of interest for the day, began about this time to be animated. Members of the Senate, guests invited by special request, militia officers, and the President of the Crystal Palace with his official staff, and a host of other persons too distinguished not to be well known, made their appearance on the boards.

The Exhibition was attended by men of all parties, classes, and creeds. Bishop Wainwright, who offered up the opening prayer, being supported by the Roman Catholic Archbishop Hughes. Mr. Prescott, the historian, Sir Charles Lyell, and Lady Ellesmore and daughter, occupied positions near the platform. After the prayer, a choral, composed for the occasion, was sung to the tune of "Old Hundred," by the New York Sacred Harmonic Society, accompanied by the National Guard Band, and members of other Societies, and the organ.

Complaints having been made of the indelicacy of nude statuary at the New York Exhibition, the Directors had been compelled partially to screen it.

Yellow fever continued to provail at New Orleans, but it was confined principally to the lower orders, the deaths averaging from thirty to forty per diem.

Lieutenant Ottinger had arrived at New York with specimens of coal from the Puget Sound Coal Mines. The coal lies very near the surface, and it is said that a wharf could be constructed for 6000 dollars, which would enable steamers to load directly from the pit's mouth.

A slave belonging to H. France, of Pettis County, Missouri, was publicly burnt on the 13th ultimo, for murdering the wife of John Rains: his master was ordered out of the State for conniving at the crime.

The following circular respecting imported merchandise has been issued from the Treasury department:—"Treasury Department, July 20, 1853. Your special attention is called to the following instructions in relation to the appraisement of merchandise, under the Act of 3rd of March, 1851, additional to, or in modification of, the circular instructions from this department, dated 27th March, 1851: the invoice cost of foreign merchandise, supported by the oath required by law, will be held and taken as the importer's declaration of value at the port and time of shipment, and conclusive against the importer; unless, before entering the same, the said importer, his consignee, or agent, shall declare in writing, under oath, on the invoice, a decline in value between the time of such purchase and the date of shipment, and the amount thereof; in which case such declared value shall be conclusive against the importer, but in either case the appraisers will determine and fix such additional value as the law and the facts may warrant.—James Guthrie, Secretary to the Treasury."

MELBOURNE.

(From a Correspondent.)

HAVING been only a few hours in Melbourne, I am not able to write to you so fully as I would wish relative to the progress made by the Select Committee upon the New Constitution for Victoria. I can state, however, that it is unanimous on the subject of having two elective Houses—the one to be called the Senate, and the other the House of Representatives. The Senate is to consist of twenty members, elected for ten years, four retiring every two years. The colony is to be divided into four electoral districts; the qualification for voting for the election of a senator to be freehold property of the value of one thousand pounds; and the qualification of a voter to freehold property to the value of ten thousand pounds. The House of Representatives is to be elected for five years; no qualification for members; and the elective franchise almost universal, that is, all male persons twenty-one years of age and upwards, who have resided in the colony twelve months, and can read and write, will be entitled to vote. The Committee have also agreed to a very liberal civil list. The salary of the Governor is fixed at £10,000 a-year, with £5000 additional for his establishment. I hope to be able to write to you by the Great Britain, which leaves to-morrow, a more perfect and detailed account of the proposed new Constitution, but I have every reason to believe that you may depend upon the general correctness of the information I have now given you. I have no time to make remarks, but this I may say, that the Victoria Legislature is animated with what it conceives to be a most perfect conservative spirit; and on the first view of the matter I do not see on what other principles the elective franchise for the Lower House could have been based, regard being had to the claims of the great gold digging population. If equal electoral districts are accorded, all classes and interests will be fairly represented. I will not at present speculate upon the chances of the harmonious working of an oligarchical Senate and a liberal House of Representatives; but I may remark that in such a Constitution there appears to be very slight sympathy for our Sydney democrats.

I find that the report on the new Constitution for Tasmania, signed Richard Dry, which appeared in your contemporary, the *Empire* is neither a hoax nor an emanation from *Punch*, as we in Sydney more than suspected, but the veritable production of the Tasmanian legislators. In how far, however, some emissary of *Punch* had to do with the writing the leading article of the *Empire*, comparing Mr. Dry and Mr. Wentworth, is still a doubtful question with me. The puerility of the Tasmanian report is as much ridiculed here as in Sydney.

The Council here is very indignant at the alteration made by your Council in the railway gauge, and it is intended to petition the Queen to disallow the Act. It appears that everything for the Victoria railroads had been ordered from England to suit the original gauge. It is really a pity that our Government did not consult with this before deciding upon so important a measure.

I will endeavour to obtain every information on the subject of the proposed Constitution for Victoria, if not in time for the Great Britain, at any rate for the Wanaiah. The Great Britain will take up a large number of passengers.

Melbourne, October 21.

GRAND EVENING CONCERT.—This evening, Mr. Colman Jacobs gives his farewell concert in the saloon of the Royal Hotel. During his short sojourn in Sydney he has won opinions (golden ones we hope) from our musical circles. His programme includes selections from the best masters of the ancient and modern schools. The instrumentalists are Mr. C. Jacobs, pianoforte; Herr Strebinger, violin; Mr. Baly, flute. Vocalists, Miss Flora Harris, Miss Armfield; Signor Spagnoletti (his first appearance in the colony) Mr. John Howson, and Mr. W. J. Palmer. To the classical morceaux confided to each artiste, and which will be found in another column, we cordially invite the attention of our musical friends.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. MORT.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Landed Property; at half-past 2, at the Bon Accord Wharf, Materials of Brick and Wooden Stores; at 3 o'clock, at the Albion Wharf, Boat Knees, Maize, Cedar, Shingles, &c.

MR. H. A. GRAVES.—On the premises, Elizabeth-street South, Household Furniture, &c.

MESSRS PURKIS AND LAMBERT.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Fancy Goods, Jewellery, &c.; at 12 o'clock, Groceries, Port, Sherry, Matches, &c.

MESSRS. BOWDEN AND THRELKELD.—At the City Mart, at 11 o'clock, Iron Bedsteads, Household Furniture, Firearms, Ironmongery, &c.

MR. W. DEAN.—At the Australian Auction Mart, at half-past 10 o'clock, Boots and Shoes; at 11 o'clock, Boots and Shoes.

THE MESSRS. MOORE.—At the Labour Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, &c.

MR. J. G. COHEN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Portion of the Stock of Mr. Robert Macdonald.

MR. J. M. HUGHES.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, &c.

MR. C. MARTEN.—At the Horse and Carriage Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Harness, Carts, Waggons, Vans, &c.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN.—On the Premises, 328, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, Stock-in-trade, &c.

MR. F. F. LESSARK.—At Moore's Wharf, Cabin and Bed Berths.

MR. J. HOPKINS.—At the York-street Bazaar, at 2 o'clock, Horses, Gig, Harness, &c.

MR. R. MURIEL.—At the Stores of Messrs. Hogue and Co., at 11 o'clock, Cigars, Wines, Champagne, &c.

MR. C. NEWTON.—At his Rooms, at half-past 10 o'clock, Salmon, Tobacco, Soap, Ironmongery, &c.; at 11 o'clock, Walnuts, Currants, Hams, Butter, Wines, Spirits, Tortoiseshell, &c.

MR. E. SALAMON.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Herfumery, Brushes, Planoforte, Water Purifyer, Chairs, Fancy Ware, &c.

MR. RISHWORTH.—In Woolloomooloo-street, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, &c.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—At three o'clock on Saturday afternoon, a seafaring man named Clark, who was travelling into the interior, was stopped by four armed robbers. They all wore striped shirts, and they had red worsted comforters on their heads, a portion being pulled down over their faces so as to effectually disguise their features. They took the seaman off the road at the place of ambuscade, a thickly wooded spot about fifteen miles from Sydney, on the Liverpool Road, and after robbing him of his all, to wit,—four £1 notes, they bound him to a tree. They subsequently stopped another hapless traveller, whose name has not transpired,—they robbed him of three £1 notes, and having also bound him to a tree, the robbers decamped. After a considerable time had elapsed, Clark extricated himself from the cord which had pinioned his arms, and he then released his fellow-sufferer, but no trace or tidings of the brigands have yet been discovered.

A DESPERADO.—William Martin, the robber under committal for the outrage upon Mr. Robert Peel Raymond, made a desperate but ineffectual effort to escape from the central receiving watch-house yesterday morning.

HORSE STEALING.—About a quarter-past seven o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Beaumont, builder, of Castlereagh street, left his horse, a bay cob, about 13½ hands high, saddled and bridled, outside his house for a few minutes, while he entered the house to put on his mackintosh coat;—when he returned into the street, the horse, &c., were stolen. A boy in the street told Mr. Beaumont that he saw a man jump on the horse and ride away. The horse is valued at £20, and the saddle, a Somerset one, with the bridle, is valued at £6.

HORSESTEALING. On the 4th instant, the chesnut mare, aged 6 years, known on the Grafton, Ipswich, and Brisbane race-courses under the name of Starting Tear, was stolen from the premises of her owner, Mr. R. H. Bridges, Newbold Grange, near Grafton.

SUSPICIOUS.—Two men and a woman were on Sunday apprehended by Inspector Holmes in the cellar of a house in Pitt-street North, where also he found a number of silver and plated spoons and common forks. They were brought before the Bench yesterday, and were remanded in order to afford time for enquiry as to the owner of the property until to-day.

STEALING.—A woman named Robbins was yesterday brought before the Bench charged with having on Saturday night stolen a shawl of the value of £5. Prosecutrix deposed that about a fortnight since she received the prisoner into her house, by way of affording her a shelter, she having been turned out by her husband. On Saturday evening she went out shopping, and took prisoner with her; she went into a shop in King-street, and purchased a shawl for £5, which, having been folded into a box, she handed to the prisoner to carry; she made two or three other calls, and at length sent the prisoner to order a joint of meat at the butcher's while she purchased a pair of shoes; the prisoner left the box with her, and was to return to the shoemaker's shop to carry home the shawl: the prisoner returned, and just after leaving the shop, said, "Why, the box is empty,—where is the shawl?" Prosecutrix replied that no one ought to know so well as she (the prisoner) who put the shawl into the box, no one having opened or touched the box during her absence; she denied all knowledge of the shawl. Prosecutrix, thereupon, gave her into custody. The Mayor was not fully satisfied with the evidence, but thought there was so much suspicion about the affair that it should be sent for further inquiry, and committed the prisoner for trial at the Quarter Sessions. Mr. Little appeared for the prisoner. Bail allowed.

DRUNKARDS.—There were thirty charges of drunkenness on the police sheet yesterday, in more than the half of which the culprits were females. Three paid 20s. each, six or seven paid 5s. each, and the remainder went to the cells.

CREATING FIRE ARMS.—Thomas Wilson, the man who escaped from Inspector Higgins on Tuesday night, by slipping out of his coat, and whose apprehension was reported in yesterday's *Herald*, was yesterday arraigned before Major Lockyer. Mr. Darley, and Mr. Weekes, with the men Towers and Thomas, the evidence in whose case has already been fully reported. The depositions formerly taken were read over, and Inspector Higgins gave evidence of Wilson's apprehension. Their worships then consulted, after which Major Lockyer informed the prisoners that they were found guilty of being rogues and vagabonds, and that they were sentenced to be worked on the roads or the public works of the colony for the period of two years. Thomas said they might as well be sentenced for ninety-nine years, as the diggings would be used up before the expiration of their sentence. There seems to be no doubt that Wilson is the man who was chased by Inspector Connor from Mr. Blackett's residence at the Glebe, and left his boots behind; as in his coat pocket Mr. Higgins found a silk handkerchief, the hem of which had been torn off, and instead of the ordinary laces in the boots referred to, were portions of the hemmed edge of a silk handkerchief, which exactly corresponded with the torn edge of the handkerchief in question.

STEALING.—On Saturday afternoon, a new saddle, of the value of £2, was stolen from Mr. Adrian's auction room, King-street, where it had been left for sale by a dealer named Manning.

Mr. Rishworth begs to call the attention of furniture buyers to his sale at the residence of Mr. Pickering, Woolloomooloo-street, Woolloomooloo, this day, at 11 o'clock.

M. Dean will sell by auction, at his rooms, 427, George-street, this day, at half-past 10 o'clock, damaged goods, boots, &c.; at 11 o'clock, a large and varied assortment of new and seasonable goods.

Mr. Newton sells, this day, at his rooms, at 11 o'clock, 1000 lbs. tortoiseshell, a large quantity of port, sherry, brandy, fruits, walnuts, &c.

COMMERCIAL.

WOOL SALES.

A further review of our English files affords many additional particulars of interest beyond those which appeared in yesterday's *Herald*.

The report of the progress of the London wool sales to the 6th August, was to the following effect:—

The public sales are proceeding, and the attendance of buyers is good. Prices may be said to be a little firmer since the commencement. The sales will be concluded on the 13th instant.

AUSTRALIA AND PORT PHILLIP.—Scoured, extra fine (per lb) 2s to 2s 4d; 1st quality combing, 1s 11d to 2s 2d; 2nd ditto, 1s 8d to 1s 11d; 1st quality clothing, 2s to 2s 4d; 2nd ditto 1s 9d to 2s; inferior, 1s 4d to 1s 7d; lambs, 1s 9d to 2s 6d; skin, 1s 4d to 1s 9d; pieces and locks, 1s 2d to 1s 6d; grease, 11d to 1s 4d.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.—Scoured, extra fine, 1s 7d to 1s 10d; fine combing, 1s 6d to 1s 9d; 2nd ditto, 1s 4d to 1s 6d; fine clothing, 1s 6d to 1s 9d; 2nd ditto, 1s 4d to 1s 6d; inferior, 1s 2d to 1s 4d; lambs, 1s 4d to 1s 10d; skin, 1s 2d to 1s 4d; pieces and locks, 1s to 1s 1d; grease, 10d to 1s.

NEW ZEALAND.—Fine fleeces, clean, 1s 6d to 1s 9d; ditto ill-conditioned, 1s 2d to 1s 4d; lambs, 1s 4d to 1s 9d; skin, 1s to 1s 3d; unwashed and pieces, 10d to 1s.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Fine fleeces, 1s 8d to 2s; middling ditto, 1s 4d to 1s 6d; low and kempy ditto, 1s to 1s 2d; lambs, 1s 4d to 1s 9d; skin, 1s to 1s 3d. pieces and locks, 11d to 1s 2d; grease, 10d to 1s 2d.

New South Wales hides were quoted at 4½d. to 4¾d. per lb.

WOOL.—The business of the week has not been quite so active, and holders are more inclined to meet the market. This may be accounted for partly from the warlike appearance which the Russian question has presented, and which, added to the tightening of the money market, have produced a more cautious disposition among manufacturers, who are still consuming at a full average rate, and will very shortly be compelled to come into the market more freely. Some small sales of alpacas are reported at full prices; stocks on the market only moderate, and held firm. The public sales of colonial wools in London are progressing steadily at an average decline of 1d. per lb. on May prices, common and inferior flocks sharing most in the reduction. East India, Donskot, Egyptian, &c., are also ruling at a decline of ½d. to 1d. per lb. on previous current rates; the sales are expected to close on the 13th instant. The latest news received gives a more favourable account of the Eastern question, which will have its effect on the market.—*Liverpool Standard.*

LIVERPOOL MONTHLY WOOL REPORT.—The state of uncertainty respecting our political relations, which existed during June, has continued to operate unfavourably, more or less, throughout the past month, inducing buyers to act with caution: but, at the same time, the rate of consumption continues on a large scale, and we believe that a settlement of the question, one way or other, would lead to a more active demand. For the past week a feeling of confidence has been gaining ground that peace will be preserved, which has given a firmer tone to business, and our home-growers are unwilling to sell at prices that were before current.

TALLOW.—Both buyers and sellers have exhibited great reluctance to operate, although prices have given way. Fine P. Y. C. is offering at 50s. 6d. to 50s. 9d. per cwt., with a downward tendency. A reluctance is evinced to operate for delivery, and rates are lower, ruling at 60s. for the last three months of the year. Home melted has only been in moderate request, and is offering at 50s. to 50s. 6d. each, there being rather a larger supply. Australian mutton at 4½. to 5½.; beef, 4½. to 4½. 6d. South American, 4½. to 5½.; and Cape, 4½. 6d. to 5½. per cwt.—*Liverpool Chronicle.*

ENGLISH MARKETS.

AUGUST 10.—Gold Mine Shares were moderately active and prices were generally rather higher. Colonial were ¼ higher. United Mexican were heavy.

More was done in Joint Stock Bank Shares, and prices advanced. Australasia improved to £1 5s. Orientals to £1 10s.; and Union of Australia to about the same extent.

Australian Agricultural rose about £1, and the other land companies, Netherlands excepted, were firm.—Crystal Palace were scarcely so good.—*Morning Advertiser.*

Miscellaneous Shares—Australian Agricultural, 33½; Crystal Palace, 6⅝; N. S. Australasian, 1¼; Peel River, 6¼; South Australian Land, 38¾; Australasia Bank, 81¾; Union of Australia, 72½.

Mining Shares—Port Phillip, —; Nugget, ⅝ to ¾; B. Australian —; Australasian —.

Land Shares—Australian Agricultural, 324; South Australian Invest 17½-2½; South Australian, 37.9; Van Diemen's Land, 16.17.—*Liverpool Standard.*

WHEAT.—With respect to the price of wheat, the undeniable criterion is the "official document." The "most ordinary capacity," without any gloss, can understand the weekly averages, by the imperial quarter, from the *Government Gazette*, viz, on Friday, July 22nd, 1853, wheat was 41s. per quarter; on Friday, July 23rd, 1852, wheat was 49s. 8d.; and last week, 51s. 10d. per quarter, being a difference under the Free Trade system, against the Free trade "loafer" of more than 10s. a quarter in one year!—*Morning Advertiser.*

The *Bankers' Magazine*, in its review of the English money market for July, observes—"There is every anticipation that the value of money will be fully supported, if it does not further improve. The bullion in the Bank is gradually declining; heavy shipments of specie continue to be made to India; the foreign exchanges present an adverse position, while the last account of the Bank of France is decidedly less encouraging. The influence of this state of things would have been more keenly felt than at present had not a temporary lull occurred in trade, and should peace be assured, the alteration would shortly be evident. The conversion scheme of the Chancellor of the Exchequer is, in the meantime, nearly suspended. Since the close of last month, not more than 85,000 of the 2½ per cents. have been subscribed. A sale of this stock in the market has taken place, and the price obtained was only 93¾."

The *London Mercantile Journal*, of 9th August, gives the following account of the metal market;—"In railway iron several purchases have been made for both English and foreign lines; most of the makers are indifferent as to making sales. Staffordshire manufactured iron is looking remarkably healthy, and a very good business is doing at advancing rates. In staffordshire pigs most of the speculative parcels are gradually going into consumption, giving the market an upper tendency. Scotch pig iron has been continually fluctuating, according to the political atmosphere, the price having receded to 55s., the following day it reached 59s. and again receded to 58s., at which price it leaves off for mixed numbers at M.B. No. 7 Gartsherrie 62s., and No. 1 Glengarnock, 61s.; a considerable demand has sprung up for New York for these brands. An unprecedented small quantity of pig iron has been shipped to Canada this season, but it may be presumed that with the large public works going on there, the requirements must be considerable. Several parcels of Spelter have changed hands at £21 10s. on the spot, and £22 to arrive October shipment. Copper without alteration. Lead is firmer, and purchases cannot be so easily made. Banca tin is in good request for consumption; some sales have been made at £115. A good shipping business doing in the tin plates. Coke are very scarce. For English tin an advance has been declared of £4 per ton.

WOOL CIRCULAR.

London, 10th August, 1853.

Dear Sir,—The Great Britain being on the point of departure, we beg to advise you that public sales of colonial Wool commenced on the 14th ultimo, and will finally close on 13th instant.

The quantities arrived in time for sale were 60,536 Bales

	and of these have been sold up to this evening
15,560 Australian	14,459
25,500 Victoria	22,225
8,300 Tasmania	6,807
5,300 Adelaide	5,219
450 New Zealand	173
5,426 Cape	5,487
60,536 Bales	54,370

For the first fortnight the sales proceeded under the depressing influence of wet weather, and the unfavourable effect of apprehended disturbance to the peace of Europe, from the aggressions of Russia upon Turkey.

From the latter cause the Continental export trade of Bradford received a check—confidence was impaired, and up to the present time the purchases for that market have been quite limited. English wools have since May fallen 1½d. per lb., and very considerable stocks of combing sorts of colonial existing in Leeds and Bradford, have no doubt contributed to produce the small demand for this market. Foreign purchasers have given little or no support to prices at these sales.

The very large and satisfactory trade which has for some time prevailed in the clothing districts of the North and West, and the expected small supply of German wool available for England, have however had the effect of preventing any serious retrogression in prices, and the sales proceeded with remarkable uniformity, at fully May rates for the finer Australian clothing flocks and scoured wools, whilst on the combing flocks of Victoria and Tasmania and all clothing wools of middling and ordinary quality, as well as on skin wools, locks and pieces, we quote a decline of full 1d. per lb., and hurry. Flocks are difficult to move at 2d. per lb. reduction. Wool in the grease has been in supply rather too heavy for the wants of the trade, and has declined in value about 1½d. per lb. as compared with May—a result which was neither unexpected nor to be deplored, as great danger is considered to arise to the pile with wools in this state when damaged by sea water, and to this cause has been attributed the total loss of the Condor, from Victoria, and the narrow escape of the Adelaide, from Adelaide, both which vessels are believed to have caught fire from spontaneous combustion of the cargo. We trust, therefore, that with an increased supply of available labour, great efforts will be made by the growers to wash their flocks in the usual manner, to scour them (when classed) after clipping, in preference to shipping in grease.

The cheering change in the weather during the past week imparted more confidence, and the satisfactory intelligence received from St. Petersburgh on the 8th instant, has had a beneficial effect on prices since its receipt, the market wearing a slightly improved aspect. The arrival of more definite accounts than have at present been received, is looked for with much anxiety.

It is satisfactory to observe that over 50,000 bales of the new clip from Victoria have arrived, of which 42,000 will have been sold in the May and present series. The Australian clip has been later in arrivals, and only about 21,000 will have been included in these two sales.

Our report on the close of this series will give the range of prices obtained.

We are, Dear Sirs,
Your most obedient Servants,
CHARLES JACOMB AND SON, Brokers.

The transactions in wool by private contract during last month were again on a limited scale, and considerably out of proportion with the present satisfactory rate of consumption. For some time past manufacturers have been working off stock, and keeping out of the market, so that business has been very flat, and prices 5 to 7½ per cent. lower than before the Russo-Turkish affair.

The last ten days we have noticed a better feeling, and several sales have been made, in some cases at full rates, but generally at the above reduction.

The London public sales of 60,000 bales of Australian, Cape, &c., progress with steadiness at about 1d. per lb. below the average rates of May and June; the best flocks suffering in a less degree than the inferior and ill-conditioned.

The imports into England from our Australian colonies have been 88,608 bales in the first seven months of the present year, against 88,978 bales in the corresponding period of 1852.

ABRAHAM GARTSIDE AND CO., Wool Brokers.

August 11, 1853.—Rather more firmness for wool. Best clips up to June, but the bulk is 1d. per lb. lower, being middling and ill-conditioned. Prospects favourable for maintenance of present value.

A. G. AND CO.

AUSTRALIAN PRODUCE.

(From Good and Rigg Circular, August 8.)

AUSTRALIAN tallow, though brisk, and in good demand at advancing prices, in the early part of last month, partook of the general depression, and prices gradually declined. At one period it was very dull of sale, especially beef tallow, which showed a greater decline than mutton; the market, however, has lately assumed a firmer tone, buyers have been more disposed to operate, and prices have advanced 1s 3d to 2s per cwt. During the last few days, the present value of mutton being 52s 9d to 53s 3d, and beef tallow 50s 9d to 51s 3d, these rates are an average of 3d higher than on the 7th July. The arrivals during the past month have not exceeded 523 casks, and the present stock is confined to 769 casks. The total sales since 7th ult. are 835 casks; and present prices are as follows—Mutton tallow: middling, fair, and good colours, hard and pure 52s 9d to 53s 3d, fair body 52s 3d to 52s 6d, tender 50s 6d to 51s 6d; dark to rather dark, hard and pure 51s 6d to 52s, fair body 51s to 51s 3d; tender, 49s 6d. to 50s; very dark and inferior 48s to 49s; import since 7th ult, 440 casks. Beef tallow: fair to good fair colour, fair to good body 51s to 51s 3d, rather greasy and greasy 50s to 51s, very greasy 50 to 50s 6d; dark to middling colour, fair to good body 50s 3d to 50s 6d, rather greasy and greasy 49s 6d to 50s; very greasy, 48s. 6d. to 49s; very dark and inferior 47s to 48s.—P. S. 10th August. Since the date of the annexed the tallow market has been much depressed, owing to the pacific news from the East, and the value of T. has declined 1s 3d to 1s 6d per cwt. —W. T. G. and R.

New South Wales Hides have been in good demand, and a further advance of ½d. per lb. has been realised on those brought to sale; there are few now here, and the prospect for arrivals is good. The sales since 7th July comprise 6897 hides—heavy, 54½ to 56 lb., 37½d to 45½d; light, 39½ to 42½ lb., 37½d to 4d; 2nd class and damaged hides, 2⅞d. to 3½d. per lb. Imports since 7th ultimo, 3683 hides, which form the present stock.

HORNS, HOOFS, AND HORNS.—Shank bones are in fair request. Common are in more demand at the reduced rates lately accepted. Hoofs sell freely. The sales since 7th July comprise 85 tons S. A. bones and hoofs: shanks, good, £8; common bones, 75s; hoofs, £9 12s 6d per ton. 50 tons New South Wales: shanks, good, £9 7s 6d; ditto, inferior, £5 10s to £6; common bones, 72s 6d to 75s; hoofs, £7 2s 6d to £8 2s 6d. 50 tons Cape: shanks, £6 to £9 2s 6d; common bones, 75s; hoofs, £7 10s. 2 tons Lisbon: shanks, £8 12s 6d; hoofs, £7 10s. per ton. New South Wales horns, good, 17½ to 18½ ca., 57s 6d to 63s 6d; light, 13 to 16½ ca., 31s 6d to 47s per 123: sheep, 13s 6d per cwt.

Town Tallow continues in moderate supply; at one period of the month it rose 2s 3d per cwt., but some parcels being brought to public sale during the time of depression, the value declined, and the present quotation is 50s 3d per cwt. nett cash, which is about 9d per cwt. higher than on the 7th July.

SINGULAR DISCOVERY.—There is nothing new under the sun. The American coffin which attracted so much attention at the Great Exhibition of 1851, and which, by producing the vacuum by means of an air-pump, was thought to be an entirely new method of preserving corpses from decay, has been just proved to have been known in the middle ages. While demolishing, a short time ago, the old church of the ancient Welch College at Heimstedt, near Brunswick, a coffin made of lead was found, the lid of which was of glass of immense thickness, and containing the body of a young girl, apparently about twelve years of age, which still preserved every appearance of youth and freshness, although the coffin bore the date 1461. A private letter from a bystander tells us that "the face and figure of the child were perfect as in life, not a single sign of decay being visible throughout the whole person. The cheek preserved its delicate rose tint, and the forehead its snowy whiteness. The hair, which was of a beautiful gold-colour, was parted on the brow, and fell in long ringlets over the bosom, crisp and fresh as though the child had lain down to sleep the moment before. The dress of white satin embroidered in gold flower, the shoes of white velvet, and the lace apron, all seemed bright as if newly purchased; and more astonishing still, the bunch of lilies held in the hand of the corpse still looked as fresh and moist as though the dew still hung upon it. The workmen engaged in the demolition of the building were struck with awe, and immediately went in quest of the chief magistrate of the place, who soon arrived on the spot, accompanied by several of the inhabitants. Unfortunately, the worthy functionary having recently been made the victim of a practical joke in the town, and being half suspicious that the same thing was intended, would not believe in the reality, and seizing a spade from the hand of one of the workmen who stood near, dealt a heavy blow upon the lid of the coffin, and smashed one or two of the diamond-shaped panes of glass of which it was composed. In a moment, and while yet he gazed, a thin cloud of dust or vapour, like a wreath of smoke, rose from the coffin and dimmed the sight, veiling the corpse from our view. When it had disappeared, we gazed downward in awe: nothing remained of what had struck us with so much wonder; all had vanished, and left nought behind but a heap of discoloured dust, a few rags of tinsel, and one or two dried bones."

SMALL BILLS.—An American paper, in noticing the marriage, in the state of Michigan, of Mr. Henry Bills to Miss Mary Small, hopes that the issue of SMALL BILLS is not prohibited in that state.

THE QUICKEST RUN ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.—The Arabia, which arrived on Saturday, made the run from New York in 9 days 17 hours and 11 minutes, mean time.

BIRTH.

At late Wilshire's Retreat, Surry Hills, on Sunday, October 23, Mrs. Whittell, of a daughter.

On the 24th October, at Sterling Cottage, Darlinghurst, the lady of Henry Armitage, Esq., of a daughter.

Yesterday, October 24, at her residence, Ship Inn, Kent-street, Mrs. J. Lonergon, of a son.

On the morning of the 22nd instant, at her residence, Prince-street, Mrs. William Bray, of a son.

On Sunday, 23rd instant, at her residence, Market-street West, Mrs. John Armstrong, of a son.

MARRIED,

By special license, at St. Andrew's, Scots Church, Sydney, by the Rev. Robert Stewart, of Paddington, Mr. Joseph Nathaniel Cooke, to Mrs. Eliza Rebecca M'Elheran, both of Sydney.

DIED,

At Kangaroo Point, Moreton Bay, on the 7th instant, Agnes, youngest daughter of A. H. Hutchinson, Esq., aged one year.

On Sunday, 23rd instant, at the residence of her parents, King-street, Emma, daughter of Mr. S. Holmes, aged ten months.

FUNERAL.—The friends of the late Mrs. ELIZABETH WILSON are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, to move from the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Walker, Strawberry Hill, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock. JAMES CURTIS, Undertaker, Hunter-street. October 25. N.B.—No circulars will be issued. 3857

FUNERAL.—The friends of the late Mr. Samuel Gearside are requested to attend his funeral. The procession to move from his late residence, Canterbury, to-morrow, Wednesday, at 9 o'clock, A.M., from thence to St. Peter's, Cemetery, Newtown. WALKER and REUBEN THOMAS, undertakers, King-street West, near York-street. 3860

ST. MARY'S CHORAL SOCIETY. A General Meeting will be held on WEDNESDAY next, 26th instant, at 7 o'clock, in the Hall of St. Mary's Seminary, to receive a report from the Committee, to frame new rules for the Society, and for general business.

Members and other persons who may be desirous of joining the Society are invited to attend. 1349

NEW SOUTH WALES CONSTITUTION COMMITTEE.

A MEETING of the Committee will be held at the Exchange Hotel, George-street, This Day, Tuesday, the 25th October, at 4 P.M., upon special business. A full attendance of the Committee is requested.

W. R. PIDDINGTON,
3856 Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

GEELONG AND MELBOURNE RAILWAY.

TENDERS will be received at the Offices of this Company, Eyrie-street, Geelong, until Saturday, December 31st, 1853, for the supply of about 600 piles for the Railway jetty. The piles to be from 20 to 40 feet in length, and not less than 15 inches in diameter, perfectly straight and sound.

The tenders must state the description of the timber, and the price per running foot, delivered on the beach, Geelong. Further particulars may be obtained on application to the Engineers.

By order of the Board of Directors,
SNELL and KAWERAN,
Engineers to the Company.
Geelong, October 6th. 3771

CORDILLERA GOLD AND COPPER MINING COMPANY.

WE, the undersigned, being the officers of the above company, hereby give notice to the public that a dispute having arisen between ourselves and a Captain Price, who came out from England as temporary superintendent, and is endeavouring illegally, and without authority, to carry on the affairs of the company without our sanction, hereby caution the public to be careful how they give credit for stores, or other goods, to him, on behalf of our company, as we will not hold ourselves, or the directors, responsible for any such outlay. We also warn the public to be cautious in accepting guarantees from persons calling themselves officers of this company, or other interested persons, as we only have the power of sanctioning any expenditure.

Dated this 20th day of October, 1853.
George Charles Henry Wigan, Secretary
George Bind, Commissariat Officer.
Henry Hore, Captain of Miners.
John M'Intyre, Engineer.
Ezekiel Alexander Baker, Geologist.
3786

ADVERTISEMENTS. — Advertisements left at this Office after eight o'clock in the evening cannot be guaranteed to appear in the following day's publication. No alterations or withdrawals can, under any circumstances, be attended to if sent in after 2 o'clock P.M.

MISS B. RANDALL begs to notice that she is now ready to receive any pupils that may be committed to her care at 233, Elizabeth-street North, at which place terms for instruction may be obtained, or at the Australian Subscription Library, Bent-street. Sydney, October 24. 3824

THE undersigned are purchasers of Wool and Sheepskins.
PRINCE, BRAY, AND OGG.
George-street, May 17. 31

THE SYDNEY POST OFFICE VERSUS THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS.

To Country Subscribers to the "Illustrated News."

GENTLEMEN—For nearly seven years I have had the honour to supply you with the *Illustrated News* through the Post Office. I have regularly forwarded the stamped English newspaper, under the 10th section of the 15th Victoria, cap. 12; which runs as follows:—

Clause X. And be it enacted, That all newspapers printed in the colony, if transmitted within seven days from the date thereof, and all printed newspapers received from abroad, shall, if unenclosed, or enclosed in an envelope open at both ends, be received, conveyed, and delivered free of all postage whatever. Provided, however, that no such newspaper shall contain any note, letter, or memorandum, or other thing or writing therein or thereon, excepting only the direction on the outside thereof, and in case any such newspaper or newspapers, as last mentioned, shall be put into any post office at any time after the expiration of seven days from the date thereof; the same shall be charged with postage, at the rate of one penny for each newspaper.

There cannot be a doubt that the Legislative Council intended that all English newspapers shall be conveyed through the Post free; but, as it is a physical impossibility that I can import a newspaper published in London and put it in the Sydney Post Office within seven days from the date of publication, the Postmaster has taken advantage of the doubtful phraseology of that section of the act of Council, to make you pay a penny upon each newspaper. This exaction, which you have borne patiently, ought to have satisfied the liberal and enlightened authorities at the Sydney Post Office; but this is not all:—you prefer to receive packets of four or five *Illustrated News* stitched together with the natual object of securing them in this measure from the risk of loss, and this circumstance is made a reason by the Postmaster-General why you should no longer receive them, by paying a penny upon each newspaper, as you have done for years past; but he intends to make you pay a further exaction of nine pence postage upon each packet in future.

Numberless obstacles have been thrown in the way of forwarding the *Illustrated News* through the Post, more especially since the incumbency of Major Christie as Postmaster-General, and I have had the trouble to reply to at least half a dozen letters from the Post Office upon the subject. The whole of this tiresome correspondence upon the part of the Postmaster is intended to prove that when five newspapers are stitched together they are no longer newspapers. Although, to use the language of their own Act, defining a newspaper, the *Illustrated London News*, is a "paper containing public news, intelligence, or occurrences," printed for sale, and published periodically in numbers at intervals not exceeding twenty-six days between the publication of any two such papers and is published at six pence.

The London *Illustrated News* complies with these conditions, and is duly stamped at the Stamp Office, at Somerset House. Because a portion of the subscribers to this excellent newspaper prefer them retained until four or five numbers are published, and then (for convenience and security) stitched together with a cover, they are no longer to be called newspapers, the magician at the Sydney Post Office immediately flourishes his wand, and authoritatively pronounces that a newspaper which circulates through the length and breadth of Great Britain and Ireland by post, by the power of some cabalistic charm is changed into something else in New South Wales—that the identical paper which can be, and is, sent by post to all parts of the colonies of New South Wales, Van Diemen's Land, and South Australia, is by the arbitrary fiat of the Sydney Post Office declared to be no newspaper at all!!!

I need say no more, Gentlemen, to prove to you the *animus* which prevails at the Sydney Post Office, and the indisposition to follow the example of every other post office in the British dominions; but I ask you to realise the storm of public disapproval which would assail an English Postmaster General who would refuse to forward the *Illustrated News* free,—a paper which has attained a circulation to be counted by hundreds of thousands, and is an unobjectionable source of much pleasure to yourselves and families.

I have stated that I have before had some correspondence with the Post Office upon this subject; and what makes their new threat more provoking is, that it is in *direct opposition to the written undertaking of the present Post Master-General to forward the* Illustrated News, *stitched in packets, as newspapers*, as his predecessors (Messrs. Raymond

EAST GOSFORD CHURCH, BRISBANE WATER.

THE undersigned begs to acknowledge the receipt of the following subscriptions towards the erection of the above; and being about to leave the colony himself, George Rattray, Esq., of Bathurst-street, has kindly promised to receive further subscriptions. Those gentlemen who have promised to aid the undertaking are therefore requested to pay their promised amounts to him.

	£	s.	d.
Amount previously advertised	371	3	0
Mr. J. T. Balcombe	2	2	0
Mrs. Balcombe	1	1	0
R. A. Hunt	1	1	0
Mr. Richard Hill	1	1	0
Thomas Hale, Wollongong, (second subscription)	4	0	0
Mrs. Croft	1	0	0
Mr. R. S. Ross, J.P.	2	2	0
A friend (third subscription)	25	0	0
A friend (Mrs. R.)	10	0	0
Mr. William Northwood (second subscription)	25	0	0
	£443	10	0

EDWARD HAMMOND HARGRAVES.
Sydney, 24th October. 3688

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION
In the will of Horatio Brett late of Sydney merchant deceased

NOTICE is hereby given that at the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof application will be made to this Honorable Court by William Brett of Sydney landholder John Fairfax of the same place newspaper proprietor and Layton Odell David James of the same place solicitor the executors named in the said will that probate thereof be granted to them Dated this 24th day of October AD 1853

BRADLEY AND JAMES
Proctors for the said Executors
Exchange Buildings George-street Sydney
3789

NOTICE is hereby given that I, THOMAS KENDALL BOWDEN, of the Glebe, near the city of Sydney, lately serving under articles of clerkship to George Allen, of Toxteth Park, near Sydney aforesaid, Esquire, an attorney, solicitor, and proctor of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, intend on the last day of this present term to apply for admission as an attorney, solicitor, and proctor of the said Court.

Dated this 22nd day of October, A.D. 1853.
3493 T. K. BOWDEN.

TO Mr. FREDERICK MANNING. —If the case left at the stores of the undersigned on or about the 6th of January, 1853, be not removed in one month from this date, and the carriage and storage thereon paid, the same will be sold to defray the expenses.
GIBBONS AND ROBINSON.
October 22. 3297

MESSRS. T. J. A. and G. DIXON.—If the Messrs. Dixon, late of Rose Cottage, Bromley, Lancashire, will communicate with Messrs. Sherwood, Woods, and Co., No. 108, Great Bourke-street, East Melbourne, they will hear of their friends. 1505

TO CONTRACTORS. — Wanted, parties to contract for, or to erect by day work, a large Iron Store in O'Connell-street. For particulars apply to JOSEPH THOMSON, Queen's-place, George-street. 3704

TO HOUSE BUILDERS.

REQUIRED for about twelve months a competent steady person of the above trade to superintend the erection of a large house, &c., in the country. He must have had three or more years of colonial experience. Salary £30 per month, and a free cottage to live in. Apply to JAMES HUME, of King-street, Architect, between the hours of 9 and 11 o'clock in the morning. October 22nd. 3594

CASH ADVERTISEMENTS for insertion in the *Syaney Morning Herald* will be received by Mr. W. T. Pinhey, Chemist, Parramatta street, and Mr. J. Wilshire, Surrey House, South Head Road, till six o'clock in the evening. 2838

LONDON HOUSE—REMOVAL.
BRANDON'S Millinery Establishment is removed from No. 249, Pitt-street, to No. 204, opposite the School of Arts. 2568

CARD.—JOHN BENTON WATSON, Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, may be consulted daily at Mrs. Graham's, Liverpool. 3100

TO BE SOLD, the unexpired Lease of a Public House situate in George-street North, doing a first rate business, together with the furniture, bar fittings, and stock.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.—A gentleman can be accommodated with the above in a gentleman's family, in the neighbourhood of the Race Course. Apply to Messrs. WELCH AND ROOKE, 5, Colonnade, Bridge-street. 3779

BATHS—Hot, Medicated, and Vapour.—The above baths can be obtained at all hours of the day: every convenience that can be wished for is now supplied. J. S. NORRIS, Practical Chemist, Pitt-street. 1392

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN JEWELLERY,
Of the most fashionable description.

BATAILLE AND BROTHER beg to acquaint the gentry o Sydney, its environs, and the public in general, that they have received an assortment of the most magnificent gold bracelets, brooches, and earrings, ladies' watch chains, gents' ditto, brequet gold guards, and rings of every description; also a large and tastefully got up selection of electro-plated candlesticks, cruets, spoons, and forks, tea and coffee services, bread baskets, &c., the whole of the most modern designs.

P.S.—Every description of jewellery manufactured on the premises.

Watches and clocks, however minute or complicated, repaired and warranted for twelve months.

Mark the address!—512, George-street, next door to Mr. Dixson's, Tobacconist.
Sydney, October 4. 1329

TO BUYERS OF STOCK FOR VICTORIA.
FOR SALE, the undermentioned Sheep,
1000 5 year old wethers, fit for market
1000 3 ditto ditto } in good order
2300 aged ewes }
Apply to CRAWLEY AND SMITH,
3687 Campbell's Wharf.

CHILIAN FLOUR.—On sale by the undersigned, the remainder of the cargo per Coromandel, from Valaparaiso, in excellent condition.
MACKINTOSH AND HIRST,
3785 Queen's-place.

SOAP and Candles. — 1000 Boxes Candles, made from the best pressed caul and kidney tallow. Also, a large quantity of fine brown Soap for sale, cheap, at WM. B. ALLEN'S, Sydney Soap Works, Lower Dickson-street. 1480

TO Country and Suburban Publicans. —The undersigned have for sale a choice lot of English Ale and Porter, in excellent condition, in eighteen-gallon casks, particularly adapted for use in neighbourhoods where the draught is slow, and where the same goods in larger packages might become hard and unsaleable. LEGGATT AND MAYO, Kent-street North. 3643

E. VICKERY, Wholesale Manufacturer and importer of boots and shoes. Observe! New Buildings, 509, George-street, lately removed from opposite the markets.

N.B. Export and country orders executed to any extent. 3208

FOR SALE, 10 valuable young and healthy RAMS, worthy of inspection, and which can be delivered immediately. For pedigree and particulars apply to J. P. MACKENZIE, Wharf, Druitt-street. 3780

EX MARMORA, FROM AUCKLAND.
FOR SALE, 50 tons Potatoes, of a very superior quality.
THORNTON AND CHURCH,
1330 Macquarie-place.

CUTLERY AND SHEFFIELD PLATE,
Warranted of first-rate quality.

JOSEPH MAPPIN AND BROTHERS, Queen's Cutlery Works, Sheffield. These celebrated manufactures having been recently imported into Australia by numbers of English and Foreign Houses, purchasers who wish to have a first-rate article should ask for

"MAPPIN'S CUTLERY."

which comprises the following:—
Table knives and forks, in ivory, bone, horn, and stag handles
Pen and pocket knives of all kinds
Sportsmen's knives with instruments
Hunting knives — Butchers' knives
Stockmen's knives — Army razors
Shepherd's knives — Lancet edge razors
Dirk and dagger knives — Old English razors
Bowie knives, all sizes — Sun razors
Spanish lock knives, all sizes — Scissors of all kinds
Emigrants' knives — Sheepshears

PLATED GOODS, comprise
Cruet frames — Plated dessert knives and forks, in cases
Liquor frames
Plated spoons and forks — Fish carvers in cases
Tea and coffee sets

These goods are kept in extensive stock ready for immediate shipment at their Warehouse, 37, Moorgate-street, London.

Messrs. Mappin are appointed Cutlers to Queen Victoria, and were honoured with a prize medal at the Great Exhibition of all Nations in 1851, for the superior quality and finish of their manufactures.

JOSEPH MAPPIN AND BROTHERS, Queen's Cutlery Works, Sheffield. | JOSEPH MAPPIN AND BROTHERS, 37, Moorgate-street, London. 11856

TO SETTLERS, UP-COUNTRY BUYERS AND NEW ARRIVALS.

IF you wish to buy a good article, at a reasonable price, and from a house unrivalled in these colonies for style, price, and quality, pay a visit to

DEAN'S FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

The goods are marked in plain figures and at cash prices, with which no other house can compete. Where good finish and perfect cleanliness are objects, the stock offers every inducement, as the fact of nothing being kept except perfectly new is a sufficient guarantee that the furniture, bedding, and other articles are not spoiled before sold, as in some establishments, by being placed in contact with second hand, and frequently filthy, articles purchased at auction and elsewhere.

Note the address—

P. AND W. DEAN'S

Cabinet Manufactory and Bedding Warehouse, City Theatre, Market-street.

N.B.—Experienced packers are employed, and hitherto no complaints have been made, either by shippers or up-country purchasers. This it must be remembered is an important item. 3457

DEAN'S 8s. 6d. Chairs, beautifully French polished, unequalled in the history of the colony, and allowed by all to be the best value ever received for the sum of eight shillings and sixpence. ☞ Warranted to stand. Recollect, an opportunity like this should not be missed, as the whole will presently be cleared out.

☞ Mark the address—

DEAN'S Furniture Warehouse, City Mart, Market-street. 1647

COLONIAL FURNITURE.

CHARLES HUNT begs to inform the public that he still continues to supply sound and substantial Furniture at his old established Warerooms, in Jamison-street, also that he has just received from Europe some very excellent brass-mounted Iron Bedsteads, with patent sacking, &c., likewise Shop Chairs and Oval Stools, with cane seats, and Office Elbow Chairs.

Rout Seats and Chairs to let out on hire.

A very sweet-toned Seraphine for sale. 7772

CAPE BARLEY, FOR GREEN FOOD, ON sale, at the Stores of Henry Ferris, 291. Pitt-street, two doors north of Theatre. 3655

ON sale, at the Stores of the undersigned,
Woolpacks
Wool bagging
Canvas
Drapery
Brandy
Old Tom
Champagne, in baskets and cases
Claret
Draught ale
Bottled ale and porter
English and Dutch cheese
Ditto hams
Ditto bacon
Taal sugar, small mats
Black silk hats
Boots and shoes
Blankets
Gold watches and jewellery
SMITH BROTHERS AND CO.,
3579 Sussex-street.

ON SALE, at the stores of the undersigned,—
Martell's brandy, in hogsheads and quarter-casks, both pale and dark
West India rums, 10 O. P., and 30 O. P., very fine samples.
Case gin, key brand, and JDKZ
Scotch and Irish whiskeys (very choice) in hogsheads and quarter-casks
Pale brandy of first quality, in 1 dozen cases
Lowndes' Altona old tom, in 1, 2, and 3 dozen cases
Port and sherry wines in hogsheads and quarter-casks, and bottled of the finest qualities
Champagne and claret in 1 dozen cases
Marzetti's champagne cider, quarts and pints, in 1 dozen cases
Beers and cordials of every description
J. G. WALLER,
Wine and Spirit Merchant,
3530 Wynyard-quare.

CORK Rose Butter.—On Sale at the Stores of the undersigned—
100 kegs prime new butter.
SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
3578 Sussex-street.

EX ELLENBOROUGH.

THE undersigned has for sale the following goods, just landed, in excellent condition—
Patras currants, in barrels and carroteels
Pudding raisins, in boxes
New muscatel raisins, in layers
Turkey figs, in ½ and ¼ drums
Jordan and soft shell almonds
French plums, in glass jars
Bottled fruits, jams, and jellies
Tafilat and Persian dates
Barcelona nuts, dried apples
JOHN HUGHES.
3615 Market House, opposite the Market.

Ex Ellenborough.

500 CASES Geneva, JDKZ
50 Cases prime London bottled Port (Innes, Brothers, and Co.)
20 Bags pimento
72 Boxes choice muscatels, layers
15 Hogsheads Martell's brown brandy
6 Quarter-casks Hennessy's pale ditto
3557 ROBERT PORTER.

SHEEP for Sale. — The undersigned has for sale, by private contract, about 1000 Wethers, with full fleece, and in good condition. A lot well worth the attention of shippers and graziers. The sheep may be seen at Wheatley's, Coach and Horses, Penrith.
JAMES RYAN. Emu Plains, October 20.

FOR SALE, in Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo, a Verandah Cottage, opposite Bath Terrace, near William-street, containing four rooms, with detached kitchen, stable, &c. There is also an excellent well of never failing water. This cottage is fitted up in a superior style, and is well adapted for a small respectable family. For particulars apply to W. BAILEY, Builder, Bourke-street North. Terms liberal. 3623

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
THE NEW BUILDINGS,
495, George-street.

TO COOK AND COMPANY most respectfully announce to the ladies of Australia and the public in general that the above extensive, central, and commodious premises will be opened on the first of November next with a resplendent assortment of the undermentioned goods, selected in the home markets by a gentleman of acknowledged taste and judgment, long resident in this city, and thoroughly acquainted with the requirements of its commerce, viz.—
Silk mercery, mantles, shawls, dresses, hosiery, gloves, haberdashery, and a most complete assortment of useful drapery.
☞ 495, George-street, twelve doors North of the New Bank of New South Wales. 2944

SMITH'S
LADIES' and Children's Under Clothing and Family Outfit Warehouse,
39 and 41, Park-street, Sydney.
Ladies' morning robes, in cashmere, silk, white muslin, Swiss cambric, and prints
Ladies' flannel gowns, and invalid wrappers
Ladies' flannel and roped moreen skirts
Corded and dimity skirts, made up with improver bands
Tucked longcloth skirts, plain and flounced
Stiff cambric and corded skirts, with flouncing and trimming
Ladies' fashionably cut chemises, trimmed with insertion and scollop work of the following description, in stock

The Stanley	The Spanish
The Favourite	The Orleans
The Clarendon	The French Back
The Victoria	The Square Band
The Castilian	The Epaulet
The Jupe	The Windsor
The Grecian	The Theresa

The following descriptions of Chemises may be had plain—
Round with shaped sleeves
The favourite, frilled and plain
Square bands, ditto ditto
Flaps, with square and round backs
Epaulet and Victoria
LADIES' NIGHT DRESSES, of the following fashionable makes, viz.:
The Empress, elaborately trimmed
The Bedford, with flouncing
The Jersey, with insertion
The Tavistock, with insertion
The Paris, with insertion and flouncing
The M'Lean, extra length, strapped shoulders
The plain shape, with single and double lace
The Gloucester, with insertion and flouncing
The Amena, trimmed ditto ditto
The Italien, with insertion
The India, very cool for summer
The feathered, with muslin trimming
The plain shape, double and single muslin frills
Ladies' drawers, of a superior and comfortable shape, trimmed with insertion and flouncing, clustered tucks or plain
Ladies' complete riding drawers, with elastic straps
Ladies' night caps, trimmed with insertion and lace, or embroidered over with scollop frills
Plain and richly embroidered French cambric handkerchiefs
Superior embroidered chemisettes and sleeves
Ladies' elastic merino and lambswool vests and drawers
Indian gauze and silk ditto ditto ditto
Welsh flannel and thin Saxony vests
Lambswool, merino, and elastic silk drawers
Pijamies and sleeping drawers
The Mother's Wardrobe, complete for the month

GIRLS' flap chemises, for ages 1 to 7 years
Girls' round ditto, trimmed and plain
Girls' favourite chemises, trimmed and plain, from 12 years and upwards
Girls' night-gowns, with muslin frills, from 1 year and upwards
Girls' ditto with scollop, ditto ditto
Girls' skirts, plain and tucked
Girls' slips with bodies, trimmed and plain
Girls' plain and tucked drawers and trousers
Girls' clustered ditto and flounced ditto
Girls' trimmed insertion and muslin flounced ditto
Girls' corded French stay lace-ups and button-ups
Stay bands for every age
Children's holland and white diaper pinafores
Boys' short coating wardrobe, in box complete

INFANTS' plain and trimmed lawn shirts
Frilled lawn shirts, with lace and insertion
Blankets, plain and silk bound
Long slips, plain and trimmed
Ditto nightgowns, trimmed muslin
Ditto ditto, with lace and scollop work
Lawn caps and swathes
Monthly gowns of striped and check muslin and cambric
Flannel squares, with hoods or plain
Bassinetts and baskets, trimmed to order
Infants' wardrobe complete, in box
CHILDS' DRESSES.
Girls' embroidered frocks
Ditto pelisses, of all colours and sizes
Ditto glacie silk mantles, of all sizes and of the newest shapes
Ditto printed pelisses and frocks of all sizes
Boys' fancy check and cashmere frocks
Ditto gambroon walking coats
Ditto pea jackets, a new style
Ditto white twill frocks, with work
Wedding orders executed
Outfits for sea supplied with despatch.
WILLIAM SMITH, Proprietor,
3338 39 and 41, Park-street, Sydney.

TO THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY.

FOR SALE, a magnificent and commodious FAMILY CARRIAGE, cost in England £300, is nearly new, and was the property of a gentleman recently gone to Europe. The present owner being desirous of turning it into money, it will be sold at a positive bargain. To be seen at Mr. G. E. LAUDER'S Riding Establishment, top of Hunter-street. N.B.—There is not such another carriage in Sydney. 3377

FOR SALE, or to LET, the FITZ ROY HOTEL, in the commercial town of Singleton, only 28 miles from Maitland, on the Great North Road. This beautiful house is two storeys high, built of brick, with stone foundation, contains a large cellar under ground, four spacious sitting and four bedrooms, with large hall on the ground floor; the front rooms and hall are furnished with massive cornice and centres, and french lights, opening on to a fine wide verandah two sides of the house, 80 feet long; on the upper floor are seven bedrooms Detached kitchens, servants' rooms, laundry sheds, and stabling for 30 horses, all, or nearly so, built of brick. Also, adjoining is a six room cottage, let to a good paying tenant, the whole standing on nearly an acre of land, with considerable space for building in two streets—George and John. It is a fact well known in the district that this property was built regardless of expense, and of the very best material, expressly for an hotel, and on the most commanding spot, at the only crossing place where everything must pass the door from and to the north and north-western districts, and the rich northern gold fields. A good managing man would make a large fortune in this house in three years. Considerable sums have been made in the same house in bad times. Apply to the undersigned, at Islington. THOMAS CULLEN

RAMS for Sale, the produce of pure imported Merinos. For particulars apply to Messrs. W. WALKER, Jun., and Co.; or at the station of the undersigned, at Loowee, Ryalston. A. WALKER. 11776

ERSKINE PARK.

THIS very valuable estate is no longer to be considered under offer to any person, but will, in compliance with the wishes of the surrounding landowners and farmers, be shortly submitted for sale by public auction, in well-watered farms of from 200 to 500 acres. The property lies between Parramatta and St. Mary's, and adjoins Bayley Park and Fleurs, being bounded on the west by South Creek, and on the east by Roper's Creek. Intending purchasers are recommended to inspect the capabilities of the estate.
ROGERS AND SPAIN,
2582 Solicitors, Sydney.

THE RACEHORSE REVENGE.

FOR Sale, by private contract, Revenge, a dark brown thorough-bred horse, three years old, by the imported horse Æther; dam, the imported thorough-bred mare Giggler.

Revenge won the Trial Stakes, at Windsor, in 1852; the Trial Stakes, at Homebush, in June, 1852; and ran second for the Ledger, at Homebush, in 1853. At the Western Road races, in September last, he won the Welter Stakes, distancing Jack Sheppard; and also the Cumberland Stakes, again beating Jack Sheppard.

For further particulars apply to Mr. C. MARTYN, at the Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street. 3387

LONDON-BUILT DOG CART AND TANDEM HARNESS.

FOR SALE, a superior London-built Tandem Dog Cart, with Collinge's patent axles, lamps, and all the modern improvements; without exception the most complete dog cart ever imported; together with a tandem set of silver-mounted Harness, nearly new; and two sets of horse clothing.

☞ The above is the property of a gentleman just arrived in the colony, who does not now require it for his own use.

To be seen at Martyn's Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street. 3208

BRISBANE WATER.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive offers for lease of one hundred acres of Land in this very flourishing and rapidly improving district. A great portion of the soil is of the richest kind, and it has the advantage of very extensive water frontage.

The description is as follows—"Bounded on the east (commencing at the north-west corner of J. Lowry's 160 acre grant) by a line bearing south, eighteen chains to the north-east corner of J. Geary's 100 acre grant, on the south by a line bearing west, forty chains to the north-west corner of the latter named grant, on the west by a line bearing due north to Brisbane Water to the commencing north-east corner."
3558 ROBT. D. PORTER, Circular Wharf.

FAMILY RESIDENCE.

TO be SOLD, a good substantial Mansion, brick-built upon stone foundation; 11 rooms, with cellars and all necessary out-offices, coach-house, stable, garden, and paddock. The whole of the buildings in excellent repair, and fit for immediate occupation; situated about three miles from Sydney.

For further particulars, apply to ROGERS AND SPAIN, Solicitors, Sydney. 3534

LAND AT ARMIDALE, NEW ENGLAND

FOR SALE, a few choice allotments in the above flourishing township, by private contract. Apply by letter, stating name and address, to B. H., Post Office, Sydney. 3256

TO Landlords and others.—R. P. WHITEHOUSE, in thanking those parties who have so liberally and kindly supported him, would inform them and the public generally that, from the central position of his offices, together with his extensive connection and thorough knowledge he possesses of the auctioneer's and house agency business, not only in Sydney, but also in England, Melbourne, Van Diemen's Land, and New Zealand (and having agents in each of these places) must prove an immense advantage he has for the selling or letting of properties intrusted to his care, and flatters himself that persons placing houses, land, or merchandise in his hands, either for public sale or otherwise, will obtain better prices than they can themselves procure, and assures those willing to avail themselves of his experience, that every attention will be exerted to promote their interests. R. P. WHITEHOUSE, 13, Bridge-street, under the Colonnade. 3715

TO Pawnbrokers, Upholsterers, Furniture Dealers, and others.—For Sale, the Lease, Goodwill, Stock, &c., of one of the very best businesses in the above line in Sydney,—the present proprietor, who is about to retire, having amassed by this trade in a short period a large fortune. The house contains nine large rooms, good yard, side entrance, and also a first-rate shop, which is well stocked with good and useful articles, suitable for the above trade. R. P. W. begs to state to those parties wanting to purchase a first-rate business in the above line, that they should not lose this opportunity; and, to save unnecessary trouble, it will require £2000 to take to this very valuable property. For particulars apply to R. P. WHITEHOUSE, 13, Bridge-street, under the Colonnade.. 3716

TO Boarders.—Wanted, Ten or Twelve Boarders, in two first-class boarding houses. For particulars apply to R. P. WHITEHOUSE, 13, Bridge-street, under the Colonnade. 3717

TO Boarding House Keepers and Others.—For Sale, the Lease of a portion of a large House, containing nine rooms, and situated in one of the best parts of Sydney. Apply to R. P. WHITEHOUSE, 13, Bridge-street, under the Colonnade. 3718

TO Lucky Gold Diggers and others. For Sale, the Lease of a capital Hotel, already furnished, doing a large trade, and capable of great increase, situated in a first-rate locality. Coming in moderate. For particulars apply to R. P. WHITEHOUSE, 13, Bridge-street, under the Colonnade. 3719

TO Landlords.—Wanted, a House, containing from ten to fifteen rooms. Must be in a good neighbourhood, and suitable for a boarding house. Apply immediately to R. P. WHITEHOUSE, House Agent, 13, Bridge-street, under the Colonnade. 3720

TO Landlords,—Wanted immediately, the following Houses:—
12 Boarding Houses
6 Public Houses
12 Dwelling-Houses
4 Shops, in good localities.
Apply to R. P. WHITEHOUSE, 13, Bridge-street. 3721

SALES BY AUCTION.

AMERICAN GOODS,
Just landed.
Chairs, Settees, Painted Buckets, Hoes, Trowels, Clocks, Bags, Boots, and Shoes.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, October 26, at 11 o'clock precisely,
No. 1—3 Dozen yellow painted wood seated chairs
5 Dozen black ditto ditto
1 Dozen yellow ditto ditto
4 Dozen round post cane-seated ditto
4 Cane seated settees
34 Dozen 3-hoop painted buckets
19 Dozen hoes
5 Dozen trowels
7 Bronze clocks
Carpet bags
No. 12—1 Trunk cloth boots, patent toes and springs
1 Trunk ditto ditto ditto
No. 15—12 Pairs ladies' boots
No. 16— 9 Pairs ditto ditto
17—15 Pairs ditto ditto
18—12 Pairs maids' ditto
19—13 Pairs ditto ditto
No. 20—14 Pairs ladies' sandal shoes
21— 8 Pairs ditto ditto
22—19 Pairs ditto Spanish leather ditto
23—19 Pairs ditto ditto boots
24—10 Pairs ditto ditto ditto.
Terms at sale. 3713

Porcelain China
Earthenware.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, October 26, at 11 o'clock precisely,
35 Packages,
Superior china dinner services
Ditto dessert services
Chamber sets, jugs
Mugs, ornaments
Glass decanters, tumblers
Wines, salts, mustards
Cruets and frames
Liqueurs, tumblers, wines
Caraffs.
Terms at sale. 3638

THE FINE A1 SCHOONER SCOTIA.

MR. C. NEWTON has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on FRIDAY, 28th instant,
The well-known schooner SCOTIA.
She is of light draught of water, carries a large cargo, and is well found in every respect, and can be sent to sea at a day's notice. She is now lying off the Circular Wharf, where she can be inspected. Inventory can be seen at the rooms of the auctioneer.
Terms at sale. 3450

WEDNESDAY, 26th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely.
Cargo of the JENNY LIND, from Batavia and Samarang.
Fine Counter Sugars
Coffee
Black Pepper
White Pepper
Nutmegs
Cloves
Cigars
Rattans
Arrowroot
Tea
Rum
Brandy
Punch
Case Gin.

MR. C. NEWTON has received instructions from Messrs. Macnab, Brothers, and Co., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely, the Cargo of the Jenny Lind, just arrived from Java, comprising the most splendid assortment of fine Sugars, Coffee, Spices, &c., that he has ever yet brought to the hammer. The particulars are as follows.

I.—SUGARS.

			Weighing about
GC	785	bags brown crystalized sugar	26½ tons
GC ∫2	105	ditto ditto	3½
JG	286	ditto ditto	9½
JG ∫2	81	ditto ditto	2¾
E	595	ditto ditto	19¾
E ∫2	47	ditto ditto	1½
A No. 1.	475	ditto ditto	16¼
A No. 2.	154	ditto ditto	4½
GC	374	beautiful golden coloured	12
W			
E	352	ditto ditto	12
W			
A	202	ditto ditto	7
W		[These 3 samples are much superior to the finest Porto Rico.]	
JG ∫19	232	bags fine white,	
S		No. 19.....	6¾
HH&Co.∫20	385	ditto, No. 20 ...	11½
HH ∫19	345	ditto, 19	9¾
E ∫20	475	ditto, 20	13¼
S			
A ∫19	590	ditto, 19	17
S			
TM A	250	ditto, 17	7½
TM B	250	ditto, 17	7½
TM C	250	ditto, 17	7½
TM D	64	ditto, 17	2
LA	180	ditto, 17	5¼
TA	250	ditto, 16	7
TB	205	ditto, 16	6½
VM & Co	40	baskets ditto .. }	5
	40	ditto ditto .... }	
Total....	7012		222 tons

II.—COFFEE.

C		
JG	120	bags coffee
C		
H	119	ditto ditto
C		
C	450	ditto ditto
C		
A	121	ditto ditto
ATA	97	ditto ditto
VM & Co.		
G	550	ditto ditto
VM&Co		
S	71	ditto ditto
VM&Co		
GG	295	ditto ditto
VM & Co.	19	ditto ditto
Total	1842	bags

All these coffees are very superior, and put up in neat little mats, suitable for the country, the whole quantity being only about forty-five tons

III.—BLACK PEPPER.

JG	62	bags black pepper
BP		
H	76	ditto ditto
BP		
E	157	ditto ditto
BP		
JA	155	ditto ditto
BP		
AT	64	ditto ditto
VM & Co.	28	ditto ditto
P		
Total	542	bags

Weighing in all about ten tons.

IV.—WHITE PEPPER.

JG	13	bags white pepper
WP		
H	25	ditto ditto
WP		
E	52	ditto ditto
WP		
JA	48	ditto ditto
WP		
Total	138	

Weighing about 3½ tons

V.—NUTMEGS.

N	12	boxes nutmegs
GC		
N	3	ditto ditto
JG		
N	6	ditto ditto
E		
N	5	ditto ditto
A		
VM & Co.	42	ditto ditto
M		
Total	68	

Weighing about 40 cwt.

ARROWROOT.
100 cases arrowroot, lined with calico

VI.—CLOVES.

C		
GC	12	boxes cloves
C		
E	9	ditto ditto
C		
A	9	ditto ditto
VM&Co		
N	22	bags ditto
Total..	52	

Weighing about 30 cwt.

VII.—CIGARS.
4 cases, each 10m, No. 2 cigars

VIII.—RATTANS.
460 bundles rattans
936 ditto ditto

IX.—TEA.
180 half-chests tea
64 quarter ditto ditto

X.—SPIRITS.

P	74	casks rum, equal to best West India, 30 to 35 per cent. o. p.
G&Co.	9	hogsheads ditto ditto ditto, 33 per cent. o. p.
M	14	half-hogsheads brandy
,,	15	half ditto ditto
,,	10	cases, each 1 dozen, ditto
G&C	25	ditto 1 dozen punch
G&Co	25	ditto ditto 1 ditto
	6	kegs containing 8 dozen ditto
B&D		
Anchor	426	cases gin
EM&Co.	399	ditto ditto

Mr. Newton, in calling the particular attention of the trade to this sale, has only to mention that his instructions from Messrs. Macnab, Brothers, and Co., are positively to sell this cargo (as he has done all their previous eastern importations) without the slightest reserve, so that intending buyers may have every confidence in attending the sale. 3696

Two Days' Important Sale of Drapery, Millinery, Silks, and Slops.

MR. C. NEWTON has received instructions from Messrs. Macnab, Brothers, and Co., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY, 27th, and FRIDAY, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Two hundred packages of the following choice spring goods, just landed,
2 cases flounced muslin dresses
2 ditto figured ditto
2 ditto checked ditto
1 ditto 9-8 madder organdies
3 ditto ditto jacconets
4 ditto silk, gauze, and bayadere dresses
2 ditto light cashmere ditto
4 ditto oregon dresses and embroidered de laine robes
3 ditto de laines
4 ditto balzorines
3 ditto coburgs
3 ditto coloured lenos
1 ditto printed muslin cravats
3 ditto scarf shawls
2 ditto light cashmere ditto
2 ditto albert ties
1 ditto rich neck ties
1 ditto ladies' fancy silk ditto
1 ditto black ducape handkerchiefs
2 ditto printed corahs
1 ditto bandannas
3 ditto rich fancy silks
1 ditto black ditto
1 ditto French satins
2 ditto check and fancy bonnet ribbons
1 ditto plain sarsnet ditto
2 ditto flowers
2 ditto women's and maids' French coutille stays
2 ditto satteen ditto
3 ditto fancy straw bonnets
2 ditto plain ditto
1 ditto tuscan ditto
1 ditto children's ditto
2 ditto tuscan hats
2 ditto manila ditto
1 ditto habits, and men's white kid gloves
1 ditto straw and coloured ditto
1 ditto silk and thread ditto
1 ditto men's shirt collars and youths' fronts with fancy ties

CLOTHING.
2 cases brown drill trousers
1 ditto white ditto
3 ditto dowlas coats
2 ditto alpaca ditto
1 ditto Russell cord ditto
2 ditto black cloth ditto
1 ditto superfine ditto
1 ditto dress and frock ditto
1 ditto doe shooting ditto
2 ditto black cloth trousers
1 ditto drab and fancy doe ditto
1 ditto ditto vests
3 ditto boys' coats and trousers
1 ditto plain and checked tweed ditto
6 ditto drab mole ditto
4 ditto white ditto
2 ditto fancy and black satin vests
5 ditto white and fancy shirts
3 ditto shirts in boxes
3 bales blue serge ditto
1 ditto scarlet ditto
2 ditto blue knit worsted ditto
2 cases twilled regattas
2 ditto fancy ditto
2 ditto coloured cotton prints
2 ditto white ditto
1 ditto brown ditto
1 ditto merino vests
1 ditto lambswool ditto
3 ditto women's white cotton hose
1 ditto black ditto
1 ditto silk ditto
3 ditto men's brown cotton hose and half-hose
2 bales navy canvas
2 ditto 4-4 long sheeting
1 ditto flax ditto
1 ditto huckabacks
5 cases 7-8 light prints
3 ditto Hoyle's small plates
4 ditto dark madder ditto
5 ditto 5-4 prints
2 ditto black and white ditto
5 ditto Horrock's longcloths
3 bales derrys
1 case 6 4 French glacé woollen cloths
1 ditto wool cloak ditto
1 ditto coloured tweeds
1 ditto French flannels
2 ditto printed cotton handkerchiefs
1 ditto Turkey red ditto
1 ditto silk umbrellas
2 ditto gingham ditto
2 ditto brown and coloured silk parasols
1 ditto figured ditto
1 ditto cotton ditto
3 ditto Marshall's thread
2 ditto Brooks' reel cotton
2 ditto indiarubber braces
2 ditto white cotton ditto
3 ditto carpet bags.
Terms at sale. 3629

WEDNESDAY, 26th OCTOBER.
TO JEWELLERS AND OTHERS.
Gold Double-bottomed Hunters
Gold Pencil Cases
German Silver Watches
Silver Geneva, Verge, Levers
Plated and Gold Alberts
Plated Brooches, Watch Keys.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th October, at 12 o'clock,
Double-bottom gold hunters, capped and jewelled
German silver case watches
Silver levers, Geneva and verge watches
Gold albert chains, watch keys
Gold seals, toothpicks, pencil cases
Plated alberts, guards, watch keys
Plated brooches
Gold signet rings
Blue steel spectacles
Plated cameo brooches
Also, One case, containing
Pipes and stems
Pipe bowls, money bags, belts
Dram bottles, Tartary necklaces
Telescopes, hair brushes, tooth brushes
Life preservers, black shawl pins
Black bracelets, metal spoons, &c.
Terms at sale. 3647

FRIDAY, October 28.
To Publicans, Picture Dealers, Booksellers and others.
Superb Collection of Engravings, in gilt frames
Superb Church Services and Bibles, in velvet and gold.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT have received instructions from the importers, to sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 28th October, at 11 o'clock
ENGRAVINGS, in burnished gold frames.
Famous Protest, Prince Albert, Joan of Arc, Slave Market, Last Supper, Amesbury Meet, Farmer's Pets, Royal Review, Pharoah's Horses, Poultry Yard, Royal Recreation.
OGEE ROSEWOOD FRAMES, gilt slips.
Gamekeepers' Return, Blind Man's Buff
Highland Hospitality, Afternoon Mass
Raphael's Paul Preaching at Athens
Miraculous Draughtof Fishes, Morning of the Chase
Union Pipes, Friend in Need, I Do Love You
Wilkie's Village Politician, Dr. Johnstone
Ditto Rent Day, Duke of Wellington
Eve of the Deluge, the Sorcerer Struck with Blindness
Biter Bit, Looking out, Chip of the Old Block
Bolton Abbey, Soldier's Dream, Queen on Horseback
Christ's Charge to Peter, Deer Hounds
Church Porch, Sunday Morning
Friendship Meal, Member of the Agricultural Society
Oil Paintings, framed
Julien's Studies, coloured, in gilt frames
Engravings, in gutta percha frames
Water colour drawings, in

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, Rosewood Cabinet Pianoforte.
At Alfred Cottage, Balmain, on THURSDAY 27th instant.

MESSRS. CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from Frederick Ford, Esq., in consequence of that gentleman's intended departure for England, to sell, without the least reserve, at his residence, Alfred Cottage, Balmain, on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,
The whole of his well-selected and useful Household Furniture, comprising
Loo, dining, and card tables
Easy chair, couches
Horsehair-seated and reclining chairs
Hair-stuffed ottomans, pic-nic cushions
Carpets, hearthrugs, fenders and fireirons
Window blinds, curtains, curtain poles
China and mantelshelf ornaments
Framed engravings and paintings
Books—about 100 vols.
Chiffoniers, wardrobes, chests drawers
Toilet tables, dressing glasses
Superior four-post bedstead, with China gauze sliding mosquito curtains
Iron bedsteads and stretchers
Bed and table linen, baths
China and earthenware, cutlery and glassware
Electro-plated spoons and forks
Clocks, China matting
Kitchen utensils, garden implements, &c., &c.
At half-past 11 o'clock,
A splendid toned 6½ octave pianoforte, by Aldridge, in rosewood case
Rosewood music stool, covered morocco, to match.
☞ For the convenience of intending purchasers the steamer Waterman will leave the ferry stairs, bottom of Erskine-street, at 10 o'clock, by which they will be conveyed to the place of sale free of charge.
Catalogues will be ready in a day or two, and, together with cards to view for two or three days previous to the sale, may be obtained at the sale rooms of the auctioneers, No. 448, George-street.
The whole without the least reserve.
Terms, cash. 3178

Rosewood Cabinet Pianoforte
Rosewood Music Stool,

MESSRS CHATTO and HUGHES will sell by auction, at the residence of Frederick Ford, Esq., "Alfred" Cottage, Balmain, on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at half-past 11 o'clock precisely,
One excellent toned 6½ octave cabinet pianoforte, in rosewood case, by Aldridge, London
One carved rosewood music stool, covered with morocco leather, to match
The auctioneers would call the attention of parties requiring a really first-rate instrument to the above sale, this piano having been selected by a competent judge in London, and would not be parted with at all but for the difficulty of taking proper care of it until the proprietors' return to the colony
Terms, cash. 3177

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
To Wine Merchants
To Storekeepers
To Shippers
To Speculators
To Publicans and Private Families.

MR. WILLIAM DEAN has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co. to sell by auction, at their New Stores, in O'Connell-street, on THURSDAY, the 27th October, at half-past 10 o'clock,
The following choice lot of Wines, imported ex St Anne, direct from Cadiz, expressly to meet the improved taste of the community.
FROM CADIZ.
164 quarter-casks fine sherries
15 butts ditto
56 hogsheads ditto
20 cases burgundy
15 cases very fine cypress
13 ditto constantia
19 ditto malvisie
11 Van de Grenache
17 Van de Rota
150 cases assorted liqueurs, viz.—
Curaçoa in pints
Ditto in ½ ditto
Marisquino ditto
Cherry brandy ditto
Rum shrub ditto
Brandy punch ditto
Brandy bitters ditto
15 hogsheads marsella
15 quarter-casks malvisie
FROM FRANCE DIRECT,
Ex Adonis.
400 cases brandy
272 ditto champagne
250 ditto claret
150 ditto sauterne
10 hogsheads brandy
FROM LONDON,
Ex Gipsy Queen.
200 casks Byass's bottled ale and porter, quarts
50 cases ditto, pints
10 hogsheads brandy
200 cases Lowndes' old Tom
200 ditto key brand gin
20 hogsheads Truman's porter
100 cases ale and porter, Bryant and Davis's
100 ditto ditto, R. Porter's
The whole of these very choice goods are now landing, and will be on view three days previous to that of the sale.
This notice is issued thus early, to afford country buyers an opportunity for laying in a stock of really rich and rare articles for the approaching season.
Terms liberal, at sale.
Day of Sale, 27th October.
N.B.—At Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co.'s New Stores, O'Connell-street. 2080

TO DRAPERS, SLOPSELLERS, &c.

MR. WILLIAM DEAN has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, on FRIDAY next, the 28th October, at half-past
59 Packages new and seasonable Goods, now landing, ex Gipsy Queen, consisting of
Balzorine dresses
Printed muslin ditto
Muslin robes
Print ditto
Cachmere ditto
7-8 and 5-4 plate prints
Silk umbrellas
Ditto parasols
Ditto gloves
White stays
Balzorine shawls
Cachmere do
Fancy neck ties
Coloured cotton handkerchiefs
Turkey red ditto
Black corahs
White cambric handkerchiefs
Rough brown holland
Dress ditto ditto
White check muslins
Welsh flannels
Domet ditto
Scarlet guernsey shirts
Blue ditto ditto
White ditto ditto
White lambswool ditto
Ladies' white cotton hose
Ditto black ditto
Gent's white half-hose
Ditto coloured ditto
Men's brown cotton half-hose
Ditto grey ditto
Children's socks, assorted
Gentlemen's black dress coats
Ditto ditto frock coats
Fancy silk vests
Black satin vests
Black cassimere trousers
Ditto doeskin ditto
Men's millers' drab trousers
Men's moleskin trousers
Men's cotton cord ditto
Men's windsor ditto ditto
Black alpacca coats
America pea jackets
White shirts in boxes
Fancy regatta ditto ditto
Scotch twill shirts
Gentlemen's satin neck ties
White and brown drills
Fancy vestings
&c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale. 364

GROCERS AND DRAPERS.
Fancy Mounted Papers, &c.

MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, October 26, at 11 o'clock precisely,
9 bales assorted paper, viz.,
Double small hand
Bag cap
Royal hand
Wrapping paper
3 casks fancy mounted water jugs
Terms at sale. 3645

CLEARING OUT SALE.

MR. J. M. HUGHES will sell by public auction, at the Timber Yard of Mr. M. Caffrey, Bathurst-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
A quantity of rigging, sails, spars, blocks, winch, and sundry other ships' gear, saved from the wreck of the schooner Primus, consisting of
A lot of standing and running rigging, 1 foresail, 1 topsail, 1 topgallantsail, 1 jib, 1 staysail, 1 mainsail, 1 (mizen ditto, 1 sliding gunter ditto, all nearly new.
1 foreyard, 1 topsail yard, 1 topgallant yard, 1 topmast, 5 studdingsail booms, 2 gaffs, 2 booms: all the spars are of pitch pine or kauria
1 ship's compass
1 good sound windlass, with pails and frills complete
1 patent truss and spiders hoop, and sundry other ships' iron work
1 good cooking caboose, 7 casks of beef (damaged)
Also, about 3000 feet of cedar boards, ¼ inch, ½ inch, 1 inch, 1¼ inch, 1½ and 2 inch, in quantities to suit purchasers, a lot of cedar scantling, and about 2000 feet of cedar in log.
The above lot of ship's gear is well worthy the attention of parties fitting out coasting vessels, and the whole will be sold without any reserve whatever.
Terms, cash. 3608

IMPORTANT SALE of a valuable collection of LAW BOOKS, comprising the complete Library of the late Ross DONNELLY, Esq.
Also a choice selection of Church Services, Bibles, Prayer Books, New Illustrated and Popular Works, School Books, Music, &c.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to G. A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
An invoice of new illustrated and popular works, comprising
Dalhman's History of English Revolutions, Materials for Thinking, Scientific Dialogues, Biblical Cyclopedia, The Crystal Palace, History of Scotland, Sismondi's Political Economy, Parley's Annual, Farmer's Library, Sick Man's Friend, Cowper's Poems, Women of England, Walker's Dictionary, Stories and Studies from the History of England, Selections from the English Poets, Wit and Wisdom, Baron Trenck, Life of Wesley, Wilson's Philosophy, The Christmas Book, Book of Fun, Goldsmith's Poems, Brown's Concordance, Abbott's Cornerstone, Goldsmith's Poems, Baron Trenck, Bruce's Travels, Don Juan; Mary, Queen of Scots; Life of Paul Jones, Uncle Tom's Cabin, Life on the Ocean; Travels in Egypt, Sicily, Mexico; History of Scotland, England, and America; History of the United States, Life of Washington, Horne's Life of Napoleon Bonaparte, African Cruiser, &c., &c, &c.
Large selection of School Books, &c., &c.
BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS, &c.
12mo Bibles, morocco, flexible, and gilt clasps
Ditto ditto, elegant and gilt clasp
32mo Church Services, best flexible morocco boards, gilt clasps
Ditto ditto, gilt rims and bars
Ditto ditto, elegant gilt clasps
18mo ditto, morocco and gilt clasp
Ditto ditto, gilt rims
Ditto ditto, elegant gilt clasps and gilt rims
Bourgeois, gilt clasps and rims
Ditto, elegant gilt clasp and rims
At 2 o'clock precisely.
Valuable collection of LAW BOOKS, comprising the complete library of the late Ross Donnelly, Esq., among which will be found
LAW REPORTS, by Anstruther, Adolphus and Ellis, Atcheson, Acton, Ball and Beatie, Beavans, Barnewall and Alderson, Bligh, Blackstone, Craig and Phillips, Collyer, Connor and Lawson, Cooper, Coke, Clark and Finnelly, Danvers's Abridgment, Equity Reports, Forrest, Fitzherbert's Abridgment, Green's Index to Admiralty Reports, Hobarts, Jones and La Touche, Lloyd and Goold, M'Naughten and Gordon, Maddocks, Mylne and Craigh, Phillips, Puffendorf, Russell, and Mylne, Schoole and Le Frey, Sir J. Ley, Stangers, Vernon, Vesey, Wilson, Willes, Young, and Collier, &c.
Chancery Cases, Essays on Titles, Conveyancing, Ejectment, Pleas in Equity, Blackstone's Commentaries, Bacon's Laws, Collyer on Partnership, Coke's Institute, Coventry's Conveyancer's Evidence, Cook's Law of Insolvency, Donnelly's Digest, Minutes, Orders, &c., Evans' Statutes, Gilbert's Exchequer, Kydd on Awards, Hayes' Conveyancing, Lee's Abstracts of Title, Law List for 1843, Mitford's Pleadings in Chancery, Montague's Digest, Jurist from 1840 to 1851, Mathews on Presumptive Evidence, Park on Insurance, Phillips on Evidence, 9th edition, Statutes, Chambers' Conveyancer's Guide, Stewart's Law and Equity Forms, Starkey on Evidence, Story's Commentaries, Smith's Chancery Practice, Sugden's Vendors, Wilkinson's Law of Shipping, Woodfall's Landlord and Tenant, Acts of New South Wales, 1831 to 1839, Bevan's Orders, 1845, Bayley on Bills, Fearne on Remainders, Harrison's Analytical Digest, &c., &c., with sundry other law works too numerous to enumerate.
☞ Catalogues are in preparation, and will be issued two days prior to sale.
Terms at sale. 3458

BOOTS AND SHOES.
A small but first-rate assortment, from one of the first London makers.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 27th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A small well-assorted invoice London manufactured Boots and Shoes, comprising
Gents' stout kip Bluchers, bradded
Clump ditto ditto
Button boots, calf, goloshed
Ditto enamel ditto
Leather top waterproof boots
Drab cloth ditto
Carpet slippers
Stout kip short boots
Long calf Wellingtons
Gent's stout calf Bluchers, bradded
Long calf Wellingtons, tops plain
Short ditto ditto
Enamel hide waterproof Wellingtons
Ditto Napoleons
Ditto high boots
Patent calf Prince George boots
Ditto Albert slippers
Ladies' cloth welt boots, goloshed
Cachmere PP boots, patent fronts
Ladies' cachmere PP boots, patent fronts
Ditto black sole, patent calf fronts
American overshoes
C chmere PP boots, toe points
Cloth welt boots, seal, goloshed
Patent seal opera linen
Cachmere PP seal pointed boots
Patent leather spring heel shoes
Grain ditto ditto
Patent calf whole quarter shoes, silk lined
Ditto seal ditto
Ditto ditto opera shoes
Ditto ditto spring heel shoes, plain soles.
Terms at sale. 3456

LIGHT KIP LEATHER
HARNESS DITTO.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to G. A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 27th instant, at 11 o'clock,
100 Sides prime light kip leather
30 Ditto harness leather
Terms at sale. 3604

ST. LEONARD'S.
Spacious Villa Allotments, contiguous to the Dry Dock Company's Works, and near the site of the proposed Military Forts, on the North Shore.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD are instructed by Mr. King, of Irrawang, to announce the sale by auction, at their Rooms, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, November 16, of his extensive property, Silex, situated on the North Shore, parish of St. Leonard's,
The near proximity of this property to Middle and George's Heads, where Military Forts are immediately to be constructed by the Government; to the sites of the great Dry Docks, wharves, warehouses, &c., now to be erected by the Dock Company in Great Sirius Cove; the consequent influx of inhabitants anticipated to that neighbourhood; and the intercourse and trade there immediately resulting, must give this sale a public interest, and an importance far beyond that which can possibly attach to the disposal of any other property in the parish of St. Leonard's, or in any other position in the vicinity of Sydney. The Auctioneers cannot, therefore, in fulfilment of their duty to the proprietor and to the public, allow the present opportunity to pass without noticing at some length the high advantages of this property, which is clearly destined (although now almost in a state of nature) soon to become the busy field of action—the permanent abode of present and future generations of men.
It is sufficiently apparent by the demand already existing for building land on the North Shore that, independent of other considerations, its elevated and healthy position is more generally appreciated, whilst its proximity to the business parts of Sydney induces the opinion that it will shortly become an adjunct to, or an actual extension of, the city in that direction. In no other direction certainly can it so properly extend. It is therefore scarcely conceivable how very little is known to the residents of Sydney generally, of the capabilities and advantages of that locality, situated as it really is, less than a mile from the Queen's wharf, and actually seen from almost every street in the city.
The depôt for the coaling of one line of English steamers, about to be established in Woolstoncroft Bay, is merely the commencement of a series of similar depôts shortly to be formed in almost every bay on the North Shore; and there is no question that small harbour steamers will soon be plying in all directions from every one of them; thus bringing points now estimated at miles off, within a few minutes' communication of each other, of George-street, and of the Circular Quay; since intercourse by steam, even on water, is confessedly more rapid and convenient than communication by good ordinary roads.
Land in the township of St. Leonard's, and immediately adjoining, has been bought and sold at upwards of £600 per acre, and is still increasing in value; while in fact, a very great proportion of the North Shore land is quite as eligible for the erection of dwellings as the land of that township, and will on that account alone soon be considered equally valuable. More especially it may be brought into view, that when the contemplated forts on Middle and George's Heads are completed; when the extensive works of the Dock Company, now about to be commenced in the immediate vicinity of Silex are in active operation, and when the necessary continual land and steam communication is formed between the city, the docks, and the forts, this property, in particular, to which the attention of buyers is now sincerely requested, will be rendered wholly available and requisite for the erection of buildings. Whilst its proximity to the harbour, and its position directly opposite Mrs. Macquarie's seat in the Domain, render it eminently accessible to the citizens of Sydney, especially to those in the eastern quarter of the city.
Thus a populous community must there shortly be congregated, and consequently with it will spring up conveniences and institutions characteristic of civilized society. Building sites on Silex, therefore, will soon be at least as valuable and as eagerly purchased as in any other position of the North Shore—nay, in fact, than any other part of the suburbs of Sydney. While blocks of land, of several acres extent, are yet to be purchased on the North Shore in an advantageous position, for a trifling amount, it is rather remarkable that parties in business and others who can afford it, have not, ere this, more generally secured to themselves and families a healthy retreat in that convenient locality, apart from the bustle of business, and the serious consequences of a fixed residence in the over-crowded metropolis. In order to supply partially that desideratum, with a profitable investment for money as well, this valuable suburban property, situated near St. Leonard's, lying on the continuation of the same ridge on which the church stands, almost touching Dry Dock Bay, Sirius Cove, and other landings in the harbour, has been carefully surveyed and judiciously divided into twenty-five villa allotments, of large extent, besides reserves for church, schools, &c.
These sections of land will be immediately submitted to public competition, and may in a few months thereafter be subdivided by future proprietors into building allotments, and resold at an immense profit.
The purchasers of such landed property as is calculated to yield a return by its after increase in value are fully aware that land in the suburbs increases at a more rapid rate than that in more central positions, particularly when vast improvements are going on in the neighbourhood. In this respect is the sale of Silex held up to the notice of capitalists.
The lots, in the order in which they will be put up, consist of

		A.	R.	P.			A.	R.	P.
No. 1	.. ..	5	1	24	No. 14	... ..	5	0	0
2	... ...	5	2	28	15	... ...	5	0	0
3	... ...	4	3	27	16	... ...	5	0	0
4	... ...	4	3	26	17	... ...	6	2	36
5	... ...	5	3	0	18	... ...	5	2	37
6	... ...	5	3	0	19	... ...	5	1	16
7	... ...	6	2	6	20	... ...	4	3	7
8	... ..	6	1	13	21	... ...	6	0	0
9	... ...	7	1	33	22	... ..	7	0	11
10	... ...	7	2	12	23	.. ..	7	1	26
11	... ...	7	0	11	24	... ...	5	1	27
12	... ...	7	0	11	25	... ...	5	1	27
13	... ...	6	0	5					

besides reserves of sufficient extent for an elementary school, a church, a school of arts, and a library.
For the information of those who may not be familiar with the extent of an acre of land, it may be mentioned that the market sheds in George-street, Sydney, including the lanes between them, only occupy in the whole about ONE ACRE, and that a quarter of an acre even forms a large building allotment, measuring 66 feet wide by 165 feet deep.
The elevated position of this property, and the direct influence of the summer sea breeze, render it particularly healthy. The air is hence singularly pure and transparent, being free from the noxious exhalations of swamps, from the drifting of sand, and from the dust and smoke of the city; whilst its situation is lightsome and agreeable, and possesses commanding and splendid panoramic views of Sydney and the adjacent country in the most favourable aspect; — unequalled indeed in any other locality. In short, the landscape must be seen to be rightfully estimated. For the gratification of those, moreover, who have not had an opportunity of witnessing those superb views by actual observation, one of Mr. Marten's truly artistic pictures of Sydney and its harbour, taken from Silex, with accuracy and effect, is now exhibited, along with a large map of the allotments, which the public are invited to inspect until the day of the sale, at the Rooms of the Auctioneers, where lithographic plans of the property may now be procured.
To those who may be desirous of inspecting these suburban blocks of land previous to the sale, as marked out on the ground by a most respectable surveyor (a highly important consideration), it may be mentioned that there is a remarkably level line of road from St. Leonard's Church passing through the property towards the fort at Bradley's Head, and the sites of the forts about to be erected on Middle and George's Heads, along which carriages have been driven; or should it be desirable to reach it by water, the present wharf in Mosman Bay, Sirius Cove (the site of the proposed dry docks), is within a very short distance of Silex, as shown by the plans.
Terms of sale—One-third cash, the remainder by bills without interest at three and six months' date. The land to be conveyed only when the bills are paid, or their amount may remain at five per cent. interest secured on the land. Conveyance, deed, and certified copies of title to be prepared by or at the cost of the purchaser.
The title is a grant from the Crown in favour of the vendor, who has placed the deeds in the hands of Messrs. Norton, Son, and Barker, Solicitors, by whom particulars will be furnished, with abstracts of title. 3209

To Drapers, Storekeepers, and others.
The Stock of a Draper retiring from business.

MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The stock of a draper retiring from business, consisting of Black coburgs
Prints
Whisker blonds
Hosiery
Ribbons
Trimmings
Haberdashery
C-achmere shawls
7-8 and 5-4 prints
Corded skirts
&c., &c.
Terms at sale. 3590

GAMBLING'S FARM, PARRAMATTA ROAD,
Adjoining Mr. T. Weedon's property.

MR. A. POLACK will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, 27th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the Long Room, Russell's Hotel, Pitt-street,
(16) SIXTEEN QUARTER-ACRE ALLOTMENTS, situate near to the property of Mr. Thomas Weedon, on Long Cove Creek, and alongside the Sydney and Parramatta Railway line.
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 have each frontages to Long Cove Creek.
Lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 have frontages to the Canterbury road.
To suit the wishes of intending purchasers, the whole block, comprising upwards of FOUR ACRES, will be submitted in ONE LOT, and may be purchased by private contract previous to the day of sale, on application to the Auctioneer, at his Offices in Hunter-street.
☞ These allotments comprise a portion of Gambling's grant called TOOTHILL, on Long Cove Creek, by which, and the Canterbury road, it is bounded. The distance of these allotments from the boundary of the city of Sydney is three miles, and from the Parramatta road 60 roods. The railway runs close alongside, and the great terminus will not be five minutes' walk from the allotments.
The property possesses many advantages. The creek first enters on this position, and has its banks particularly adapted for reserving by a very trifling expense of damming, an immense supply of water, suitable for the purposes of a Steam Flour Mill, Water Mill, or Woolwashing establishment, &c., &c.—for this latter purpose it would be admirably adapted. There is also a quarry of superior building stone on the property.
A plan is on view at the rooms of the auctioneer, and the title can be examined on reference to C. H. Chambers, Esq., Solicitor, 316, Pitt-street. 3339

CITY, TOWN, and COUNTRY PROPERTIES.

MR. A. POLACK has received instructions to sell by public auction, on an early day, if not previously disposed of by private contract,
An Allotment of Ground, situate in COLLEGE-STREET, adjoining the residence of David Jones, Esq., with a stone foundation already erected; 60 feet frontage.
An Allotment of Ground, situate in FRANCIS-STREET, a corner allotment, 25 feet by 95 feet to a back lane—at the rear of the above allotment.
Two Allotments, in PITT-STREET NORTH, 30 feet frontage each, by a depth of upwards of 160, with immediate possession.
An Allotment of Ground, situate in MACQUARIE-STREET, near the Colonial Treasury, and very nearly opposite the Government gate; 30 feet frontage, with back reserved lane.
An Allotment of ground in YORK-STREET, 36 feet frontage by a depth of 93 feet, adjoining the new building now erecting known as the Masonic Hall.
An Allotment in CROWN-STREET, near the site of the new Church.
A Farm of 50 acres, nearly opposite NEWINGTON, the residence of John Blaxland, Esq., J.P.
A Farm of 300 acres, near the residence of George Johnstone, Esq., George's Hall.
A Verandah House and premises in Johnstone-street, Balmain.
A House and premises in Waterview Bay, Balmain.
Two Allotments, in CROWN-STREET, Surry Hills.
A valuable Allotment at LONGBOTTOM, all fenced in.
Ten Acres, near SAINT LEONARD'S, North Shore.
A Building Allotment of Ground, in WEST MAITLAND, nearly opposite the Roman Catholic Church.
Five Allotments, in the city of NEWCASTLE, port of Newcastle.
An Allotment of Building Ground, in ELIZABETH-STREET, near Devonshire-street.
Fifty Acres, about one mile on the Sydney side from the FITZROY IRON MINE, fronting the road.
Two Allotments of Building Ground, near the RED LION INN, Camperdown.
An Allotment in Goulburn-street.
Two Allotments in Goulburn-place.
25 Acres, near the Lane Cove River.
640 Acres, near Wallis' Creek, Hunter's River.
Eight Allotments, at BUNGONIA.
Two Allotments, at SINGLETON.
Two Half-acre Allotments, at Mitchell's-town, Victoria.
Four Half-acre Allotments, at Dungog. 3340

STEAMSHIP UNICORN.

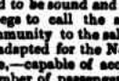
THE Sale of this vessel is postponed till FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the 28th October, at half-past 2 o'clock.
Mort's Rooms, October 22. 3602

SPLENDID BUILDING SITES, WINDSOR.
Day of Sale Friday, the 28th October.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 28th October, at 11 o'clock,
Two splendid Building Sites, situated at Windsor, on the Peninsula close to the Government Cottage.
LOT 1.—2 roods 17 perches; with a frontage of 66 feet to the Hawkesbury River, by a depth of about 400 feet, being Lot 2 of the land known as Wilcox Farm, and having a frontage of 66 feet to the continuation of George-street.
*** This a beautiful site for a residence, commanding a very extensive and delightful view. It is situated on a long reach below the ferry, and has a natural wharf, with deep water frontage, which, with a slight improvement, would be the finest landing place on the banks of the Hawkesbury. It is well worthy the attention of any party requiring a site for a villa residence, at a convenient distance from Sydney.
LOT 2.—24 perches of land, on the site of the old Government Cottage, Hawkesbury River, having a frontage to George-street of 66 feet by an average depth of about 99 feet.
*** Another first-rate site in a fast increasing neighbourhood. The Government is about to sell the land on which the Government Cottage stands, in the immediate vicinity, and the locality is so well adapted for building of any description, there will be no doubt this will be the favourite spot for private residences or business purposes; being elevated, close to the ferry, and contiguous to the extensive population settling down on the Peninsula It is also in the vicinity of the Court House, the new bridge, and Police Barracks.
Plan on view at the rooms.
Terms at sale. 3044

Eighteen Cases of elegant and valuable
ENGLISH FURNITURE,
Just landed, ex Waterhen.

MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 27th October, at 11 o'clock,
Eighteen cases of English Furniture, consisting of
Rosewood and mahogany easy chairs
Ditto ditto whatnots
Ditto ditto tables, with pillars, claws, and blocks
Ditto ditto loo tables, elegantly carved
Ditto ditto trafalgar and back chairs, covered with leather, hair, and damask
Cabriole lounges, covered with leather
Secretaires, bookcases
Work tables
Pembroke tables
Chests of drawers
Double and single washstands } with marble
Dressing tables } tops
Terms at sale.
☞ The attention of the trade, private families, and others, is particularly directed to the above invoice, which comprises some of the most elegant articles ever yet imported, and as the whole will be on view the day before the sale an inspection is requested. 3232



STEAM SHIP UNICORN, 648 tons register.
Day of Sale, FRIDAY, 28th October.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 28th October, at half-past 2 o'clock p.m.,
The paddle wheel double engine steamship Unicorn, built by John Wood, of Glasgow, 647 tons register, and a steam register of 389.
Her dimensions are as follows:—

Length	172 feet
Breadth	24 feet
Ditto over paddle boxes	45 feet
Depth of hold	22 feet

She has two condensing engines by Cairns, of Greenock. The cylinders are 52 inches in diameter, with 6 feet stroke, side levers, and in good order. The boilers are tubular, the tubes of brass, 3½ inches in diameter, and she has duplicates of all parts of her machinery, with about 60 brass tubes for the boilers, and duplicate brasses for the engines; and the engineer's department contains a very large inventory of tools.
The accommodations of the vessel are first-rate. The cabin saloons and state rooms being lofty, well lighted and ventilated with large square ports, and capable of accommodating 51 cabin passengers. The saloon is fitted up in a splendid manner, with two handsome marble chimney pieces, with grates, and the panels fitted with handsome paintings.
There are two steerages, the upper one having 120 standee berths, and the compartment is better lighted and ventilated than any other steamer running from this port. The lower steerage has 70 standee berths.
There are mattresses, pillows, bed furniture, towels, &c., for a full complement of cabin passengers, together with a large quantity of plated table cutlery, and other necessary articles. The cooking apparatus is large, and capable of cooking for 375 passengers, and has lately been put in complete order.
This fine vessel is barque rigged, and came across the Pacific under canvas. The masts, spars, and sails were new when started on this trip, and she has a full suit of the latter.
This vessel passed a rigid inspection in Sydney, but as she suffered some damage in a severe gale on the 12th and 13th September instant, which she encountered between Cape Howe and the Promontory, she is now undergoing repairs under the supervision of the underwriters' inspectors in Sydney. She has been opened on both sides, and the timber and planking found to be sound and good.
Mr. Mort begs to call the attention of the mercantile community to the sale of this noble craft, so well adapted for the New Zealand or southern trade,—capable of accommodating a very large number of passengers, with every comfort and convenience, she would soon prove a favourite, and amply repay the purchaser.
Inventory of stores, &c. will be prepared.
Parties desirous of treating privately for this vessel can apply to Captain Wood, at the office of Messrs. Laidley, Simonds, and Co., 480, George-street.
Terms at sale.

WAVERLEY.
LARGE HOUSE AND 8 ACRES LAND.
Day of Sale, TUESDAY, 1st November.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, the 1st November, at 11 o'clock,
HOUSE AND GROUNDS AT WAVERLEY. The House is built of weather, boards, and brick-nogged, standing upon a stone foundation, well and substantially built about four years ago, with cellars in the basement. The House contains 13 rooms, together with Coachhouse, Stables, and other outoffices
The Garden contains about 3 acres, well stocked with choice fruit trees and under cultivation. It is enclosed with a paling fence, and is well drained.
The Paddock adjoining is well grassed, enclosed with a substantial three-rail fence, and contains about 5 acres.
The whole is well watered, and the supply has never failed in the driest season.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
This property is well situated, at a most convenient distance from Sydney. The views from the neighbourhood are first-rate, embracing a vast expanse of landscape scenery; the situation is healthy, and the neighbourhood respectable, and the whole offers a good investment for capital, or a convenient and comfortable residence for a large family.
Terms at sale. 3657

TWO CAPITAL STATIONS.
Murrumbidgee District.
Day of Sale—FRIDAY, 4th November.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 4th November, at 11 o'clock,
The following valuable stations:—
GLENROY, situated in the Murrumbidgee district, capable of depasturing about 3000 head of cattle, abundantly watered with never failing creeks and springs, well grassed, and can be depended upon in dry seasons. It adjoins the stations of Messrs. Walker and Co.
The improvements comprise the following: A cottage, containing five rooms, floored and ceiled, and a verandah; detached kitchen and men's huts; a garden, well stocked with fruit trees; two large paddocks, large wool shed and barn, large stock yard and milking yard, and other improvements, all in good repair.
The stock yard will hold about 2000 head of cattle.
Glenroy has been used as a sheep station for many years, and will depasture 20,000 sheep, in flocks of 1500.
WALBUNDRIE, situate in the Billibong Creek, in the Murrumbidgee district, capable of depasturing 4000 to 5000 sheep, distant from Glenroy about 80 miles.
The Billibong country is very superior, and during the extensive droughts this station was never without water. It is in the immediate vicinity of the stations of Messrs. R. Campbell, Sherwin, and Osborne.
The improvements consist of the following: An excellent shingled cottage, floored, and exceedingly comfortable, containing four rooms, large wool shed, shingled and floored, and sawn gratings for sheep pens, sheep yards, and hurdles.
This is an excellent fattening run, and can be confidently recommended.
Mr. Mort begs to call the attention of parties to the sale of these valuable stations, so well situated to command the southern and Sydney markets. The luxuriant spring of vegetation at this season of the year renders the possession of them a valuable acquisition to parties on the look-out for good fattening runs for poor stock, from whence the stock could be drafted as required, before the commencement of winter, and a handsome profit be made.
Terms at sale. 2350

TO BUILDERS and OTHERS.
Brick-built Stores
Wooden Stores.
Day of Sale, WEDNESDAY, October 26.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, on the ground, Bon Accord Wharf, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, 26th October, at half-past 2 o'clock,
The whole of the material of a recently erected BRICK-BUILT STORE, on the Bon Accord Wharf, as also of a WOODEN SHED adjoining the above, and standing on the line of Pitt-street, now about to be extended direct to the Queen's Wharf.
Terms at sale. 1836

1500 HEAD OF CATTLE.
Cunderang Station—M'Leay River.
Day of Sale TUESDAY, 1st November.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, the 1st November, at 11 o'clock,
1500 HEAD OF MIXED CATTLE, running at Cunderang Station, on the M'Leay River, in the New England District, distant 60 miles from Armidale, and 60 miles from the shipping port of Kempsey. It is capable of depasturing 2000 head, being well grassed and well watered, the run being intersected with several creeks as well as the Cunderang, running into the M'Leay.
The cattle, consisting of a mixed herd, are of the Segenhoe breed, crossed by the Durham cattle of the Australian Agricultural Company; and the herd contains a fair proportion of cattle fit for the market.
The IMPROVEMENTS consist of
Three huts
Large stock yard, to hold 2000 head, with drafting yards complete.
A milking yard and small stock yard, to hold 500 head.
A cultivation paddock, with a crop of growing wheat, and a horse paddock.
The following requisites will be given in:—
One dray and four bullocks.
6 stock horses.
Farming and fencing implements.
Terms at sale. 896

VALUABLE COUNTRY PROPERTIES.
Day of Sale, FRIDAY, 4th November.

MR. MORT has received instructions from the manager and directors of the British and Colonial Bank and Loan Company to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 4th November next, at 11 o'clock,
The following country properties.—
SCONE,
LOTS 1 TO 3.
Lot 1.—3 acres, being allotment No. 1, of section 6, with a frontage of feet 330 to Orthes-street, and 265 feet to Kingdon-street.
Lot 2.—Two acres, being allotments No. 5, of section 6, with a frontage of 330 feet to Orthes-street, and 264 feet to Liverpool-street.
Lot 3.—2 roods, being lot 15 of section 4, with a frontage of 66 feet to Liverpool-street.
The township of Scone is on the Great Northern Road, about ten miles above Muswellbrook, and has a church, parsonage, police, and post offices, with extensive stores. The above allotments are well worthy the attention of parties on the look-out for a site for a residence, with extensive garden and cultivation ground in the midst of a pretty township,
WELLINGTON.
LOTS 4 TO 6.
Lot 4.—697 acres in the Wellington district, with extensive frontage to Gurragurrack Creek, in the west, on the upper road from Summer Hill to Wellington, by way of Finch's sheep stations.
Lot 5.—1257 acres, in the Wellington district, with a frontage to Stony Creek, and adjoining the 640 acres purchase of C. F. Warne, close to the high road from Summer Hill to Wellington.
Lot 6.—1172 acres in the Wellington district, with a frontage to Bell River, at its confluence with Weandra Creek, and adjoining the properties of Messrs, Finch, Zouch, and Warne.
It is a well known fact that no part of the colony can exceed the Wellington district for good land and healthy stations, and the agricultural capabilities of that district has caused the establishment of a steam mill at no great distance from these blocks of land now offered for sale.
There is no doubt whatever that when we have a greater amount of labour, gold will be extensively found; for it must be borne in mind that M'Gregor, the shepherd, made the first discovery years ago, and so cautiously produced his secret wealth that the particular spot has never transpired; it was also in this district that the Rev. W. B. Clarke discovered the first nugget, in 1842, which he laid before the Executive Council, and has still in his possession.
ILLAWARRA.
LOTS 7 TO 12.
Lot 7.—51 acres 0 roods 32 perches, at Dapto, late Edye's, and adjoining the properties of Messrs. Simpson, Fry, and Harris; about 2½ miles from the road leading from Kiama to Wollongong.
Lot 8.—300 acres, at Woniora Point, Bulli, with sea frontage, and watered by a chain of ponds. The road to Appin passes through this property; it is bounded by the properties of Messrs. Christison and Cuffe. This farm has improvements thereon.
Lot 9.—100 acres, situated at the Point, south of Lot 8, and bounded on three sides by Cuffe's 300 acres, and on the east by the ocean.
Lot 10.—50 acres, with a frontage of about 13 chains to the ocean; bounded on the north by Mr. Brennan's 60 acres, and on the west by Colonel Leahy's 2000 acres.
Lot 11.—50 acres, adjoining the above, and bounded by Lot 10 on the north side, Colonel Leahy's property on the south and west, and the ocean on the east.
Lot 12.—1½ acres, adjoining the township of Wollongong, and between that and the Boat Harbour, close to the Police Office, and boun

RECEIVED, ex Indianola.—Bacon, Beans, and Tapioca, and for sale by F. W. CLARKE AND CO., 6, Jamison-street. 3761

SALES BY AUCTION.

KING-STREET Auction Mart. — Sales by public auction and private treaty daily; new and second hand furniture bought and sold; cash advanced on goods for immediate sale; out sales punctually attended to.
1691 J. M. HUGHES, Auctioneer.

King-street Auction Mart.

MR. J. M. HUGHES will sell by public auction, a valuable assortment of Household Furniture and sundries, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 11 o'clock,
Terms, cash.—No reserve. 3813

MARTIN'S Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street. Regular Sale Days—Tuesdays and Fridays. All parties sending Horses or other Stock for sale, are particularly requested to send written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualifications, and if with or without reserve.

SHAFT and LEADING CART HARNESS.
MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday, October 25, at 11 o'clock,
12 sets English-made leading and shaft cart harness, of superior manufacture. 3818

"TOMMY."
A handsome bay cob.
MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday, October 25, at 11 o'clock,
"Tommy," a bay cob, with black points; undoubtedly the handsomest cob in Sydney, and fully up to fifteen stone. 3817

TUESDAY'S GENERAL SALE.
MR. C. MARTYN will sell by auction, at the Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday, 25th October, at 11 o'clock,
"Tommy," a very handsome and compact bay cob, up to 15 stone
"Bob," a dark-grey phaeton or gig horse
Some very excellent draught horses
Ditto well-broken gig and saddle ditto
And a variety of other serviceable horses
Also
Twelve sets English-made shaft and leading cart harness
One furniture spring van
Two travelling vans or carts
Several sets of gig harness
One tilted spring waggon
Saddles, whips, &c. 3820

"BOB," a first-rate well-broken Phaeton, Gig, or Carriage Horse.
MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday, 25th October, at 11 o'clock,
"Bob," a dark-grey horse, black points, rising six years old; a first rate phaeton, gig, or carriage horse, and perfectly quiet in saddle. 3819

WOOLLER'S HORSE REPOSITORY, George-street, opposite the Police Office. Established 1853,—under the new rules. No charge made at this Repository for putting up horses, &c., for sale by auction.
Mr. S. WOOLLER will sell by public auction, every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 11 o'clock each day.
N.B.—All horses, &c., sold, the owners can have their money immediately after the sale.

MR. SAMUEL WOOLLER will sell by auction, at the Bull's Head Horse Repository, on WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock,
40 head of young horses, just arrived from the country.
15 heavy draught horses, from Scone, all warranted and subject to trial
25 ditto from the Murrumbidgee.
They are now on view at the Repository. 1354

TO SADDLERS, GENERAL DEALERS, AND OTHERS.
MR. H. D. COCKBURN has received instructions from Mr. Hamilton to sell by auction, THIS MORNING, 25th October, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, 328, Pitt-street (next to Mr. Newton's Sale Yard),
The whole of his well-selected stock-in-trade, consisting of hunting saddles, side saddles, gig harness, silver and brass mounted; spring cart harness, pelham snaffle bridles, bits, girths, hobbles, stirrup irons, leathers, handsome mounted whips, spurs, saddle-bags, valises, sponges, brushes, curry-combs, patent belts, and 20 dozen of English pig-skins, and the usual stock of saddlery.
Also
Glass cases in shop, horsehair chairs, cane-bottom ditto, sofa, cheffonier, bedsteads, work tables, shop fixtures, large sun blind and poles, kitchen utensils.
Terms, cash.—No reserve. 3228

Colt's Revolvers
Dean and Adams' Ditto
Pistols, &c.
Nails, Ironmongery, &c.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
22 Colt's 5 inch revolvers, complete
18 ditto 8 inch ditto, Navy size
4 Dean and Adams' ditto, in cases
6 four barrel ditto
10 two barrel ditto
120 pistols, different sizes and make
25 kegs nails, tool chests, fryingpans
Parliament hinges, butt hinges, scissors
Cutlery and other ironmongery
Terms at sale. 3589

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the residence of Mr. Allan, Macquarie-street South, near Lyon's-terrace, on FRIDAY next, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of his household furniture, &c., comprising
Horsehair sofas
Dining room chairs and sofas
Cane bottom ditto
Cheffoniers, cupboards
Dining and other tables
Carpets, stair ditto and rods
Chests of drawers
Bedroom furniture
Kitchen utensils, &c.
Terms, cash. 3814

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
MR. H. A. GRAVES has received instructions from Mr. Riley, who is about leaving the colony for England, to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 25th October at half-past 10 o'clock, on the premises, No 42, Elizabeth-street South, corner of Goulburn-street, without reserve,
A quantity of household furniture and effects, comprising, 3 chests of drawers, 9 tables, 4 cedar four-post bedsteads, 3 iron ditto, sofas, cane and wood-seated chairs, meat safes, cupboards, 5 glass cases, large bureau, counter, scales and weights, 2 clocks, time piece, 30 pictures, tea canisters, beds, mattresses, pillows, bedding, kitchen utensils, and large lot of other goods too numerous to enumerate.
Terms, cash. 3641

NEW ZEALAND TIMBER.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at the Phœnix Wharf, on WEDNESDAY next, October 26, at 11 o'clock precisely.
14,400 feet of timber, just landed, ex Ann, from New Zealand.
Terms at sale. 3585

IRON BEDSTEADS.
On account of whom it may concern.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George street, THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock, for the benefit of whom it may concern,
E in diamond I.
6-45 40 bundles, each 5 patent folding bedsteads
More or less damaged by sea water
Terms, cash. 249

Postponed from Yesterday, in consequence of the weather.
THE MESSRS. MOORE will sell THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock, at the Mart, Labour Bazaar,
Household Furniture, comprising every requisite for furnishing, crockery, glass, and cooking utensils, &c., &c.
Also
Carts, drays, glass, &c.
Publican's fixtures
Oil cloth
Cooking apparatus
Kitchen range
With numerous other sundry goods.
Terms, cash. 3840

TUESDAY, October 25.
To Grocers, Wine Merchants, and others.
Prime Irish Mess Pork.
Herrings, in barrels.
Dutch Cheese.
Prime Hyson skin Tea.
Port and Sherry, in wood and bottle.
PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock,
25 Barrels prime Belfast pork
5 Ditto herrings
24 Chests hyson skin tea
4 Ditto congou tea
20 Dozen prime port wine
6 Dozen sherry ditto
2 Quarter-casks port
2 Ditto ditto sherry.
Terms at sale. 3448

TUESDAY, 25th October.
Workboxes, Tracaddies
German Silver Spoons
Razors, Pocket Cutlery
Rosewood Workboxes
Sets Table Knives and Forks, in cases and dozens.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT have received instructions from the Importers to sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, the 25th October, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
1 Case—
Plated cruet frames, 4, 6, 7 holes
Ditto candlesticks, 9, 10, 12 inch
1 Case—
Mahogany tea caddies, 8 and 9 inch
Boxes knives, 50 pieces in a set
Jenny Lind, side, and dressing combs
1 Case—
German-silver dessert spoons, forks, gravy spoons, table spoons, sugar tongs, guards
1 Case—
Scissors, razors, pocket cutlery, &c.
1 Case—
Rosewood workboxes, 10, 12, 14 inch
Ditto tea caddies, 9, 11 inch
Sets table knives and forks, 50 pieces
Bastard tooth combs, 3 inch, 3¼.
Terms at sale. 3447

THIS DAY.
5 Cases Round Box Matches.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by public auction, at their Mart, No. 451, George-street, THIS DAY, at twelve o'clock,
5 cases, each 50 gross, round box matches.
Terms at sale. 3836

TUESDAY, 25th October
Brushware
Gold Jewellery and Watches
Fancy goods
Rosewood Work Boxes
Just landed per John Sugars.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Printed cashmere squares
Scarf shawls
Waterproof coats and leggings
Mahogany dressing glasses, 7 by 5
GOLD JEWELLERY, WATCHES,
Gold rings
Gold watches
Silver hunting watches
Ladies' gold bracelets
Leather belts and fittings
Plated snuffers and trays
Side combs
Pocket cutlery
Fancy dress opera ties
Life preservers, loaded sticks
Hair brushes, assorted
Shoe and scrubbing brushes
Broom heads, 4, 5, 6, 7
Rosewood work boxes, 9 by 10 inches
Backgammon boards
Accordeons, 11½ and 12½ notes
Ivory and Jenny Lind combs
Terms, cash. 3650

WEDNESDAY, 26th October
TO WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, AND OTHERS.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by public auction, at their Mart, No. 451, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at twelve o'clock.
Device, pebble, and plated brooches
Box and glass ditto
Enamelled malachite ditto
Plated lockets, ladies' gold rings
Best lunette watch glasses
Gold spade and moon hand
Geneva and lever main springs
Electro-plated guards, hair mounted guards
Gents' signet rings
Blue steel spectacles, shirt studs
Terms, cash. 3838

Unavoidably postponed to WEDNESDAY, October 26.
Choice Building Allotment, at Mount Lachlan, just at Redfern, fronting Sydney Common-street.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 451, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, October 26, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The western half of lot No. 6, of the Mount Lachlan Estate, occupying a most desirable position, being a compact level piece of land, free of loose sand, situate between Room's and Fagan's houses, having 22 feet frontage to Sydney Common-street (which is a street upwards of 60 feet wide), by a depth of 109 feet, the allotment being nearly all fenced-in with a paling fence, and plenty of excellent water close at hand.
☞ The unparalleled scarcity of dwelling-houses in the city and its vicinity ought to draw particular attention to this spot as a desirable site for buildings, its distance being trivial and the locality healthy, whilst for convenience of access and beauty of surrounding scenery it cannot be surpassed.
Terms, one-half cash deposit, the residue on completion of the conveyance. 1342

WEDNESDAY, 26th October.
To Fancy Ware Dealers.
7 CASES MERCHANDISE, ex Olbers.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 12 o'clock,
8 Cases, containing
Powder flasks, pistol flasks
Bone handle knives and forks
Cedar penholders
Jockey riding whips
Carters' whips, 4 and 5 feet
Pocket cutlery, dagger whips
1 Case—
Standard works and novels
1 Case—
Gent's dressing cases
Fancy pipes, ladies' toilette glasses
Whalebone riding whips
Concertinas, magic lanterns
Dressed dolls, dominoes
1 Case—
Combs, portemonnaies, brushes, dressing cases
1 Case—
Lavender water and perfumery
Terms, cash. 3839

WEDNESDAY, 26th OCTOBER.
15 CASES CUT WINES, assorted.
To Glassware Dealers and others.
PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at the stores of J. R. Harrison, Esq., Church Hill, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock,
16 cases cut wines, assorted.
Terms at sale. 3835

THURSDAY, 27th October.
To Tobacconists, Grocers, and Others.
Half-tierces Barrett's Twist Tobacco
Boxes Cavendish
Kegs Dunlop
Cigars
At Pollard's Bonded Stores, Queen's-place.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at Pollard's Bonded Stores, Queen's-place, at half-past 10 o'clock prompt,
15 half-tierces Barrett's twist tobacco
12 boxes Cavendish ditto
30 kegs Dunlop's and lb. tobacco
5 cases cigars
Terms at sale. 3837

YORK-STREET BAZAAR. HORSE AUCTION.
THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 P.M.
MR. JOSEPH HOPKINS reminds purchasers and dealers that he holds a sale every Tuesday and Friday afternoon, to suit the convenience of those who may not be satisfied with the prices at the morning markets.
Draught horses, to stand trial
Hacks
Chaise horses
A gig, horse, and harness, complete
&c. &c. &c.
N.B.—No commission unless a sale be effected.
Cash paid immediately after sale. 3854

To Tobacconists and others.
MANILA CIGARS, No. 2a.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL has been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at the stores of Messrs. Bogue and Company, Pitt-street, nearly opposite the Union Bank, THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Twenty cases, each 10,000 No. 2a Manila Cigars.
Terms at sale. 3467

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE of choice Wines, Champagne, &c., &c.
☞ These wines are very choice, and well worthy the attention of the trade, shippers, and others.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL has been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at the Stores of Messrs. Bogue and Co., Pitt-street (opposite the Union Bank), THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The undermentioned assortment of choice wines, namely,
10 pipes of port wine
10 butts golden sherry
12 butts pale sherry
10 hogsheads ditto ditto
30 quarter-casks ditto
12 cases sparkling moselle
205 cases champagne, each 1 dozen
Terms, liberal.
*** The celebrity that Messrs. Bogue and Co. have attained throughout the colonies for their importations of PURE WINES—the above shipment needs no comment from the auctioneer. 3466

VERY SUPERIOR LONDON-MADE PISTOLS, IN CASES.
Just landed.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL has received instructions from the Importer to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at eleven o'clock precisely.
One case containing the undermentioned, the property of a gentleman recently arrived, namely,
1. Pair of double barrel, under and over action Pistols, with traps in butt, mould, nipple-key, turnscrew, flask, and cleaning apparatus complete, in wainscoat case. T. K. Baker, 88, Fleet-street, London, warranted.
7. Pair of small holster, swivel rod, Pistols, with cleaning and loading apparatus, ladle for casting bullets, in strong mahogany case. J. Blissett, 69, Leadenhall-street, London, warranted.
8. Pair of superior well finished, swivel rod, officer's Regulation Pistols, with belt springs, traps in butt, cleaning and loading apparatus, complete in mahogany case. By Harrington, Regent-street, London, warranted.
9. Brace of first-rate, highly finished, Damascus barrel, Regulation Pistols, with swivel rods, belt springs, traps in butt, extra nipples, powder flask, caps, and all the apparatus for cleaning and loading, in mahogany case. By John Blissett, Leadenhall-street, London, warranted.
10. A strong and serviceable Six-shot Revolver London Proof Pistol, H. Gurney's patent, with extra caps, cleaning and loading apparatus, complete, in strong oak case.
11. Pair of highly finished, London proof, secret trigger, Pocket Pistols, with safety bolts, cleaning and loading apparatus, nipple key, caps, &c., in a strong mahogany case, by Parker, Field, and Co., High Holborn, London, warranted.
12. Brace of superior Regulation Pocket Pistols, with traps in butt, powder flask, nipple key, mould, caps, and all the necessary apparatus, in strong oak case, by Harrington, Regent-street, London, warranted.
13. A very superior Double-barrel Swivel Rod Pocket Pistol, with percussion caps, and all the apparatus complete, in strong mahogany case, by Burnett, Southampton, warranted.
14. An unusually well finished double-barrel Pocket Pistol, with swivel rod, and safety bolts, bullet mould, nipple key, oil bottle, powder flask, percussion caps, turnscrew, &c., in compact mahogany case, by Blanks, Rochford, warranted.
15. Brace of capital double-barrel under and over action, safety bolt, Pocket Pistols, with percussion caps, loading and cleaning apparatus, complete, in strong mahogany case, by Clarke, Crewkerne, warranted.
17. Pair of excellent secret trigger, safety bolt, Pocket Pistols, with traps in butt, and all the apparatus for cleaning loading, &c., with extra caps, in a capital brass-bound mahogany case, by Samuel Nock, London, warranted.
18. Brace of very superior swivel rod, medium size holster Pistols, with all the requisite apparatus, complete in mahogany case, by Harrington, Regent-street, London, warranted.
Terms, cash. 3843

The only Novelty in the Colony!
DACIAN PAPER HANGINGS.
☞ This shipment is the first that has reached the colony, and as the Importer is to be the sole Consignee, the public are assured that the sale will be imperative.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL has received instructions from the importers to sell by public auction at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, 26th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
DN over E. 23 to 26,
Four cases containing
One thousand pieces of Dacian paper hangings, very elegant, and quite a new article.
Terms at sale. 3841

BOOTS! BOOTS!!
MR. WILLIAM DEAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, THIS DAY, 25th October, at 11 o'clock,
Forty cases, comprising a splendid assortment of
Gentlemen's best dressed wellingtons
Ditto high pegged ditto
Ditto patent elastic side-ankle boots
Ditto albert boots
Ditto patent goloshed bluchers
Ditto enamelled ditto
Ditto patent ditto
Boys' wellingtons
Youths' ditto
Ditto and boys' bluchers
Terms at sale. 3272

Damaged BOOTS and SHOES.
On account of whom it may concern.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, THIS DAY, October 25, at half-past 10 o'clock,
1 Trunk, containing
30 pairs women's double sole leather boots
1 Trunk, containing
21 pairs women's double soled leather boots
36 pairs children's leather lace boots
24 pairs colonial ditto
1 Trunk, containing
18 pairs men's calf lace shoes
12 ditto ditto bluchers
6 ditto ditto enamelled walking pumps
12 ditto women's double sole goloshed
12 ditto children's patent shoes
54 ditto ditto lace boots
Terms, cash. 3664

BOOTS AND SHOES.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, THIS DAY, the 25th October, at 11 o'clock precisely,
33 packages boots and shoes,
Now landing,
Consisting of
Men's nailed Blucher boots
Ditto sprigged ditto
Ditto high back ditto
Ditto Clarence ditto
Gents' Wellington boots
Ditto light calf ditto
Ditto light walking shoes
Ditto elastic walking ankle shoes
Ditto patent leather boots
Ladies' lasting boots
Ditto patent leather ditto
Ladies' patent leather pumps
Ladies' cordovan ditto
Boys' and youths' boots and shoes, assorted
Children's boots and shoes, an excellent assortment
Four dozen light calfskins.
Terms at sale. 2734

F. LISSARK, Auctioneer, will sell THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at Moore's Wharf,
Several lots of passengers' cabins and bed berths, with a lot of water casks, from the barque Gipsy Queen. By order of Captain Charles Barras.
Sale commences at 2 o'clock,
Terms, cash. 3693

SALMON.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, 25th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
94 barrels salmon
Just landed.
Terms at sale. 3632

TO TOBACCONISTS.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, 25th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
45 boxes } prime American tobacco
5 cases }
3 cases Manila cigars
16 boxes pipes
Terms at sale. 3634

TO SOAP MAKERS.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
12 casks oil soap
Terms at sale. 3633

TO IRONMONGERS.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, 25th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Kent hammers, gimlets
Sash fasteners, fine plate locks
Masons' and garden trowels
Carpenters' augers, cast steel hoes
Steel hayforks, scythes
Sheaths and belts, knapsack belts
Tinned iron miners' dippers
10 to 14 lb. counter scales
Weighing machines, and cheesemongers' scales
Pillar scales in boxes, apothecaries' scales.
Terms at sale. 3630

GOLD LEVER WATCHES.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Tuesday, the 25th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
A gold lever hunting watch, jewelled in ten holes
17 alberts.
Terms, cash. 3858

CURRANTS, HAMS, BUTTER.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
20 casks Patras currants
5 hogsheads hams
3 cases } butter, in jars
2 casks }
Terms at sale. 3452

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, FRUITS, &c.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
90 Casks superior Sherry, just landed, and selected at Cadiz expressly for this market,
10 Hogsheads dark brandy
2 Ditto pale ditto
50 Cases pale brandy
8 Octaves brandy
8 Quarter casks claret
50 Cases ditto St. Julien
100 Ditto ditto Pamillac
60 Ditto ditto St. Julien
60 Ditto ditto Margeaux
40 Ditto ditto champagne
30 Cases fruits in brandy
20 Ditto liqueurs.
Terms at sale. 3449

JAVA RICE.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock,
884 bags Java rice.
Terms at sale, 3859

IMPORTANT SALE OF FRENCH GOODS
Just landed ex Mathilde.
Wines, Brandy, Liqueurs, Perfumery, Furniture, Candles, Pickles, Confectionary, Preserves, &c., &c.
MR. C. NEWTON has received instructions from Messrs. Flower, Salting, and Co., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on MONDAY, 31st instant, at 11 o'clock,
The following goods, which are all landed, in brautiful order, and will be sold to the highest bidder. The sale will be in the same order as this advertisement.
1 case sardines, 200 boxes each
5 ditto ditto, 100 ditto
1 ditto pasties, with and without truffles
Preserved peas in tins
150 cases superior olive oil, 1 dozen each
10 ditto vermicelli
6 ditto maccaroni
75 ditto 1 dozen each assorted pickles, olives, and capers
8 ditto 1 ditto prunes Cleuris
2 ditto 1 ditto ditto D'Agen
10 ditto 1 ditto comfits
50 ditto 1 ditto fruits in syrup
10 ditto mottled blue soap
500 ditto 10 lb. each composition candles
12 ditto assorted perfumery
24 dozen chairs, very handsome
4 ditto arm chairs, ditto
1 case 20 dozen wide-awake hats
2 ditto ladies' boots and white satin shoes
10 quarter-casks Madeira
12 hogsheads Rousillon red wine
30 cases claret Medoc, 3 dozen each
200 ditto ditto Lamalgue, 1 ditto
20 ditto ditto Lakose, 1846, 3 ditto
20 ditto ditto Chateau Margaux, 1844, 1 ditto
10 ditto Sauterne, 3 ditto
20 ditto Burgundy, 3 ditto
100 baskets champagne, St. Peray, 1 ditto
25 cases ditto, Chanomi rose, 21-12 ditto
25 ditto ditto, ditto Blanc 21-12 ditto
25 ditto assorted liqueurs, 1 ditto
10 ditto Curaçoa, very superior in large stone bottles
10 ditto Maraschino, ditto, 1 dozen cases
25 ditto Copenhagen cherry brandy, 2 ditto
400 ditto cognac, 1 ditto
400 ditto ditto, 1 ditto
Terms at sale. 5g3

TORTOISE SHELLS.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Ex cutter Oberon, Captain Truscott,
1800 lbs. superior tortoise shell.
Terms at sale. 3488

NEW WALNUTS.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
179 bags walnuts
Just arrived, in excellent condition.
Terms at sale. 3632

Superior Perfumery, Hair, Tooth, and Nail Brushes, &c.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, October 25, at 11 o'clock,
Four cases superior Perfumery, consisting of
Assorted essences
Hair oils
Pomades, in fancy pots
Bandoline, philocome
Eau de Cologne, in fancy and wicker covered bottles
Toilet soaps, best description
Best quality tooth, hair, and nail brushes, &c.
Terms at sale. 3829

Second-hand Grand Pianoforte, by Broadwood and Sons.
Concertina, by Rock Chidley.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, October 25th, at 11 o'clock,
A second-hand grand pianoforte, by Broadwood and Sons, 6½ octaves, &c.
A superior concertina, by Rock Chidley, London.
Terms, cash. 3830

BIRD'S PATENT HYDROSTATIC SYPHON WATER PURIFIER.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A case of Bird's celebrated patent hydrostatic syphon water purifiers.
☞ This instrument, which is self-acting and self cleansing, is externally pure white metal, as brilliant and durable as silver, and is but four inches in diameter, and ten inches high. To set it in action, it only requires to be dropped into the water, and the pipe hung down inside. It purifies rain, river, tank, pond, or pump water, however dirty, the water retaining all the atmospheric air on which the freshness of the taste depends, and is particularly recommended in all cases where a never failing supply of good water is desired.
Terms at sale. 3831

Wellington Folding Chairs
Garden and Bedroom Chairs.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Three cases Wellington folding chairs
Two ditto garden chairs
One ditto bedroom ditto.
Terms, cash. 3833

Papier Mâché Tables and Portfolio
Baxter's Oil Pictures
Best quality Needles
Dressing Glasses
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Handsome inlaid papier mâché tables and portfolios
Baxter's oil pictures, in elegant frames
Best quality needles, assorted
British-plate dressing glasses
Terms at sale. 3832

Remaining unsold portion of the Stock-in-Trade of Mr. John Keary, Coachbuilder, &c.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on FRIDAY, October 28, at eleven o'clock,
The remaining Stock-in-Trade, consisting of
Superior carriage and venetian cloth
Enamelled hides
Morocco skins
Handsome plated mounted carriage lamps
Plated and brass carriage handles
Scroll end and elliptic springs
Cart springs
Mail phaeton axles, 1¾, 1¾, 1¼, 1⅜
Drops for hoops
Cut jacks
Drop black
Sugar of lead
Patent yellow, ultramarine, Chinese vermillion, and other sundries.
Terms at sale. 3834

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and PIANOFORTE.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions from Mr. William Pickering to sell by public auction, at his residence, Woolloomooloo street, opposite Mr. Donovan's, THIS DAY, 25th October, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the Household Furniture and other effects, comprising
Cheffoniers
Loo tables
Dining and other tables
Rosewood and mahogany chairs
Cheffoniers
Couches
Square pianoforte, by Clementi
Handsome French rosewood bedstead, on rollers, with palliasses, &c., complete
Iron bedsteads
Dressing tables, washstands
Towel horses, dressing glasses
Commode
Carpets
Fenders and fireirons
Window curtains, blinds, &c.
Also
Kitchen utensils, &c., &c.
Terms, cash. 3233

IRON BEDSTEADS, MATTRESSES, Horsehair, &c.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 27th October, at 11 o'clock.
Five cases, comprising
Ninety iron bedsteads, 4 feet 6 inches
Ninety flock mattresses, ditto
Four tons prime curled horsehair, &c.. &c.
Terms at sale. 3810

SEMI-CABINET PIANOFORTES.
Just landed.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 27th October, at 12 o'clock,
Two very superior rosewood semi-cabinet pianofortes, by Holderness and Holderness, 6¾ octaves, highly finished, and with all the latest improvements.
Terms at sale.
☞ To parties wanting a really first-class instrument the above is an opportunity rarely to be met with. 3811

DEAN, ADAMS, AND DEAN'S REVOLVERS.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on SATURDAY, the 29th October, at 11 o'clock,
Four cases of
Dean, Adams, and Dean's Revolvers, in first-rate condition.
Terms at sale. 3807

PHAETONS, GIGS, DOG-CARTS, HARNESS, &c.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, in the Yard behind Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on SATURDAY, the 29th October, at half-past 10 o'clock,
A quantity of
Very handsome phaetons
Ditto gigs
Ditto dog-carts
Chaise harness, plated and brass
Gig ditto ditto ditto
Terms at sale.
☞ The attention of livery-stable keepers and the public generally is directed to the above unreserved sale. 3809

ELEGANT WALNUT-WOOD CHEFFONIERS.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 27th October, at 11 o'clock,
Two most elegant walnut-wood cheffoniers, with marble tops, carved and plate-glass backs, plate-glass doors, panels, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.
☞ The attention of private gentlemen, the trade, and others, is particularly directed to the above, which are certainly, without exaggeration, the most splendid articles ever yet imported into this colony—the carving of both being of the most elaborate description. Parties wishing to purchase are particularly invited to inspect them at the Rooms of the Auctioneer, where they are now on view. 3808

TEN CASES BOOKS, THEOLOGICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.
Just landed.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 28th of October, at half-past two o'clock P.M.,
HP½—
Ten Cases of very valuable books, comprising Valentine Vox, Christopher Tadpole, London Bridge (by Ainsworth), Pickwick Abroad, Arabian Tales, Don Quixote, Mythology, Life of Christ, United States, Soldier's Progress, Sailor's ditto, Picture Gallery, Tables for the Young, Old Sailor's Jolly Boat, Robinson Crusoe, Gulliver's Travels, Vicar of Wakefield, Juvenile Museum, Sterne's Sentimental Journey, Asmodeus, Life of Wellington, Heads of the People, Telemachus, Priceless Pearls, Woman's Love, Combe Abbey, Boswell's Life of Johnson, English Songs, Mormons, Babes of Heaven, Dumas' Travels, Huck's ditto, Mackay's Popular Delusions, Pope's Iliad and Odyssey, Walton's Angler, Lives of Washington, Napoleon, and Wellington, &c.
Terms at sale.
☞ Catalogues will be ready at the Rooms of the Auctioneer on the afternoon of Thursday, the 27th. 3812

VALUABLE COUNTRY AND SUBURBAN PROPERTIES.
Date of Sale, TUESDAY, 25th October.
MR. MORT has received instructions from the Manager and Directors of the British and Colonial Bank and Loan Company to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the 25th October, at 11 o'clock, The following valuable properties—

BOTANY SWAMP,
LOTS 1 to 7.

	A.	R.	P.
Lot 1.—	2	0	0
2.—	2	0	10
3.—	1	3	8
4.—	5	3	26
5.—10	1	35	
6.—	2	0	16
7.—	2	0	16

The whole of these blocks join each other, and are bounded by the Botany Bay road and two reserved roads. They adjoin the properties of Messrs. Hatfield and Hollingshed.

LOT 8.
COOK'S RIVER.
5A. 0R. 31P. of Land on Cook's River, and adjoining the Government road at the Timber Bridge. On this property is erected a
WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE,
with six rooms, kitchen and out-offices; there is abundance of fresh water, and the land is principally laid out as a
GARDEN AND ORCHARD.
This property has a large frontage to Cook's River, and much of the soil is adapted for market gardening, which is about as lucrative an occupation as can be followed by an industrious man.
The vicinity to Sydney renders this a desirable residence for a man of business.

LOTS 9 to 12.
COOK'S RIVER.
Lot 9, 100 acres, more or less, adjoining the present or late properties of Messrs. Smart and Woolley, with a frontage to Cook's River of about 20 chains.
Lot 10, 100 acres, more or less, adjoining the above, with a frontage to Cook's River, and about 10 chains.
Lot 11, 100 acres, more or less, adjoining the above, with a frontage to Cook's River of about 12 chains.
Lot 12, 100 acres, more or less, adjoining the above, and bounded by Woolli Creek.
*** The above farms are situated between Cook's River and Woolli Creek, and are in a first-rate locality for market gardens. The attention of the numerous enquirers after small farms is particularly directed to this sale.

LOT 13,
UNDERCLIFF, COOK'S RIVER.
40 acres, more or less, known originally as Thorpe's property, with a large frontage to Cook's River. The improvements on this property comprise
A FAMILY HOUSE,
presently occupied by William Perry, Esq., Official Assignee. Also, LARGE PADDOCK, cleared, VINEYARD and ORCHARD.
*** This is a nice property, at a convenient distance from Sydney, with good cultivation land, and valuable orchard and garden.

LOT 14,
CAMPBELLTOWN.
100 acres, more or less, adjoining the Glebe land. This lot is well watered, and adjoins the properties of Messrs. Foley, M'Donald, Tindall, and others. It was formerly occupied by Mr. Hammond, and the improvements comprise a COTTAGE, Garden, and cleared land.
This is a nice handy farm, and capital homestead in a fine agricultural district.
☞ Mr. Mort begs to call the attention of capitalists to this important sale of country and suburban properties.
Plans on view at the rooms.
Terms of payment: One third cash deposit; residue by bills at 6 and 9 months, bearing interest at 7½ per cent.
Should the balance of the purchase money exceed £500 after payment of the deposit, purchasers will have the option of allowing the same to remain on mortgage of the property for three years at 7½ per cent. interest.
N.B.—The terms of sale must be strictly complied with, and the bills for two-thirds of the purchase-money must be given to the auctioneer immediately after the sale. It will be open to purchasers to pay the whole amount of their purchase-money in cash, if tendered within a month, in which case the bills will be given up and no interest charged, but after that period no rebate of interest will be allowed. 81

HOUSE AND LAND IN GOULBURN-STREET, ADJOINING SHIPMAN'S HOTEL,
At the corner of George-street and Goulburn-street.
DAY OF SALE, TUESDAY, 25th October.
MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the 25th October, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Lot 1.
A BLOCK OF LAND,
Having a frontage to Goulburn-street of 22 feet 8 inches, by a depth of 13 feet 6 inches. On a portion of this block, say about 17 feet 2 inches, in Goulburn-street, by the above depth, is erected a portion of
SHIPMAN'S HOTEL,
including the entrance way to the yard, a part of the lower room and a large portion of the long room above.
Lot 2.
A WEATHERBOARD HOUSE
In Goulburn-street, being the first building on the east end of Shipman's Hotel, containing 3 rooms, with kitchen attached.
THE OUT-OFFICES
Consist of a two-stall stable and gig-house, in the yard, to which access is had by a gateway between the house and Shipman's Hotel.
WATER LAID ON.
The above property is let to a weekly tenant at 40s. per week, but would command a higher rental.
A plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale. 665

SALES BY AUCTION, to come off at MORT'S Rooms, THIS DAY, TUESDAY, October 25, at 11 o'clock,
Small Farms, Botany Swamp
Four Farms, Cook's River, 100 Acres each
Capital Cottage and five Acres Cook's River